CAMBRIDGE

SECOND EDITION

# LOUCHSTONE

STUDENT'S BOOK

MICHAEL MCCARTHY

JEANNE MCCARTEN

HELEN SANDIFORD



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## Touchstone Level 1 Contents and learning outcomes

		Language				
	Learning outcomes	Grammar	Vocabulary	Pronunciation		
Unit 1 All about you pages 1–10	Say hello and good-bye Introduce yourself Ask for, give, and spell names Use the verb be with I, we, and you Exchange email addresses, phone numbers, etc. Complete an application form Ask How about you? Use expressions like Thanks or Thank you	The verb be with I, you, and we in statements, yes-no questions, and short answers  Questions with What's? and answers with It's  Extra practice	Expressions to say hello and good-bye     Numbers 0–10     Personal information     Everyday expressions	<ul> <li>Letters and numbers</li> <li>Email addresses</li> <li>Sounds right</li> <li>Sounds like hi</li> </ul>		
Unit 2 In class pages 11–20	<ul> <li>Ask and say where people are</li> <li>Use be with he, she, and they</li> <li>Talk about things you take to class using a / an</li> <li>Ask about things using this and these</li> <li>Ask where things are in a classroom</li> <li>Say who owns things using possessive 's and s'</li> <li>Ask for help in class</li> <li>Respond to I'm sorry and Thanks</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The verb be with he, she, and they in statements, yes no questions, and short answers</li> <li>Articles a, an, and the</li> <li>This and these</li> <li>Noun plurals</li> <li>Questions with Where?</li> <li>Possessives 's and s'</li> <li>Extra practice</li> </ul>	Personal items Classroom objects Prepositions and expressions of location	Speaking naturally  Noun plural endings Sounds right  Sounds like e in she or a in late		
Unit 3 Favorite people pages 21–30	<ul> <li>Talk about celebrities using my, your. his, her, our. and their</li> <li>Describe people's personalities</li> <li>Ask and answer yes-no questions</li> <li>Say the ages of your family members</li> <li>Ask information questions about family members</li> <li>Show interest in a conversation</li> <li>Say Really? to show interest or surprise</li> </ul>	Possessive adjectives The verb be in statements, yes-no questions, and short answers Information questions with be Extra practice	Types of celebrities Basic adjectives Adjectives to describe personality Family members Numbers 10–101	Speaking naturally  Is he ? or Is she ?  Sounds right  Sounds like s in see or z in zero		
	Checkpoint	Units 1–3 pages 31–	32			
Unit 4 Everyday life pages 33–42	<ul> <li>Describe a typical morning using the simple present</li> <li>Describe weekly routines</li> <li>Ask and answer yes no questions about your week</li> <li>Say more than yes or no to be friendly</li> <li>Say Well to get more time to think</li> <li>Read an article about American habits</li> <li>Write about a classmate for a class website</li> </ul>	Simple present statements, yes-no questions, and short answers  Extra practice	Verbs for everyday activities Days of the week Time expressions for routines	Speaking naturally  sendings of verbs  Sounds right  Sounds like u in study, o in phone, e in get, or a in law		
Unit 5 Free time pages 43–52	<ul> <li>Talk about your free time</li> <li>Ask simple present information questions</li> <li>Say how often you do things</li> <li>Talk about TV shows you like</li> <li>Ask questions in two ways to be clear or not too direct</li> <li>Say I mean to say more or repeat ideas</li> <li>Read an article on technology addicts</li> <li>Email a friend for advice using and and but</li> </ul>	Simple present information questions     Frequency adverbs     Extra practice	Types of TV shows Free-time activities Time expressions for frequency Expressions for likes and dislikes	Speaking naturally  Do you ?  Sounds right  Which o sound is different?		
Unit 6 Neighborhoods pages 53–62	<ul> <li>Say what's in a neighborhood with There's / There are</li> <li>Describe places</li> <li>Tell the time and ask questions with What time?</li> <li>Make suggestions with Let's</li> <li>Say Me too or Me neither to show things in common</li> <li>Say Right or I know to agree</li> <li>Read a guide to New York City</li> <li>Write a city guide using prepositions</li> </ul>	There's and there are Quantifiers Adjectives before nouns Telling time Suggestions with Let's Extra practice	Neighborhood places     Adjectives     Expressions for telling	Speaking naturally  Word stress Sounds right  Which sound vowel sound is different		

			Language	
	Learning outcomes	Grammar	Vocabulary	Pronunciation
Unit 7 Out and about pages 65–74	Describe the weather Talk about ongoing activities with the present continuous Talk about sports and exercise Ask about current activities using the present continuous Ask follow-up questions to keep a conversation going React to news with That's great, That's too bad, etc. Read an article about exergaming Write an article about exercise using imperatives	Present continuous statements, yes-no questions, short answers, and information questions Imperatives Extra practice	Seasons     Weather     Sports and exercise with play, do, and go     Common responses to good and bad news	Speaking naturally Stress and intonation in questions Sounds right Sounds like ou in four or or in word
Unit 8 Shopping pages 75–84	<ul> <li>Talk about clothes</li> <li>Say what you like to, want to, need to, and have to do</li> <li>Talk about accessories</li> <li>Ask about prices using How much ?, this, that, these, and those</li> <li>Take time to think using Uh, Let's see, etc.</li> <li>Use Uh-huh and Oh in responses</li> <li>Read a review of a shopping mall</li> <li>Write a review of a store using because</li> </ul>	Like to, want to, need to, and have to Questions with How much ?; this, these; that, those Extra practice	Clothing and accessories Jewelry Colors Shopping expressions Prices "Time to think" expressions "Conversation sounds"	Speaking naturally  • Want to and have to Sounds right  • Sounds like a in hat
Unit 9 A wide world pages 85-94	<ul> <li>Give sightseeing information with can and can't</li> <li>Talk about international foods, places, and people</li> <li>Say what languages you can speak</li> <li>Explain words using kind of and kind of like</li> <li>Use like to give examples</li> <li>Read a travel website</li> <li>Write a paragraph for a travel website</li> </ul>	Can and can't for ability and possibility     Extra practice	Sightseeing activities     Countries     Regions     Languages     Nationalities	Speaking naturally  • Can and can't  Sounds right  • Sounds like sh in she or ch in child
		Units 7–9 pages 95–	96  • Simple past irregular verbs	Speaking naturally
Unit 10 Busy lives pages 97–106	<ul> <li>Talk about last night using simple past regular verbs</li> <li>Describe the past week using simple past irregular verbs</li> <li>Ask simple past yes-no questions</li> <li>Respond to news with Good for you, etc.</li> <li>Say You did? to show surprise or interest</li> <li>Read about a blogger's week</li> <li>Write a blog about your week, using after, before, when, and then</li> </ul>	Simple past statements, yes-no questions, and short answers  Extra practice	Time expressions for the past Fixed expressions	·ed endings     Sounds right     Sounds like oo in looked,     ou in bought, o in spoke,     or e in left
Jnit 11 ooking back pages 107–116	<ul> <li>Describe past experiences</li> <li>Ask and answer questions using the past of be</li> <li>Talk about vacations</li> <li>Talk about activities with go and get expressions</li> <li>Show interest by answering and then asking a similar question</li> <li>Use Anyway to change the topic or end a conversation</li> <li>Read a funny magazine story</li> <li>Write a story using punctuation for conversations</li> </ul>	Simple past of be in statements, yes-no questions, and short answers Simple past information questions  Extra practice	<ul> <li>Adjectives to describe feelings</li> <li>Expressions with go and get</li> </ul>	Speaking naturally Stress and intonation in questions and answers Sounds right Which vowel sound is different?
Jnit 12 Tabulous food Dages 117–126	<ul> <li>Talk about eating habits using countable and uncountable nouns, How much, and How many</li> <li>Talk about food</li> <li>Make offers using Would you like and some or any</li> <li>Use or something and or anything in lists</li> <li>End yes-no questions with or ? to be less direct</li> </ul>	Countable and uncountable nouns  How much ? and How many ?  Would you like (to) ?  and I'd like (to)	Foods and food groups     Expressions for eating habits     Adjectives to describe restaurants	Speaking naturally  • Would you ? Sounds right  • Syllable stress

Interaction		Sk	ills		Self study
Conversation strategies	Listening	Reading	Writing	Free talk	Vojcabulary noteboōk
<ul> <li>Ask follow-up questions to keep a conversation going</li> <li>React with expressions like That's great! and That's too bad</li> </ul>	That's great!  Listen to people tell you their news and choose a good follow-up question to ask them  Do you enjoy it?  Listen to people talk about exercises they like	Exergoming: Give it a try!  Read an article about exergaming	An article for o health magazine  • Write a short article giving advice about exercise  • Use imperatives to give advice	Find out about your classmotes  Class activity: Learn interesting facts about classmates	Who's doing what? • Write new words in true sentences
<ul> <li>Take time to think using Uh. Um, Well. Let's see, and Let me think</li> <li>Use "sounds" like Uh-huh to show you are listening, and Oh to show your feelings</li> </ul>	Pill toke it.  Listen to conversations in a store, and write the prices of items and which items people buy  Favorite places to shop  Listen to someone talk about shopping, and identify shopping preferences and habits	The Dubai Moll: Shopping, Entertainment, Lifestyle  Read a review of a mall	Favorite places to shop  Write a review for your favorite store  Link ideas with because to give reasons	How do you like to dress?  Group work: Compare ideas about shopping and clothing	Nice outfit! • Label pictures with new vocabulary
<ul> <li>Explain words using a kind of, kind of like, and like</li> <li>Use like to give examples</li> </ul>	International dishes  • Listen to a person talking about international foods, and identify the foods she likes  What language is it from?  • Listen to a conversation, and identify the origin and meaning of words	The Travel Guide Read a travel website	An online travel guide  Write a paragraph for a travel guide  Commas in lists	Where in the world? • Pair work: Discuss where to do various things in the world	People and notions  • Group new vocabulary in two ways
		Checkpoint Units	7–9 pages 95–96		
<ul> <li>Respond with expressions like Good luck, You poor thing, etc.</li> <li>Use You did? to show that you are interested or surprised, or that you are listening</li> </ul>	Good week? Bod week?  • Listen to people talk about their week and respond Guess what I did!  • Listen to voice mail messages about what people did	She said yes!!! • Read Martin's Blog entry	A great day  Write a blog entry  Order events with before, after, when, and then	Yesterday • Pair work: Look at a picture and list what you remember	Ways with verbs  • Write down information about new verbs
<ul> <li>Show interest by answering a question and then asking a similar one</li> <li>Use Anyway to change the topic or end a conversation</li> </ul>	Weekend fun  Listen to conversations about peoples' weekends, and identify main topics and details  Funny stories  Listen to two stories, identify the details, and then predict the endings	How embarrassing! • Read a funny magazine story	He said, she said Complete a funny story Use punctuation to show direct quotations or speech	Guess where I went on vocation.  • Group work: Guess classmates' dream vacations	Post experiences  Use a time chart to log new vocabulary
<ul> <li>Use or something and or anything to make a general statement</li> <li>End yes-no questions with or? to be less direct</li> </ul>	If you wont my advice  Listen to people talking about lunch, and identify what they want; then react to statements  Do you recommend it?  Listen to someone tell a friend about a restaurant and identify important details about it	Restaurant guide     Restaurant descriptions and recommendations	Do you recommend it?  Write a restaurant review  Use adjectives to describe restaurants	Plan a picnic  Group work: Plan a picnic menu and make a shopping list	I love to eat!  Group vocabulary by things you like and don't like

# Useful language for . . .

### **Getting help**

What's the word for "\_\_\_\_\_" in English?

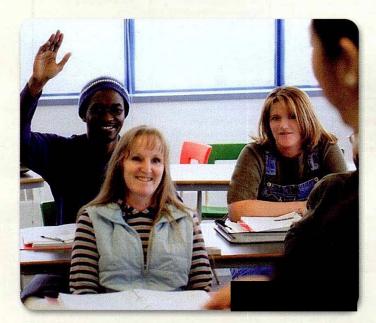
How do you spell "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_"?

What does "\_\_\_\_\_" mean?

I'm sorry. Can you repeat that, please?

Can you say that again, please?

Can you explain the activity again, please?



### Working with a partner

I'm ready. Are you ready?

No. Just a minute.

You go first.

OK. I'll go first.

What do you have for number 1?

I have . . .

Do you want to be A or B?

I'll be A. You can be B.

Let's do the activity again.

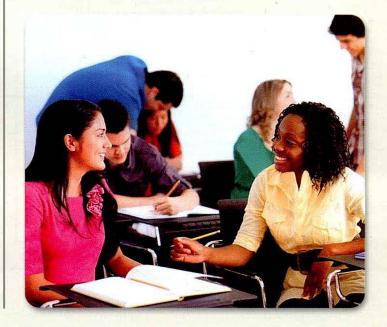
OK. Let's change roles.

That's it. We're finished.

What do we do next?

Can I read your paragraph?

Sure. Here you go.



# All about you

☑ 🛗! In this unit, you learn how to . . .

#### Lesson A

- · Say hello and good-bye
- Introduce yourself

#### Lesson B

· Ask for, give, and spell names

Good night.

1 Bye.

 Use the verb be with I. we, and you

#### Lesson C

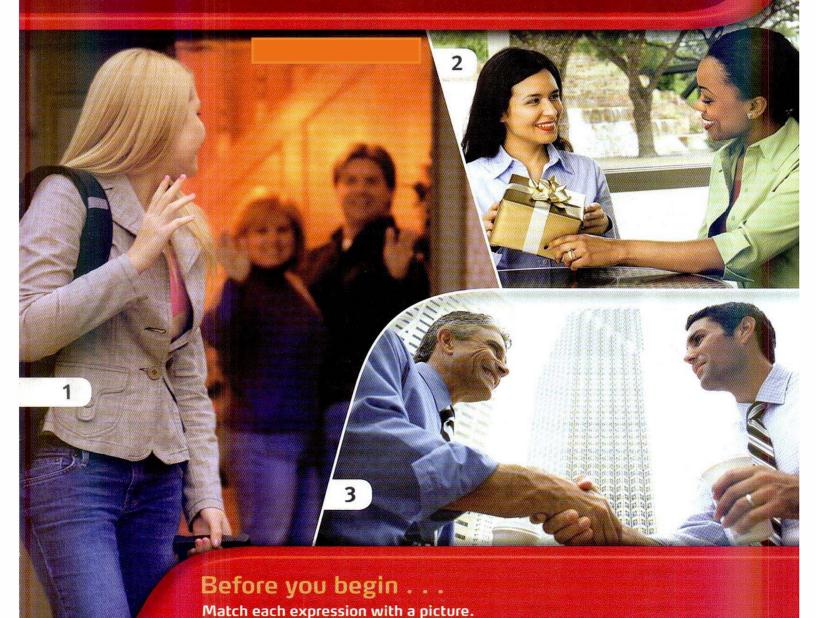
- Exchange email addresses, phone numbers, etc.
- Complete an application form

#### Lesson D

Good morning.

Thank you.

- · Ask How about you?
- Use expressions like Thanks or Thank you



Thanks.

Hello.

Good-bye.

### Hello and good-bye

### Getting started

A Look at the photos. Guess the words in the conversations. Check  $(\checkmark)$  the boxes.

Good-bye.

Hello.

☐ Thanks.

☐ Hi.

Good morning.

**B** • 1.02 Listen. Are Matt and Sarah friends? How about Rob and Sandra? Practice the conversations.



Figure Can you complete these conversations? Use the conversations above to help you. Then practice with a partner. Use your own names.

#### These people are friends:

1. A Hi, Pat. How <u>are</u> you?

B I'm fine. How are you?

A Good, \_\_\_\_\_.

2. A Good \_\_\_\_\_\_, Anna.

B Hi, Dan. \_\_\_\_\_ are you?

A I'm \_\_\_\_\_, thanks.

#### These people meet for the first time:

3. A Hello. \_\_\_\_\_ Chris Evans.

B Hi. I'm Grace Song.

A \_\_\_\_\_\_ to meet you, Grace.

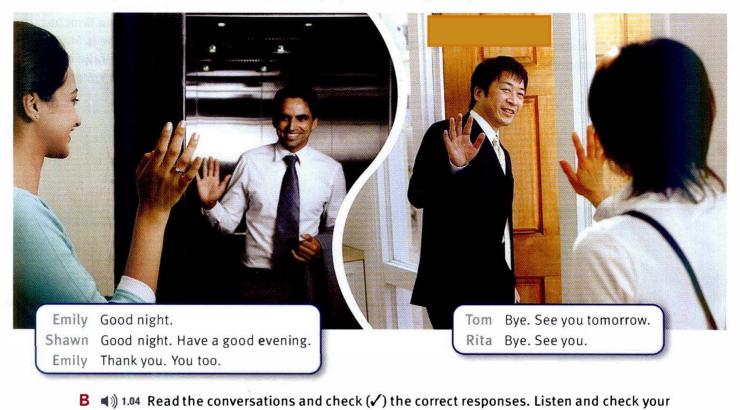
4. A Hello. I'm Sarah.

B Nice to meet \_\_\_\_\_\_. I'm Alan.

A Nice to \_\_\_\_\_ you.

### Building vocabulary

A ■) 1.03 Listen. Are these people saying "hello" or "good-bye"? Practice the conversations.



	answers. Then practice with a pa	rtn	er.		
1.	Good-bye. Have a nice evening.  Thank you. You too. Good, thanks.	3.	See you later.  Thanks. You too.  OK. Have a good day.	5.	Good morning.  Hi. How are you?  Bye. See you.
2.	Hey, Oscar. How are you?  Good, thanks. See you tomorrow.	4.	Hello. I'm Emma.  See you later.  Nice to meet you.	6.	Good night. Have a good weekend.  Good. How are you?  Bye. See you next week.
C			nich expressions mean "h	ello	"? Which expressions mean
	"Hello"		"Good-by	ye"	
				<u>ght</u>	
		<ol> <li>Good-bye. Have a nice evening.         <ul> <li>Thank you. You too.</li> <li>Good, thanks.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Hey, Oscar. How are you?         <ul> <li>Good, thanks.</li> <li>See you tomorrow.</li> </ul> </li> <li>C Look at the conversations above. "good-bye"? Complete the chart.</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Good-bye. Have a nice evening. 3.</li> <li>Thank you. You too.</li> <li>Good, thanks.</li> <li>Hey, Oscar. How are you? 4.</li> <li>Good, thanks.</li> <li>See you tomorrow.</li> </ol> C Look at the conversations above. Where "good-bye"? Complete the chart.	☐ Thank you. You too.       ☐ Thanks. You too.         ☐ Good, thanks.       ☐ OK. Have a good day.         2. Hey, Oscar. How are you?       4. Hello. I'm Emma.         ☐ Good, thanks.       ☐ See you later.         ☐ See you tomorrow.       ☐ Nice to meet you.         C Look at the conversations above. Which expressions mean "h "good-bye"? Complete the chart.         "Hello"       "Good-bye"	<ol> <li>Good-bye. Have a nice evening.</li> <li>Thank you. You too.</li> <li>Good, thanks.</li> <li>Hey, Oscar. How are you?</li> <li>Good, thanks.</li> <li>Gee you later.</li> <li>See you later.</li> <li>Nice to meet you.</li> </ol> C Look at the conversations above. Which expressions mean "hello "good-bye"? Complete the chart.

Vocabulary notebook p. 10

D Class activity Say "hello" and "good-bye" to five classmates using the expressions above.

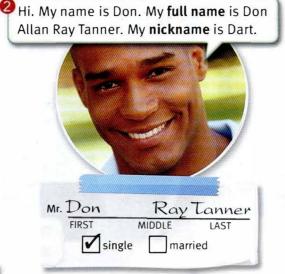
### **Names**

### Saying names in English

A ■ 1) 1.05 Listen to these people give their names. Then complete the information.

Hi, I'm Liz. Liz Kim.
My first name is Elizabeth,
but everyone calls me Liz.





My <b>first name</b> is Maria.
Ana is my <b>middle name</b> .
The state of the s
Mrs. Maria Sanchez
FIRST MIDDLE LAST
single married

#### Miss, Mrs., Ms., Mr.?

Liz Kim is single. Ana Sanchez is married. Don Tanner is single.

Don Tanner is single. Ana's husband is married.

- Ms. Kim or Miss Kim
- Ms. Sanchez or Mrs. Sanchez
- Mr. TannerMr. Sanchez
- bout B Complete the sentences. Then compare with a partner.
  - 1. My first name is \_\_\_\_\_.
  - 2. Everyone calls me \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 3. My last name is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. My middle name is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 5. My nickname is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - 6. My teacher's name is \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- C (1) 1.06 Listen and say the alphabet. Circle all the letters in your name.

Aa	Bb	Cc	Dd	Ee	Ff	Gg	Hh	li	Jj	Kk	Ll	Mm
Nn	Oo	Pp	Qq	Rr	Ss	Tt	Uu	Vv	Ww	Xx	Yy	Zz

- D 1.07 Listen. How do you spell Catherine's last name? Then practice the conversation with a partner. Use your own names.
- A What's your name?
- B Catherine Ravelli.
- A How do you spell Catherine?
- B C-A-T-H-E-R-I-N-E.
- A Thanks. And your last name?
- B R-A-V-E-L-I.

Class activity Ask your classmates their names. Make a list.



### Building language

A ◀)) 1.08 Listen. Which classroom is Carmen in this year? What about Jenny? Practice the conversation.

Mr. Martin Good morning. Are you here for an English class?

Carmen Yes, I am. I'm Carmen Rivera.

Mr. Martin OK. You're in Room B.

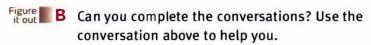
Jenny And I'm Jenny.

Mr. Martin Are you Jenny Loo?

Jenny No, I'm not. I'm Jenny Lim. Am I in Room B, too?

Mr. Martin Yes.... Wait – no, you're not. You're in Room G.

Jenny Oh, no! Carmen, we're not in the same class!



		^			
1.	Α	Are	_ you	Jenny	Loo?

B No, I not. I Lucy.

2. A \_\_\_\_\_\_you here for an English class?

B Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_\_. I \_\_\_\_\_ Carmen Rivera.

3. A \_\_\_\_\_lin your class?

B Yes. \_\_\_\_\_ in my class.

### Grammar The verb be: I, you, and we ◀)) 1.09

#### Contractions

Class Registration

> Music • English

French

#### **Statements**

I'm Jenny. I'm not Carmen. l'm = lamyou're = you are You're in Room G. You're not in Room B. we're = we are

We're in different classes. We're not in the same class.

#### Questions and short answers

Are you Jenny? Am I in Room B? Are we in the same class?

Yes, I am. Yes. vou are. No, I'm not.

Yes, we are. No, you're not. No, we're not.

#### **Common errors**

Extra practice p. 139

Use the full form of the verb be in short answers with yes.

Yes, I am. (NOT Yes, I'm.) Yes, we are. (NOT Yes, we're.)

#### A Complete the conversations. Then practice with a partner.

1. A Are you Chris?

B Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ we in the same class?

A Yes, we \_\_\_\_\_\_. I \_\_\_\_\_ Dino.

B Hi, Dino. Nice to meet you.

2. A Hey, Amy. \_\_\_\_\_you here for an English class?

B No, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ not. I \_\_\_\_\_ here for a French class.

A OK. See you later.

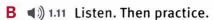
(( Sounds right p. 137

### Personal information

### Numbers 0-10

A ◀)) 1.10 Listen and say the numbers.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
zero	one	two	three	four	five	six	seven	eight	nine	ten





#### Numbers and email addresses

216-555-7708 = "two-one-six, five-five, seven-seven-oh (zero)-eight" dsmith6@cup.org = "d-smith-six-at-c-u-p-dot-org"

### Building language

## A • 1) 1.12 Listen. What is Victor's phone number? Practice the conversation.

Receptionist Hi! Are you a member?

Victor No, I'm just here for the day.

Receptionist OK. So, what's your name, please?

Victor Victor Lopez.

Receptionist And what's your phone number?

Victor It's 646-555-3048.

Receptionist And your email address?

Victor Um ... it's vlopez6@cup.org.

Receptionist OK. So it's \$10 for today. Here's your pass.

Victor Thanks.



### Can you complete these questions and answers? Use the conversation above to help you. Then practice with a partner.

1. A	What's your name?	2. A What's your	3. A What's	
В	Joe Garrett.	?		?
		B It's 646-555-4628.	В	joe.garrett@cup.org.

What's your phone number?

What's your name? What's your email address? My name's Victor Lopez. It's vlopez6@cup.org. It's 646-555-3048.

What's = What is name's = name is It's = It is

#### A Write a question for each answer. Compare with a partner. Then practice.

- 1. A What's your first name\_\_\_\_?
  - B My first name's Haley H-A-L-E-Y.
- 2. A \_
- B My last name? Osman O-S-M-A-N.

3. A

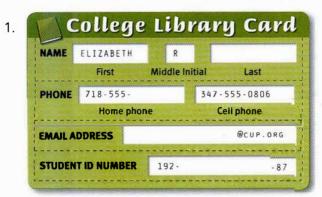
B 347-555-2801.

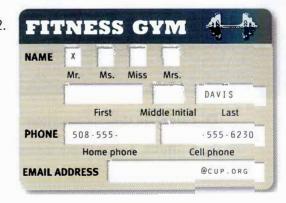
- 4. A
  - B It's j.song6@cup.org.
- 5. A \_
- B My teacher's name? It's Ms. Rossi.
- 6. A \_\_\_\_\_
  - B My student ID number? Wait it's 36-88-972.
- About B Pair work Ask and answer the questions. Give your own answers.
  - A What's your first name?
  - B It's Silvia S-I-L-V-I-A.



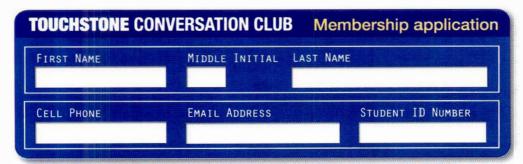
### 4 Listening and speaking Memberships

A 1) 1.14 Listen to the conversations. Complete the membership cards.





Pair work Now complete this form for a partner. Ask questions.



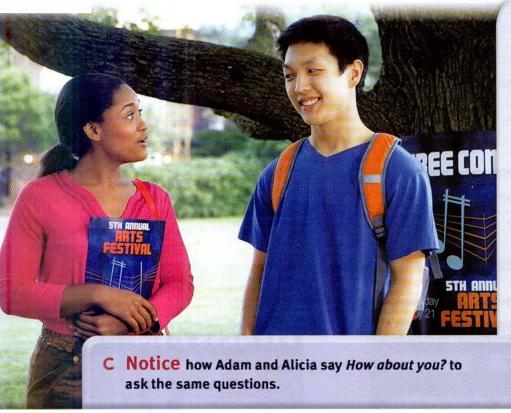
- A What's your first name?
- B Rashid.
- A How do you spell that?

### Lesson D Conversate strategies

### Conversation Are you here for the concert?

### **1** Conversation strategy How about you?

- A Look at the photo. Adam and Alicia are strangers. Guess three things they say.
- B (1) 1.15 Listen. Who's on vacation? Who's a student? Who's here for the concert?



Alicia Hi. How are you doing?

Adam Pretty good. How about you?

Alicia Good, thanks. It's a beautiful

day.

Adam Yeah, it is. Are you here for

the concert?

Alicia Yes. How about you?

Adam Well, yeah, but I'm a student

here, too. So are you on

vacation?

Alicia Yes, I am. By the way, I'm

Alicia.

Adam I'm Adam. Nice to meet you.

Well, have a nice day.

Alicia Thanks. You too.

"How are you doing?"

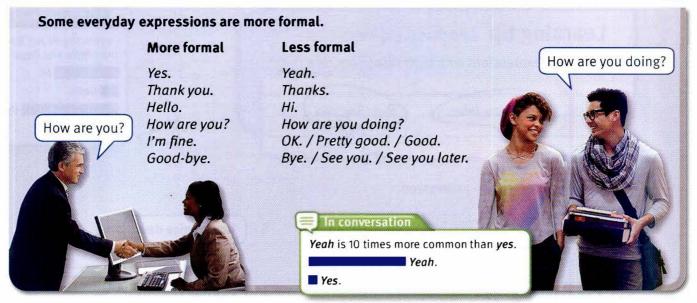
"Pretty good. How about you?"

<b>D</b> Complete the	conversations.	Then	practice	with a	partner
-----------------------	----------------	------	----------	--------	---------

- 1. A Hello. Are you here for the festival?
  - B Yeah, I am. \_\_\_\_\_?
  - A Yeah. Me too.
- 2. A Hi. How are you doing?
  - B Good, thanks. How about you?
  - Α \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. A Are you a student?
  - B No, I'm a teacher.
  - A I'm a teacher, too.

- 4. A It's a beautiful day. Are you on vacation?
  - B Yes, I am. ?
  - A No. I'm a student here.
- 5. A I'm here on business. How about you?
  - B No. \_\_\_\_\_\_.
  - A Nice. Well, have a great vacation.

### 2 Strategy plus Everyday expressions



About Complete these conversations with expressions from the box above. Then practice with a partner.

1. Formal co	onversation
Jeff	<u>Hello</u> , Mrs. Swan?
Mrs. Swan	, thank you. Uh, Jeff, are you here for English 3?
Jeff	, I am.
Mrs. Swan	Then you're in Room B. I'm the teacher for English 2.
Jeff	Oh, Well, have a nice day.
Mrs. Swan	You too. Enjoy your
	class!

Kathy	Hi, Mike,?
Mike	How about you?
Kathy	Are you here for a class?
Mike	, I am. I'm here for yoga.
	How about you?
Kathy	Oh, I'm here for a music class.
Mike	Nice. Well, enjoy your class!
Kathy	You too.
Mike	OK

2. Less formal conversation

### Strategies In the park

About Pair work Look at the picture. Choose an activity in the park. Role-play a conversation.

A Hi, how are you?

B Good, thanks. How about you?

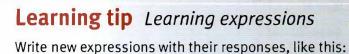
A Pretty good. Are you here for the movie?

Free talk p. 129



### Vocabulary notebook

#### Meetings and greetings



See you later. Bye. See you.



Write a response for each expression.

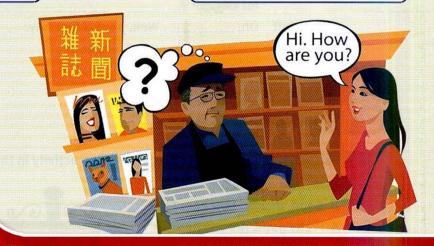
- 1. Hello.
- 2. Good morning.
- 3. Hi, I'm Helen.
- 4. How are you?

- 5. Have a nice day.
- 6. See you tomorrow.
- 7. Have a good evening.
- 8. Good night.



#### On your own

Before your next class, say *hello* and *good-bye* (in English!) to three people.



### **V**

#### no! Now I can.

- ✓ I can...
- I need to review how to . . .
- say hello and good-bye.
- introduce myself.
- ask for, give, and spell names.
- ask and answer questions about names, phone numbers, and email addresses.
- complete an application form.
- use How about you? to ask the same question.
- use formal and informal everyday expressions like *Thanks* and *Thank you*.
- understand conversations about personal information.

#### UNIT

# In class



☑ 📆 In this unit, you learn how to .

#### Lesson A

- · Ask and say where people are
- · Use be with he, she, and they

#### Lesson B

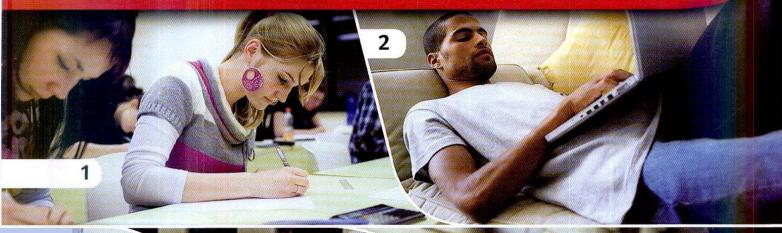
- Talk about things you take to class using a / an
- Ask about things using this and these

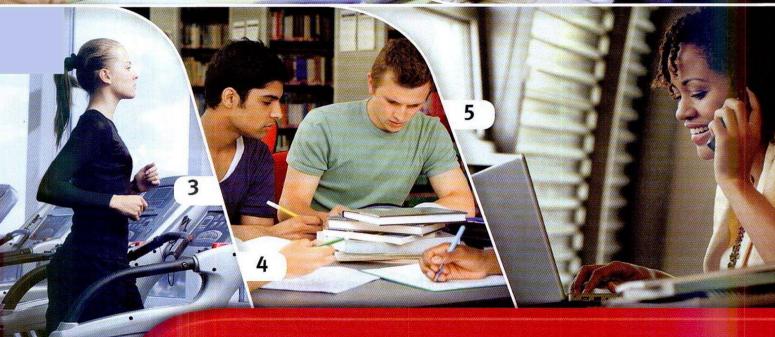
#### Lesson C

- Ask where things are in a classroom
- Say who owns things using possessive 's and s'

#### Lesson D

- Ask for help in class
- · Respond to I'm sorry and Thanks



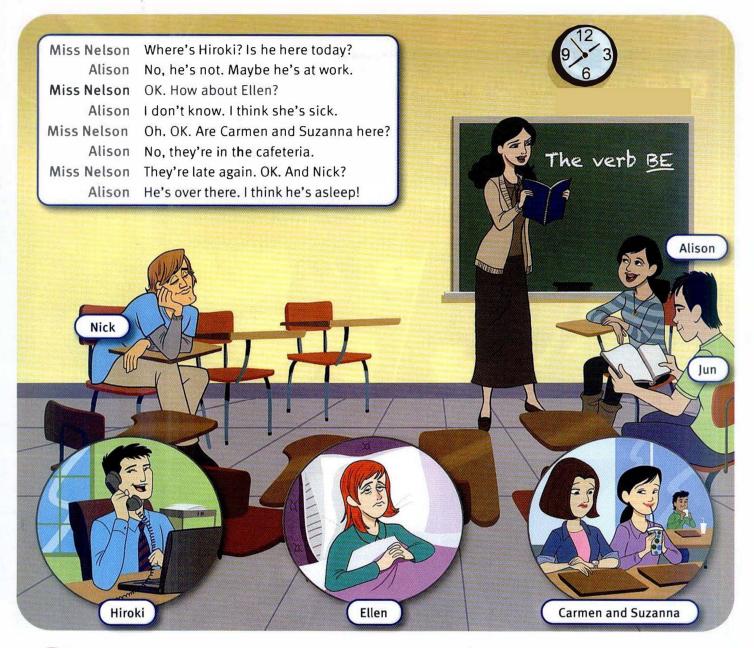


#### Before you begin . . .

Where are these people? Match the pictures with the sentences.

- He's at home.
- They're at the library.
- 1 They're in class.
- She's at the gym.
- She's at work.

### Classmates



### Getting started

- A Look at the pictures. Who is in class? Who is absent?
- **B** ◀ (1) 1.16 Listen. Who is sick today? Who is late? Who is asleep? Practice the conversation.
- Figure C Circle the correct words. Use the conversation above to help you.
  - 1. A Hiroki? Is he here today?
    - B No, he's / she's at work.
  - 2. A Ellen? Is / Are she in class?
- 3. A Is / Are Carmen and Suzanna late?
  - B Yes. They're / She's in the cafeteria.
- 4. A Is / Are Nick here?
- B No, she is / she's not. She's sick.

  B Yes, he's / he here. I think he's / is asleep.

- 7	A .
V	

#### Grammar The verb be: he, she, and they ♠) 1.17

			2000000	
3-4-6	at don the a	Section 5	V 45 1 10	07505 V/1 v 9
2.49.3	4 X + 35 *	18-5-53	1.990	p. 140

Yes. he is.

Hiroki's at work. He's at work.

Ellen's sick. She's sick.

Carmen and Suzanna are late. They're late.

Hiroki's = Hiroki is Ellen's = Ellen is

He's = He is

She's = She is

Hiroki's not here. He's not here.

Ellen's not in class. She's not in class.

Carmen and Suzanna are not here. They're not here.

They're = They are

Is he here? No, he's not. Is Ellen sick? Yes, she is. No. she's not. Is she in class? Are they late? Yes, they are. Are they here? No, they're not.

#### In conversation

Is Hiroki at work?

People usually shorten is to 's after names. Hiroki's at work. Ellen's not in class.

A These students are also in Miss Nelson's class. Where are they today? Complete the sentences.



1.	Daniel <u>5</u>	at the gym.
	Не	_in class.
	Но	sick



2.	Liz and Tom _	in class.
	They	_ in the cafeteria.
	They	$\_$ at the library.
	Tom	_asleep.



3.	Della	in class.
	She	absent.
	Fred	in class, too.
	He	sick.

- B Complete the questions about the students above. Write true answers. Then ask and answer the questions with a partner.
- 1. Is Daniel sick?
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_ Liz in class?
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ Liz and Tom at the gym?

4.	 Tom	as	leep	) :

- 5. \_\_\_\_\_ Della and Fred in class?
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_ Della sick?

- A Is Daniel sick?
- B No, he's not. He's at the gym.

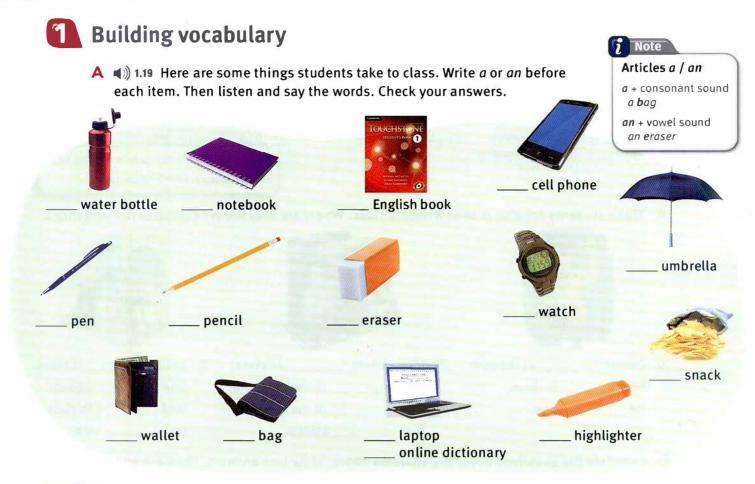
### **3** Listening Who's absent today?

A ■) 1.18 Listen. It's the next day. Are these students in class or absent? Check (✓) the boxes. Then listen again and match the two parts of the sentence.

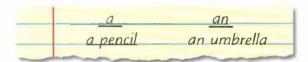
		In class	Absent
1.	Ellen		
2.	Carmen		
3.	Hiroki		
4.	Alison		

- Ellen's \_\_\_\_\_
- Carmen's \_\_\_\_\_
- Hiroki's \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Alison's \_\_\_\_
- a. sick.
- b. asleep.
- c. at work.
- d. at the library.
- **B** Pair work Ask and answer questions about your classmates.
  - A Is Samir absent today?
  - B No, he's not. He's in class. He's over there.

### What's in your bag?



 $\frac{\text{Word}}{\text{sort}}$  B Make two lists of things you take to class. Use a and an. Compare with a partner.



### 2 Building language

▲ (1) 1.20 Listen. Which things are Laura's? Then practice the conversation.

Alan What's this? Laura, is this your cell phone?

Laura Yes, it is. Thanks. Oh, and these are my headphones.

Alan They're cool. OK. See you tomorrow. Wait. Is this your bag?

Laura Yeah.

Alan And are these your keys?

Laura Yeah, they are. Wait - my sunglasses?

Alan They're on your head!



Figure B Complete the questions with this or these. Use the conversation above to help you.

1. Is \_\_\_\_\_\_your new computer?

2. Are \_\_\_\_\_ your keys?

### Grammar This and these; noun plurals ◄)) 1.21

#### Extra practice p. 140

This is a cell phone.

What's this?

It's a cell phone.

Is this your cell phone? Yes, it is.

No, it's not.

These are headphones.

What are these?

They're headphones.

Are these your headphones? Yes, they are.

No, they're not.

Regular plurals

bag**s** bag watch watches. dictionary dictionaries

kevs. kev

Irregular plurals

man men woman women child children

Some nouns are only plural:

glasses, sunglasses, scissors, jeans

Complete the questions and answers about the pictures. Then practice with a partner.



A /s this your ?

B Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_. Thank you.



A What's \_\_\_\_?

B \_\_\_\_\_ a computer bag.



\_\_\_\_ these your \_\_\_\_\_?

B Yes, \_\_\_\_\_. Thanks.





A Are \_\_\_\_\_\_?

B No, \_\_\_\_\_.



A Is \_\_\_\_\_ an eraser?

B Yes, \_\_\_\_\_.



A What are \_\_\_

B I think \_\_\_\_\_ pens.

### Speaking naturally Noun plural endings

/s/ wallets, books /z/ pens, keys /IZ/ watches, oranges

A (1) 1.22 Listen and repeat the words above. Notice which nouns add a syllable in the plural.

B ◀)) 1.23 Listen. Do the nouns end in /s/ or /z/, or do they add the syllable /1z/? Check (✓) the correct column.

What's in your bag?	/s/-/z/	/1Z/
<ol> <li>my sunglasses</li> </ol>		$\checkmark$
2. three notebooks		
3. two brushes		
4. five credit cards		
5. two sandwiches		

Class activity Ask classmates, "What's in your bag?" Who has something unusual?

A What's in your bag, Carlos?

B A wallet, two oranges . . .

#### **Common errors**

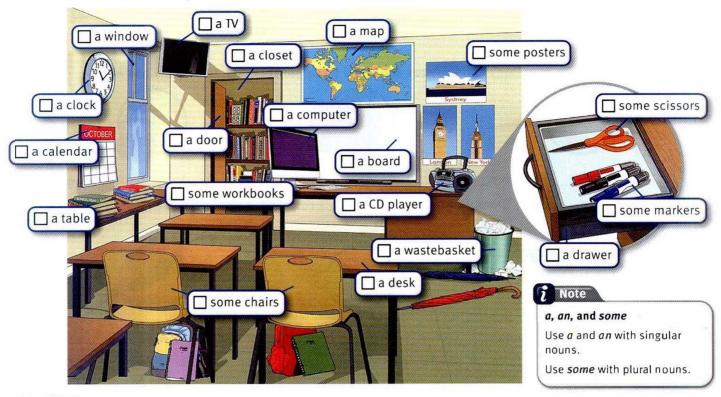
Don't forget a / an, my, your, etc. before a singular noun.

It's an eraser. (NOT It's eraser.)

### In the classroom

### Building vocabulary

A ■)) 1.24 Listen and say the words. Which things are in your classroom? Check (✓) the boxes. What else is in your classroom?



Word B Look at the pictures. What things are in these places in the classroom above? Complete the chart.



- About your Classroom.
  - A What's on the wall?
  - B A board, some posters . . .



#### **Building language**

#### A ■ 1.25 Listen. What is the teacher looking for? Practice the conversation.

Mr. Kern Hello, I'm Mr. Kern.

Paula Hi. I'm Paula. Uh. where's Ms. Moore?

Mr. Kern She's sick today.

Paula Oh. no! So is the grammar test today?

Mr. Kern Yes, it is.... OK, so, this is the teacher's book,

but where are the students' test papers?

Paula Uh, they're in Ms. Moore's desk.

Mr. Kern Oh, it's locked. Now, where's the key?

Paula Idon't know. Sorry.

Mr. Kern Oh. Well, no test today then. Oh wait.

It's right here in my coat pocket.



- Figure B Circle the correct words. Use the conversation above to help you. Then ask and answer the questions with a partner.
  - 1. Where's / Where the key?
  - 2. Where are / Where's the students' test papers?
- 3. What's in the **teacher's** / **teachers'** desk?
- 4. What's in Mr. Kern / Mr. Kern's pocket?



#### Grammar Questions with Where; possessive 's and s' ◀)) 1.26

Extra practice p. 140

#### **Questions with Where**

Where's the key? I don't know.

Where are the students' tests? They're in the desk.

Where's = Where is

#### **Possessives**

Add 's to names.

Ms. Moore's desk

Add's to singular nouns.

the teacher's book / books

Add 'to plural nouns. the students' books a / an vs. the

It's in a desk.

(I don't know which desk.)

It's in the desk.

(We know which desk.)

- A Pair work Circle is or are and correct the possessives. Then ask and answer the questions about the classroom in the picture above. Can you ask four more questions?
- 1. Where('s) are the teacher's desk?
- 2. Where 's / are the students test books?
- 3. Where 's / are Ms. Moores key?
  - A Where's the teacher's desk?
  - B It's in front of the board.

- 4. Where 's / are Mr. Kerns coat?
- 5. Where 's / are the teachers computer?
- 6. Where 's / are the students workbooks?

B Write four questions with Where . . . ? about things in your classroom. Use these ideas or add your own. Then ask a partner your questions.

the teacher's bag

the students' bags

the teacher's computer

the students' homework papers

(( Sounds right p. 137

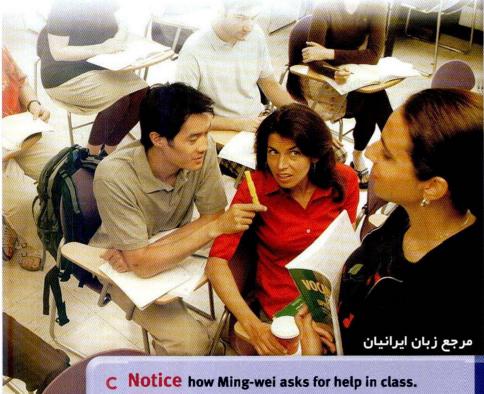
### Lesson D

### strategies

# Conversation How do you spell it?

#### Conversation strategy Asking for help in class

- A Can you match the questions and answers?
- 1. How do you spell eraser?
- 2. Can I borrow your pencil? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. What's the word for this in English? \_\_\_\_
- a. Sure.
- b. Watch.
- c. E-R-A-S-E-R.
- B (1) 1.27 Listen. How many times does Ming-wei ask for help?



Ming-wei Excuse me, what's the word

for this in English?

Sonia Highlighter.

Ming-wei Thanks.

Sonia Sure.

Ming-wei Uh . . . how do you spell it?

Sonia I don't know. Sorry.

Ming-wei That's OK. Thanks

anyway.... Can I borrow a pen, please?

**Sonia** Sure. Here you go.

Ming-wei Thank you.

Sonia You're welcome.

Ms. Larsen OK. Open your books

to page 4.

Ming-wei Excuse me, can you

repeat that, please?

What page?

Ms. Larsen Sure. Page 4.

Find his questions.

"What's the word for this in English?" "How do you spell it?"

D Complete the conversations with questions from the box. Then practice with a partner.

Can you repeat that, please? Can I borrow an eraser, please?

What's the word for this in English? How do you spell highlighter?

- 1. A How do you spell highlighter?
  - B H-I-G-H-L-I-G-H-T-E-R, I think.
- 2. A OK. Open your workbooks.

  - A Yes. Open your workbooks.

- - B Sure. Here you go.
- 4. A ?
- B I don't know. Maybe it's wastebasket.

**E** Pair work Practice the conversations again. Use your own ideas.

#### **Strategy plus** Common expressions and responses

#### Here are some responses to Thank you and I'm sorry:

When people say ...

You can say ...

Thank you.

You're welcome.

Thanks.

Sure.

I'm sorry.

That's OK.

I'm sorry. I don't know.

That's OK. Thanks anyway.



#### (1.28 Circle the correct response. Listen and check your answers. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A Here's your pencil.
  - B Thank you.
  - A I'm sorry. /You're welcome,
- 2. A Here's a sandwich for you.
  - B Thanks!
  - A Sure. / Thanks anyway.

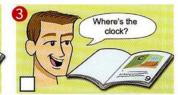
- 3. A Can I borrow a pen, please?
  - B I'm sorry. This is my only pen.
  - A Oh, OK. Thanks anyway. / You're welcome.
- 4. A I'm sorry I'm late.
  - B Sure. / That's OK.

### Listening and strategies Following instructions

A 1) 1.29 Match the pictures with the instructions. Then listen to the class and check your answers.

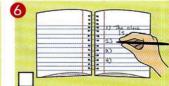












- a. Close your books.
- b. Listen to the conversation.
- c. Look at the picture.
- d. Open your books, and turn to page 9.
- e. Read the questions aloud.
- f. Answerthe questions. Write the answers in your notebook.
- **B** (1) 1.29 Listen again. Complete the questions the students ask.
- 1. I'm sorry. What page are we on? Page \_\_\_\_\_? 4. How do you spell \_\_\_\_\_?
- 2. What's the word for this? Is it \_\_\_\_\_?
- 3. Can you \_\_\_\_\_ that, please?

- 5. Excuse me. What's a \_\_\_\_\_?
- 6. Can I borrow a \_\_\_\_\_, please?
- Class activity Ask five classmates for help. Use the questions in this lesson.
  - A Can I borrow your eraser, please?
  - B Sure.
  - A Thanks.
  - B You're welcome.



#### **Learning tip** *Linking things with places*

Make lists of things you keep in different places.

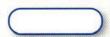
in my bag - my wallet, a pen some books

Label the things on a student's desk.



















2 Now make lists of your things.

What's in your bag?



What's in your wallet?



What's under vour desk?



What's in your pockets?



#### On your own

Find a magazine with pictures of things. Label the pictures. How many words can you label?





#### Now I can.

- ✓ I can...
- I need to review how to . . .
- ask and say where people are.
- ask and say where things are in a classroom.
- talk about things I take to class.
- talk about classroom objects.
- say who owns things.

- ask for help in class.
- respond when people say Thanks and I'm sorry.
- understand conversations about where people are.
- follow classroom instructions.

#### UNIT

# Favorite people





Can Do! In this unit, you learn how to . . .

#### Lesson A

 Talk about celebrities using my, your, his, her, our, and their

#### Lesson B

- Describe people's personalities
- Ask and answer yes-no questions

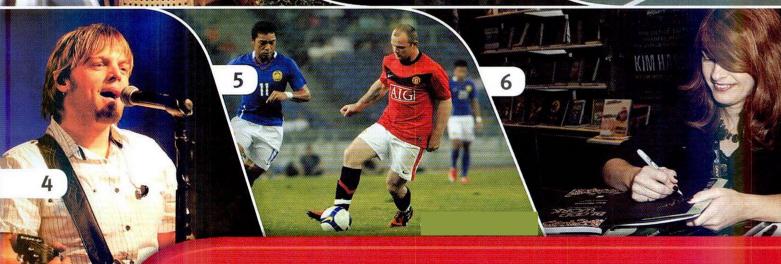
#### Lesson C

- Say the ages of your family members
- Ask information questions about family members

#### Lesson D

- Show interest in a conversation
- Say Really? to show interest or surprise





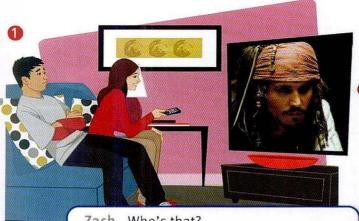
### Before you begin . . .

Match each sentence with a picture. For each sentence, think of people you know.

- He's an artist.
- He's a singer.
- She's a writer.

- 1 She's an actor.
- They're tennis players.
- They're soccer players.

### Celebrities



Zach Who's that?

Haley It's Johnny Depp. He's my favorite actor. He's so good-looking! His new movie's great.

Zach Hmm...what else is on?



Haley There's a concert. Oh, it's Adele! I love her new album. Her voice is amazing.

Zach Adele?

Haley Yeah. She's a famous singer.

Zach Oh. Um, how about some sports?



Haley Look. They're my favorite tennis players. Their matches are always exciting. You're a tennis fan, right?

Zach Um, not really. Where's the remote?

Haley Here you go.



Zach Great – a football game. And it's our favorite team.

Haley You mean *your* favorite team. You know I'm not a football fan.

### Getting started

- A Look at the pictures. Haley and Zach are watching TV. What's on TV today?
- B ◀)) 1.30 Listen. Is Haley a sports fan? How about Zach?

 $\operatorname{Figure}_{\operatorname{it} \operatorname{out}} = \mathbb{C}$  Can you complete the sentences? Use the conversation above to help you.

- 1. Johnny Depp is an actor. \_\_\_\_\_ movies are really exciting.
- 2. Adele is a famous singer. \_\_\_\_\_ new album is very good.
- 3. They're tennis players. \_\_\_\_\_ matches are always great.
- 4. My best friend and I are soccer fans. \_\_\_\_\_ favorite team is not very good.



#### Grammar Be in statements; possessive adjectives ◀)) 1.31

Extra practice p. 141

I'm a Johnny Depp fan.

You're a tennis fan.

He's an actor.

**She's** a famous singer.

We're Giants fans.

They're tennis players.

My favorite actor is Johnny Depp.

Your favorite sport is tennis.

His new movie is great.

Her voice is amazing.

Our favorite team is the Giants.

Their matches are exciting.

Common errors

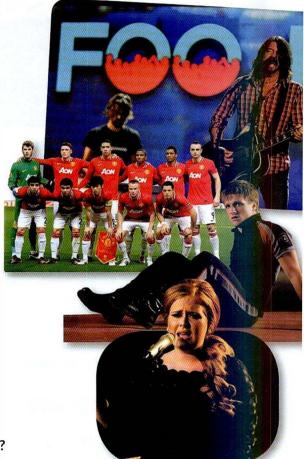
Don't add "s" to a possessive adjective.

Their matches are exciting.

(NOT Their's matches are exciting.)

A Complete the conversations with expressions from the box. Use capital letters when necessary. Compare with a partner. Then practice.

		his ✓ I'm				
1.	Α	My f				
	В	Yeah.	go	od.		
2.	Α	In my family			occer fans.	
	В	Yeah? My bi Manchester			an	a
3.	Α	What's	fa	vorite mo	vie?	
	В	The Hunger	Games.			
	Α	Oh, yeah. Jo			one of my fa always good	
4.	Α	a	big fan	of Adele,	right?	
	В	Yeah, talented.	voi	ce is amaz	zing	very



Pair work Are any of the statements above true for you? Tell a partner.

### Talk about it My favorite . . .

Write the names of your favorite celebrities below. Then talk about them with a partner. How many things can you say?

actor	Andrew Garfield	sports team	
singer		writer	
band		artist	- 10

<sup>&</sup>quot;My favorite actor is Andrew Garfield. His movies are good."

### People we know

### Building vocabulary

A (1) 1.32 Look at Jason's sketches on his blog and read his comments. Then listen and say the sentences. Do you know people like these? Tell the class.



How many words can you think of to describe people you know? Complete the chart. Then tell a partner.

My best friend	My classmates	My neighbors	My
very smart			

"My best friend is very smart. He's a good student."

Vocabulary notebook p. 30

### Building language

A	◀)) 1.33	Listen.	What is	Tim's new	boss like?	Practice th	e conversation.

Dana So how's your new job? Are you busy?

Tim Yes. It's hard work, you know. I'm tired.

Dana Really? What are your co-workers like? Are they nice?

Tim Yes, they are. They're really friendly.

Dana Great. And is your boss OK?

Tim She is, yeah. She's nice. Um . . . she's not very strict.

Dana Good, because you're late for work.



it out B	Can you complete these questions and answers? Then ask and answer the questions with a
	partner. Use your own information.

1.	Α	What's your	teacher
		like?	fun?

2. A	What are your	classmates
	like?	_ they friendly?

3. A	your
	English class hard

B Yes, she \_\_\_\_\_.

В	Yes, they	

In conversation

She's not strict. They're not nice.

My boss isn't strict.

pronouns.

People use 's not and 're not after

Isn't and aren't often follow nouns.

#### Grammar Yes-no questions and answers; negatives ◀)) 1.34

Extra practice p. 141

Am I late?	Yes, you are.	No, you're not.	You're not late.
Are you busy?	Yes, I am.	No, I'm not.	I'm not busy.
Is he tired?	Yes, he is.	No, he's not.	He's not tired.
Is she strict?	Yes, she is.	No, she's not.	She's not strict. (My boss isn't strict.)
Is it hard work?	Yes, it is.	No, it's not.	It's not hard work.
Are we late?	Yes, we are.	No, we're not.	We're not late.
Are they nice?	Yes, they are.	No, they're not.	They're not nice. (My co-workers aren't nice.)

A	Complete the conversations. Compare with a partner
	Then practice.

1.	Α	How's school? <u>Are</u> your classes interesting?
	В	Yes, My teachers are very smart.
2	Δ	your English class easy?

B No,	$_{}$ . The lessons $_{ ext{-}}$	easy

٥.	A		you outgoing in class:		
	В	Yes,		always outgoing.	

4.	Α	your	English	teacher	strict
----	---	------	---------	---------	--------

В	No,	he	
	,		

5.	A	What's	s your job like?	it fun?		
	-					

В	Yes, _	My boss	very strict.
U	163, _	Wiy 0033	very strict.

6.	A	What are your neighbors like?	they nice?
----	---	-------------------------------	------------

В	No,	They	very friendly.
	110,		

**B** Pair work Ask and answer the questions. Give your own information.



#### **Speaking naturally** *Is he...?* or *Is she...?*

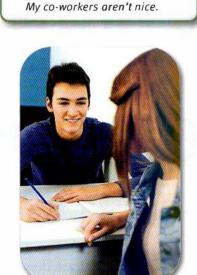


- A 1) 1.35 Listen and repeat the questions above. Notice the pronunciation of Is he...? and Is she...?
- **B** (1) 1.36 Listen. Do you hear Is he...? or Is she...? Circle he or she.
- 1. Is **he** /(**she**)a friend from high school?
- 2. Is he / she a college student?
- 3. Is **he / she** shy?

- 4. Is he / she smart?
- 5. Is **he / she** interesting?
- 6. Is he / she fun?

#### About Vou Pair work Find out about your partner's best friend. Ask and answer questions like the ones above.

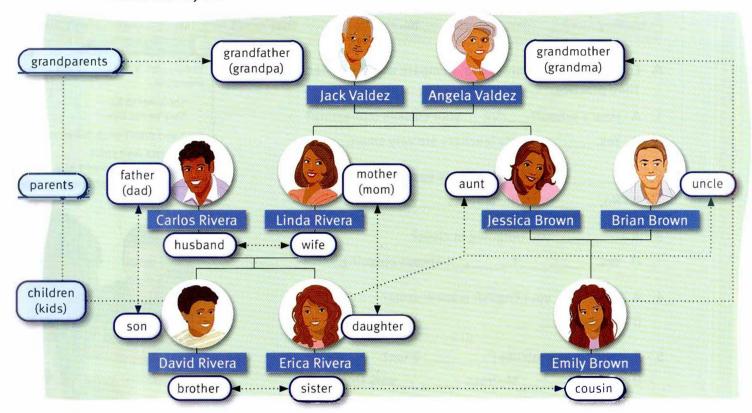
- A So your best friend. Is he a friend from high school?
- B No, he's a neighbor.



### **Family**

### Building vocabulary

▲ ■) 1.37 Look at Erica Rivera's family tree. Who are her parents? Who are her grandparents? Listen and say the words.



Word B How are these people related to Erica Rivera? Complete the chart. Compare with a partner.

Carlos Rivera	father	Jack Valdez	Emily Brown
Linda Rivera		Angela Valdez	Brian Brown
David Rivera		Jessica Brown	
"Who's Carlos Rivera	?"	"He's Erica's father."	Vocabulary notebook p. 30

C ■)) 1.38 Listen and say the numbers.

10	ten	16	sixteen	22	twenty-two	28	twenty-eight	70	seventy
11	eleven	17	seventeen	23	twenty-three	29	twenty-nine	80	eighty
12	twelve	18	eighteen	24	twenty-four	30	thirty	90	ninety
13	thirteen	19	nineteen	25	twenty-five	40	forty	100	one hundred
14	fourteen	20	twenty	26	twenty-six	50	fifty	101	a hundred and one
15	fifteen	21	twenty-one	27	twenty-seven	60	sixty		

Pair work Student A: Tell your partner the names and ages of your family members.

Student B: Write the information you hear. Then check the information with your partner.

A My mother's name is Sandra. She's fifty-five.

	Eva's mother -
	Sandra, 55
- drug	water a stranger

B Is your mother's name Sandra?

A Yes, it is.

### Building language

### A (1) 1.39 Listen. How old are Erica's grandparents? Practice the conversation.

Padma So who's this?

Erica My grandma. And this is my grandpa.

He's a nice man. He's seventy-eight now.

Padma Really? And how old is your grandmother?

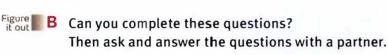
Erica She's seventy-two.

Padma She's very pretty. What's her name?

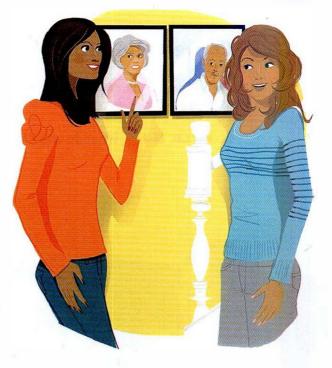
Erica Angela.

Padma That's a nice name. So where are your grandparents from originally?

Erica They're from Texas.



- 1. Who's the man in the photo?
- 2. his wife's name?
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_ Erica's grandparents? 70? 75?
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_they from originally?



### 3

#### Grammar Information questions with be ◄)) 1.40

Extra practice p. 141

#### you

How are you?
I'm fine.

Where are you from?
I'm from Florida.

How old are you?

I'm twenty-three.

he / she / it

Who's this?

It's my grandmother.

Where's she from?

She's from Texas.

What's she like?

She's very smart.

they

How are your parents?

They're fine, thanks.

Where are they today?

They're at home.

What are their names?

Their names are Linda and Carlos.

#### A Unscramble the questions. Compare with a partner. Then ask and answer the questions.

- 1. your / are / parents / how /?
- 2. parents' / what / names / your / are /?
- 3. your / is / old / how / father /?
- 4. like / what's / mother / your /?
- 5. today / your / where's / mother / ?
- 6. are / from / grandparents / your / where /?
- 7. your / aunt / who's / favorite / ?

How are your parents?

- our / where / ?
- Write four more questions to ask your partner about his or her family. Then ask and answer the questions.
  - A What's your father like?
  - B He's very outgoing.



#### Conversation Lesson **D** strategies

### A songwriter? Really?

### **Conversation strategy** Showing interest

- A Are any of your friends artists, singers, or songwriters? Are any of your friends from another country? Tell the class.
- **B** (1) 1.41 Listen. What do you find out about Lucy's friend?



Hugo What's that?

Lucy It's a painting. I know the artist. She's a friend of mine.

Hugo Really? It's great. What's her name?

Lucy Carla, I think her work is amazing.

Hugo Yeah. Where's she from?

Lucy Paris originally.

Hugo Paris? Wow. Is she a professional artist?

Lucy Yeah. And she's a singer songwriter.

Hugo A songwriter? Really? What are her songs like?

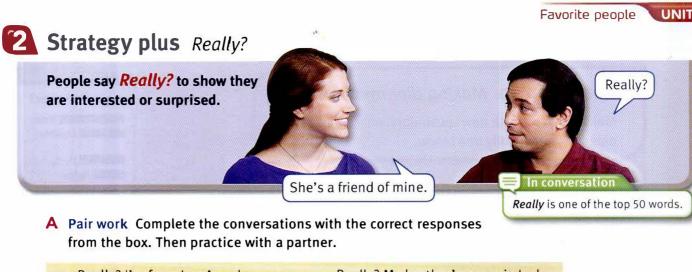
Lucy Here. Listen.

Hugo Hmm. Interesting. Well, her paintings are good.

examples in the conversation.

"She's from Paris originally." "Paris? Wow. Is she a professional artist?"

- D Complete the responses. Then practice with a partner.
- 1. A My friend Rumiko is a singer.
  - B A singer ? Is she in a band?
- 2. A My best friend's name is Dmitry.
  - \_\_\_\_? Where's he from?
- 3. A My brother is a writer.
  - B ? Is he famous?
- 4. A My cousins are big baseball fans.
  - ? What's their favorite team?
- E Pair work Practice the conversations above again with your own information. Show interest by repeating words and asking questions. Can you continue the conversations?
  - A My friend Mindy is a student.
  - B A student? Is she a student here?



		Really? I'm from Los Angeles. Really? Is she good?			My brother's name is Jack. What's she like?
1.	A B	What's your name?  Jack.	3.		What's your teacher like? Oh, she's fun. And she plays tennis.
	Α			Α	
2.	Α	Where are you from?	4.	Α	Who's your best friend?
	В	San Diego.		В	Her name's Jill. She's a friend from high school.
	Α			Α	

B Ask and answer the questions above. Give your own answers.

#### 3 Listening and strategies Friends

A ■ 1.42 Listen to four people talk about people they know. Complete the chart.

	Who is it?	What's he or she like?	How old is he or she?
1. Jane	a neighbor		
2. Lucas			
3. Lisa			
4. Patrick			

2.	Lucas							
3.	Lisa							
4.	Patrick	<del></del>						
		again. Choose tl . Number the cor			the s	speakers' l	ast commer	nts to
□ A	soccer fan? F	Really? Who's his	favorite team	?		Really? So i	s she very q	uiet?
R	eally? So wha	at are her songs li	ke?			An art stud	ent? Really?	Is he good?
		te the names of uestions about t		•			er. Exchang	e lists with a
	Chung	Dae A	A Who's Chun	ng Dae?				
******	Angela	E	B He's my clas	ssmate.				
	Robert	0	Really? Whe	ere's he from?				



### Vocabulary notebook

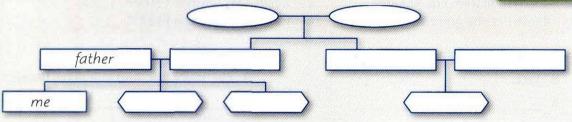
#### **Learning tip** Making diagrams

Make diagrams with new vocabulary. An example of a diagram is the family tree below.

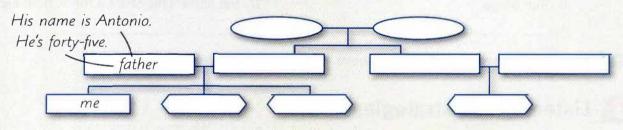
1 Complete the family tree using the words in the box.

aunt cousin grandfather mother uncle brother ✓ father grandmother sister





2 Now make your own family tree. Write notes about each person.





#### On your own

Make a photo album of your family and friends. Write sentences about them in English.





#### Can! Now I can.

- talk about my favorite celebrities.
- describe people's personalities.
- ask and answer *yes-no* questions.
- talk about family members.
- say people's ages.

- ask and answer information questions.
- understand people talking about friends (ages, interests, etc.).
- show I'm interested in a conversation or surprised.

## Can you complete this conversation?

Complete the conversation with the words in the box. Use capital letters when necessary. Then practice with a partner.

is	Angel	Hi, Carla. How <u>are</u> you?
√are	Carla	fine, thanks. Is your car?
am	Angel	No my brother's car on vacation.
l'm	Carla	Cool. So where is brother?
you're	Angel	He and wife are in Miami, with her parents.
he's		family from Miami, you know.
it's	Carla	Oh, right. So are children in Miami, too?
we're	Angel	No, with my parents and me
they're		house is crazy all so busy with the kids.
his	Carla	I bet tired.
her	Angel	Yeah, I reallyUh-oh, I'm late!
my		OK. See you later.
your		Wait! Where are my keys? I mean, where are
their	Auget	brother's keys?
this	Carla	Are his keys? Under the car? Here you go.
these		Oh, thanks, Carla. You're wonderful!

## 2 Can you unscramble the questions?

Put the words in the correct order to make questions. Then ask and answer the questions with a partner.

- 1. teacher's / last / is / our / name / What /? What is our teacher's last name? 2. from / grandparents / your / Where / are /?
- 3. class / hard / our / English / Is /?

- 4. are / in this class / students / like / What / the /?
- 5. today / not / Who's / in class /?
- 6. bags / are / Where / students' / the /?

## 3 How many words do you remember?

Complete the chart. Then make questions to ask and answer with a partner.

Classroom items	Locations in class	Family and other people	Words to describe people
teacher's desk	on the wall	neighbors	friendly

"Where's the teacher's desk?" "What are your neighbors like?" "What's on the wall?" "Are your neighbors friendly?"

## Do you know these expressions?

Complete the conversation with expressions from the box. Then practice with a partner.

✓ Can I borrow your pen? Really? Thank you. Thanks anyway. Nice to meet you. That's OK. You're welcome. Have a good day. How do you spell neighbor? How about you?



Anna	Oh, no! Where's my pen? Excuse me.
	Can I borrow your pen?
Michel	Sure. Here you go.
Anna	
Michel	You're welcome.
Anna	Hmm ?
Michel	Neighbor? I'm sorry. I don't know.
Anna	That's OK.
Michel	Wait. There's a dictionary app on my tablet.
Anna	Oh, thank you!
Michel	
Anna	Oh. This is a French-English dictionary.



Michel	Yes. I'm from France.	
Anna	France??	
	Are you from Paris?	
Michel	Yeah, I am.	_?
Anna	I'm from New York. Uh-oh! My coffee!	
	I'm sorry.	
Michel		
Anna	By the way, my name is Anna.	
Michel	I'm Michel.	-
Anna	Oh, no. I'm late for work. Sorry. Bye.	
Michel	Thanks. You too Uh-oh. Where's	
	my nen?	

#### Who has the same answer?

A Complete questions 1 to 3 with 's or s' and questions 4 to 8 with question words and be. Write your answers.

	Your answer	Classmates with the same answer
1. What's your best friend 's name?		
2. What are your parent names?		
3. What's your mother first name?		
4 your best friend? 20? 21?		
5 your best friend like?		
5 your parents now? At work?		
7 your favorite singers?		
3 your favorite TV show?		

B Class activity Ask your classmates the questions. Who has the same answer?

## Everyday life



☑ 80! In this unit, you learn how to . . .

#### Lesson A

 Describe a typical morning using the simple present

#### Lesson B

- Describe weekly routines
- Ask and answer yes-no questions about your week

#### Lesson C

- Say more than yes or no to be friendly
- Say Well to get more time to think

#### Lesson D

- Read an article about American habits
- Write about a classmate for a class website





#### Before you begin . . .

Match each activity with a picture. Which activities do you do every day?

- do homework
- work

- exercise
- watch TV

- have coffee
- check email

## In the morning



Figure C What do the people above say about their mornings? Can you complete their sentences?

Alex My wife and I \_\_\_\_\_\_ the newspaper. We \_\_\_\_\_ a lot.
 Jennifer My brother and sister \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of noise. They \_\_\_\_\_
 Amanda My husband \_\_\_\_\_ to work. He \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast.

1. Greg I\_\_\_\_\_\_ to the radio. I\_\_\_\_\_ TV.

34

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## 2

You have

We get up

They read

#### Grammar Simple present statements ◀)) 1.44

breakfast.	1	don't eat	lunch.	Verb e
coffee.	You	don't have	tea.	get
late.	We	don't get up	early.	watch
the paper.	Thev	don't read	books.	nlav

He listens to the radio. He doesn't listen to CDs. She watches TV. She doesn't watch videos.

don't = do not doesn't = does not

#### Verb endings: he, she, and it

get ▶ gets
watch ▶ watches
play ▶ plays
study ▶ studies

have has

do ▶ does go ▶ goes

#### In conversation

Don't and doesn't are more common than do not and does not.

does not

do not

don't

2. In my family, we \_\_\_\_\_ (have) breakfast together, but we \_\_\_\_ (not / talk) a lot.

A Complete the sentences. Compare answers with a partner.

3. My mother just \_\_\_\_\_ (have) coffee. She \_\_\_\_\_ (not / eat) in the morning.

1. I <u>get up</u> (get up) early every morning.

I <u>don't get up</u> (not / get up) late.

4. My sister \_\_\_\_\_ (study) in the morning. She \_\_\_\_\_ (do) her homework.

5. My brother \_\_\_\_\_ (go) on the Internet. Then he \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) TV.

6. My parents \_\_\_\_\_ (not / watch) TV. They \_\_\_\_ (read) the newspaper.

#### About B Write five sentences about your mornings. Compare with a partner.

1 ant		aarl.	0.1001	mornina	
I all	UD	Party.	PVPIV	иопина.	100
)				9	
 -07-				-	No.

A I get up early every morning. How about you?

B I don't get up early. I get up late.

#### **Speaking naturally** -s endings of verbs

/s/ likes gets /z/ listens studies /ız/ relaxes watches

A ◀) 1.45 Listen and repeat the words above. Notice the verb endings.

B ◀)) 1.46 Listen to these sentences. Do the verbs end in /s/or /z/, or do they add the syllable /iz/? Check (✓) the correct column. Listen again and repeat.

		/s/-/z/	/IZ/			/s/-/z/	/12/
1.	My mom sings in the shower.	1		5.	My brother goes on the Internet.		
2.	My dad gets up early.			6.	My co-worker checks his email.		
3.	My mom uses an alarm clock.			7.	My sister likes mornings.		
4.	My friend exercises in the morning.			8.	My dad relaxes on the weekends.		

About your family and friends and what they do in the mornings.

"My mom likes mornings. She sings in the shower."

#### Routines

## Building vocabulary

A ◀)) 1.47 Listen and say the expressions. Then check (✓) the things you do every week.









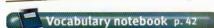




Word B For each day of the week, write one thing you usually do. Then tell the class.

Sunday Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
play soccer					

<sup>&</sup>quot;I play soccer on Mondays."



### Building language

A •1) 1.48 Listen to the questionnaire. Complete the questions and answers. Listen again and circle the answers that are true for you.

#### What's your weekly routine? 1. Do you take a class in the evening? Yes, I do. No, I don't. 2. Do you and your family eat together on Sundays? Yes, we do. No, we don't. 3. Do your friends call you in the evening? Yes, they do. No, they don't. 4. Does your best friend meet you after class? Yes, he / she does. No, he / she doesn't. 5. \_\_\_\_\_ you and your friends \_\_\_\_\_ sports? Yes, \_\_\_\_\_. No, \_\_\_\_\_. 6. \_\_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ shopping on Saturdays? Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_ . No, \_\_\_ 7. \_\_\_\_\_ your best friend \_\_\_\_\_ shopping with you? Yes, \_\_\_\_\_ . No, \_\_\_

- About B Pair work Ask and answer the questions above. Can you give more information?
  - A Do you take a class in the evening?
  - B Yes, I do. I go to an English class.

## Grammar Yes-no questions and short answers **4** ® 1.49

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<b>Do</b> you <b>go</b> to a class in the evening?	Yes, I do.	No, I don't.
Do you and your friends play sports after class?	Yes, we do.	No, we don't.
<b>Do</b> your friends <b>make</b> phone calls at night?	Yes, they do.	No, they don't.
<b>Does</b> your mother <b>work</b> on the weekends?	Yes, she does.	No, she doesn't

#### A Complete the questions. Compare with a partner.

1.	<u>Do</u>	you <u>make</u> ph	one calls late at night?
2.		_your friends	on the Internet in class?
3.		_your mother	her email every day?
4.		_your parents	the laundry on weekends?
5.		_your father	the news online every day?
6.		you and your friend	ds online games together?
7.		_your best friend	classes in the evenings?
8.		yousho	opping after class?
9.		your family	breakfast together in the morning?
0.		youyou	ır room every day?

## About B Pair work Ask and answer the questions. How many of your answers are the same?

- A Do you make phone calls late at night?
- B No, I don't. I go to bed early every night.

## 4 Class survey Who has a busy week?

A Write questions to ask your classmates. Compare with a partner.

Find someone who	Ask	Name
1. exercises before breakfast.	Do you exercise before breakfast?	
2. cleans the house every day.		·
3. studies English late at night.		
4. gets up early on Sundays.		
5. plays on a sports team.		
6. works on the weekends.		
7. goes to bed early every night.		
8. eats a snack after class.		

- About B Class activity Find classmates who do the things in the chart above. Write their names in the chart.
  - A Do you exercise before breakfast?
  - B Yes, I do. I go to the gym before breakfast.
  - C Pair work Tell your partner something interesting about a classmate.

"Yoshiko goes to the gym before breakfast."

#### Time expressions

on Monday(s)
on (the) weekend(s)
in the morning(s)
in the afternoon(s)
in the evening(s)
at night
before breakfast
after class
every day

#### Common errors

In short answers, do not use a verb after don't or doesn't.

Do you have a computer?

No, I don't.

(NOT <del>No, I don't have</del>.)

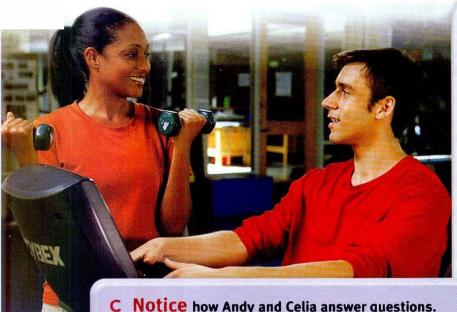
#### Lesson C Conversation

### strategies

## Do you work out every day?

#### **Conversation strategy** Saying more than yes or no

- A Look at the photo. What do you think Celia and Andy are talking about?
- B (1) 1.50 Listen. What do you find out about Celia? How about Andy?



C Notice how Andy and Celia answer questions. They say more than yes or no. They want to be friendly. Find examples in the conversation.

Celia Hi. I see you here all the time. Do you work out every day?

Andy Well, I come here before class.

Celia Oh, are you a student?

Andy Yeah. Well, I'm a part-time law student. And I work at a TV station, too.

Celia A TV station? Really?

Andy Yeah. I'm an intern. So, do you come here every day?

Celia Uh-huh. I run here from home every morning.

Andy Oh, so do you live around here? Celia No. I live about 10 miles away.

Andy So you run 10 miles a day? Wow!

"Oh, so do you live around here?" "No. I live about 10 miles away."

- Find two good answers for each question below. Write the letters a to h. Compare with a partner.
- 1. Do you live around here?

2. Do you have a job?

- 3. Are you from here originally?
- 4. Do you have brothers and sisters?
  - a. Well, I work at a store on the weekends.
- b. No, I'm from Chicago originally.
- c. Well, I live about two miles away.
- d. No, I'm an only child.

- e. No, I don't. I live in Oaktown.
- f. Yeah. I have a part-time job at a restaurant.
- q. Yes, I am. But my parents are from Turkey.
- h. Yes, I have a sister.

- E Pair work Ask and answer the questions above with a partner. Give your own answers, and say more than yes or no.
  - A Do you live around here?
  - B No, I don't. I live about seven miles away.



Start your answer with Well if you need time to think, or if your answer is not a simple ves or no.



A 1) 1.51 Match the questions with the responses. Then listen and check your answers. Practice with a partner.

(1)	In conversation
-	Well is one of the top 50 words.

- 1. Are you from a big family? <u>e</u>
- 2. Do you work out a lot? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Do you like sports? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Do you study every day? \_\_\_\_
- 5. Who's your favorite actor? \_\_\_\_
- a. Well, I don't play sports, but I watch soccer on TV.
- b. Well, not every day. I go to the gym two days a week.
- c. Well, I like a lot of actors. I don't have a favorite actor.
- d. Well, not every day. I don't study on the weekends.
- e. Well, I have two brothers and a sister.

About B Pair work Ask and answer the questions above. Give your own answers.

#### **Listening and strategies** Casual conversations

A	(1.52 Can you guess the missing words in these conversations? Listen and write what the
	people say. Then practice.

1.	A	Do	งดน	text	your	?
	, ,		,		,	

- B No, not really. Well, on my way home \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I text and say "I'm on my way."
- 2. A Do you watch a lot of sports on TV?
  - B Well, I only watch \_\_\_\_\_\_. You know, \_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. A Do you read the news \_\_\_\_\_?
  - B Yeah. Well, \_\_\_\_\_\_ . I make \_\_\_\_\_ and check the headlines.
- 4. A Do you \_\_\_\_\_ on the Internet?
  - B Yes. Well, I play chess with my friend \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. A Do you listen to the radio?
  - B Well, I listen to the same show \_\_\_\_\_\_. But that's all.
- **B** Pair work Take turns asking the questions above. Give your own answers.
  - A Do you text your parents?
  - B No, not really. Well, on my way home at night. I text and say "I'm on my way."



#### Lesson D

## On average



About

A How much time do you spend on these activities every day? Tell the class.

at work or school

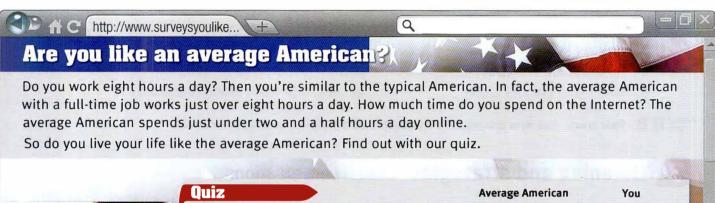
- on the Internet
- on the bus or train or in the car
- on the phone

"I spend about an hour a day on the phone."

B Read the article and take the quiz. Then compare with a partner. Are you like average Americans?



Before you read an article, "skim" it (look at it quickly). This gives you an idea of the topics it covers.





Quiz	Average American	Yo	u
1. Do you get up at 6:30 a.m. on weekdays?	Yes	Yes @	No ®
2. Do you sing in the shower?	No	Yes ®	No @
3. Do you have cereal with milk for breakfast?	Yes	Yes 📵	No @
4. Do you have a pet?	No	Yes ®	No @
5. Do you use public transportation every day?	No	Yes 🖲	No @
6. Do you watch television about three hours a day?	Yes	Yes 🔋	No ®
7. Do you exercise every day?	No	Yes @	No ®
8. Do you eat at a restaurant three times a week?	Yes	Yes ®	No @

So are you like the average American? If you're not, that's OK – it's fun to compare your life with the lives of people in another country. If you are, that's OK too, because the average American is happy!

C Read the article again. What does it say about these things? Check (✓) *True* (T) or *False* (F).

The average American			F
1.	works under 10 hours a day.	$\checkmark$	
2.	spends three and a half hours on the Internet every day.		
3.	gets up at 8:00 a.m. on weekdays.		
4.	eats cereal in the morning.		
5.	eats at a restaurant about four times a week.		
6.	uses public transportation every day.		

### **Listening** Teen habits

A • 1) 1.53 Read about the habits of an average teenager in the United States. Then listen to an interview with teenager Tyler Johnson. Complete the sentences about Tyler.

An average teenager	Tyler Johnson
• sends or receives over 200 text messages a day.	1. sends text messages a day.
listens to music for 2 hours every day.	2. listens to music for hours every day.
spends over 4 hours a day on the Internet.	3. spends hours a day on the Internet.
watches TV about 20 hours a week.	4. watches TV about hours a week.

About B (1) 1.54 Listen to some of Tyler's statements again. Are you like Tyler, or are you different? Check the correct box. Compare with a partner.

	1	2	3	4
I'm just like Tyler.				
I'm different from Tyler.				

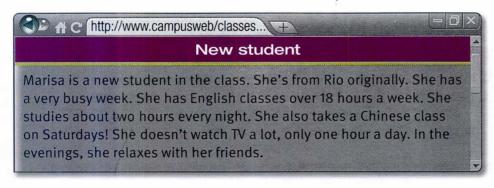


## Writing and speaking A typical week

A Complete the sentences. Then tell a partner about your typical week. Take notes on your partner's typical week.

A typical week for	me	A typical week for my partner
I take classes I work / study	hours a week.	
I spend	hours a week on the Internet.	
I watch TV I spend	hours a week. hours a week with my friends.	

**B** Read about a student on a class website. Circle the capital letters. Find a rule for each circled letter in the Help note.





#### Capitals and periods

Use CAPITAL letters for

- · new sentences.
- people's names.
- names of places.
- · names of languages.
- · days of the week.

Use a period (.) at the end of your sentences.

- C Write a profile about your partner. Use your notes from above to help you.
- Pair work Read your partner's profile. Ask three questions for more information.





#### **Learning tip** *Drawing pictures*

Draw and label simple pictures in your notebook. The pictures below show different verbs.

1 Label the pictures. Use a verb to describe each activity.









read the newspaper

2 Draw and label your own pictures of activities.



3 Complete the chart with your everyday activities.

Write two things you do .		
every day	I read the newspaper.	
in the afternoon		
on Sundays		
after breakfast		
before bed		



#### On your own

Write labels for the things you do every day. Put your labels around the house.



#### jo! Now I can.

- ✓ I can . . .
- I need to review how to . . .
- describe a typical morning.
- ask questions about weekly routines.
- answer questions with more than *yes* or *no* to be friendly.
- say *Well* to get time to think and to answer questions.
- understand conversations about routines.
- understand an interview about habits.
- read an article about the average American.
- write about a classmate for a class website.

#### UNIT

# Free time

## ☑ 🔐 In this unit, you learn how to . . .

#### Lesson A

- Talk about your free time
- Ask simple present information questions

#### Lesson B

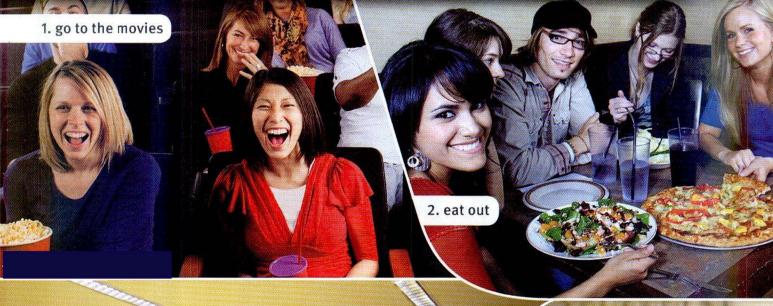
- Say how often you do things
- Talk about TV shows you like

#### Lesson C

- . Ask questions in two ways to be clear or not too direct
- Say I mean to say more or repeat ideas

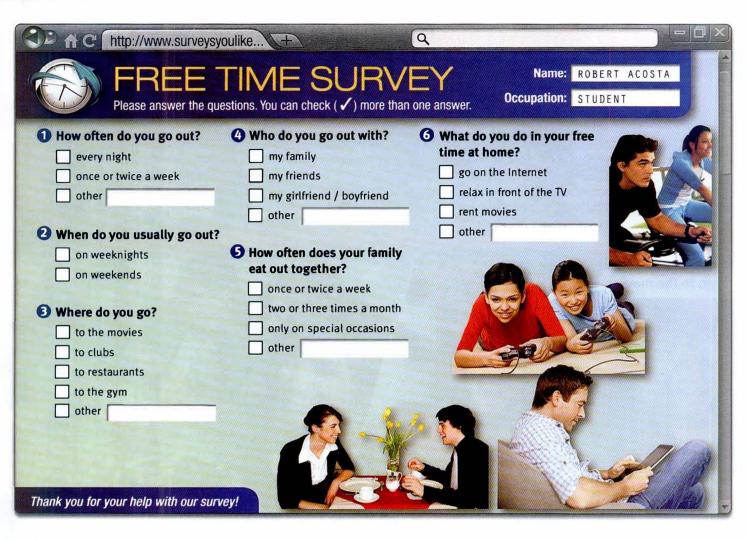
#### Lesson D

- · Read an article on technology addicts
- Email a friend for advice using and and but



3. go to a gym 4. go on the Internet Before you begin . . . • Do you do these things every day? ... every week? ... once a month?

## Going out



## Getting started

A What activities do you do in your free time? Tell the class.

"I play soccer." "I go to the gym."

- B ■) 2.01 Listen and read as Robert completes the survey with his friend Rebecca. Check (✓) his answers.
- Figure C Put the words in the correct order to make questions. Use the survey to help you. Then practice with a partner.
  - 1. A you / do / When / go out /?
    - B I go out on weekends.
  - 2. A Who / you / do /go out with /?
    - B I go out with my friends.

- 3. A What / in your free time / do / you / do /?
  - B I go on the Internet.
- 4. A your family / eat out together / How often / does /?
  - B Twice a month.
- About D Pair work Ask and answer the questions in the survey. Complete the survey for your partner.

2	G	ramma	<b>Ir</b> Sin	nple p	resent information	on ques	stio	ns	(i)) 2.02	xtra practice p. 143
		What Who When How often Where		you she he	do in your free time go out with? go out? eat out? go on Saturday nig		A f On Tw	rien the ice	my friends. ed. e weekends. a month. movies.	How often?  every day on Friday nights once a week three times a week
	A	Write info			stions to complete artner.	the con	vers	atio	ons.	twice a month
	1.		? Whe	re do j	ek. <u>You go</u> near my house.	_?		В	So	ut about once a month. ? a club or they eat out.
	2.	B Yeah?			n Friday nights. ds from work.	?	6.	В		ee time <u>before class.</u> ? é and read.
	3.				me a lot. ?0 times a day!		7.	В		sports <u>twice a week.</u> ?
	4.	B Really	?			?		В	I go out on Thurs  My sister. We go	
About	В	to your ov A I go to d B Really?	wn info a club o Who do	rmation nce a w	o with?	starting				Common errors  Don't forget to add do or doesbefore the subject.  Where does she go?  (NOT Where she goes?)
	اد	Do you go	THE REAL PROPERTY.		lly Do you Where do you go		hat	doj	<b>∕ou</b> do?	
	A B				at the questions a plete the conversa					
		A B Well, y	you roves, on	elax the we	in your free time? ekends.			A B A	Yes, I do. I like n	movies? novies a lot. ?
About	C				ey about weekend	s. <b>W</b> rite	five			

Then ask a partner your questions.

### TV shows



#### **Building language**

A ■)) 2.05 Listen. When does Mandy watch TV? Practice the conversation.

Eric This soup is delicious. What's in it? ... Mandy? Mandy!

Mandy I'm sorry, what?

Eric You know, sometimes I think you watch too much TV.

Mandy Oh, I hardly ever watch TV.

Eric Are you serious?

Mandy Well, sometimes I watch the morning shows. And I usually watch the late movie.

Eric And you always have dinner in front of the TV! I mean, you never talk to me.

Mandy Yes, I do! I talk to you during the commercials.



**B** Complete the sentences. Find the words in the conversation.

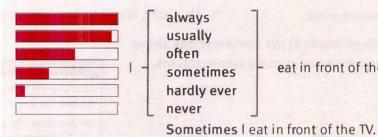
1. Mandy   watch TV. Well,   watch the morning sh	1. Mandy	١.	Mandy I watc	ch TV. Well,	watch the	morning show
---	----------	----	--------------	--------------	-----------	--------------

watch the late movie.

3. Eric You \_\_\_\_\_ have dinner in front of the TV. You \_\_\_\_\_ talk to me.

#### Grammar Frequency adverbs ◀)) 2.06

Extra practice 6, 143



eat in front of the TV.

In conversation People say Sometimes 1... 7 times more often than I sometimes . . . .

Sometimes I . . . I sometimes . . .

About Add frequency adverbs to make true sentences. Then compare with a partner.

- 1. I do my homework in front of the TV. I never do my homework in front of the TV.
- 2. I watch TV in the morning.
- 3. My family has dinner in front of the TV.
- 4. My best friend watches sports on TV.
- 5. My family watches movies on Friday nights.
- 6. I watch the news in the evening.
- 7. My friends and I watch TV shows in English.
- 8. I watch commercials on TV.
- A I never do my homework in front of the TV.
- B Really? Sometimes I do homework in front of the TV, but not every day.



#### Common errors

Don't put always, hardly ever, or never before the subject.

I always watch the news. (NOT Always I watch the news.)

## **3** Building vocabulary

A ■)) 2.07 Listen. What kinds of TV shows do you hear? Number the shows 1 to 8.

















Word B What kinds of shows do you like and dislike? Complete the chart. Add other kinds of shows.



About you C Pair work What kinds of TV shows does your partner like?

Ask about each type of show above.

A Do you like reality shows?

B Yes, I do. I often watch reality shows. My favorite is . . .

When you talk about your general likes and dislikes, use a plural noun.

I like cartoons and sitcoms.



## Talk about it How much TV do you watch?

- A Pair work Discuss the questions. How are you and your partner the same? How are you different? Take notes on your partner's answers.
- How many hours of TV do you watch a week?
- How often do you watch TV in bed?
- Do you ever fall asleep in front of the TV?
- How often do you watch TV on your computer?
- Do you watch TV on your phone or tablet?
- Do you think you watch too much TV?
- **B** Pair work Find a new partner. Ask and answer questions about each other's first partner.
  - A How often does Juan watch TV?
  - B He watches TV all the time! He watches the news in the morning and . . .

## Lesson C Conversation strategies

## Do you go straight home?

## Conversation strategy Asking questions in two ways

- A What do people often do after class? Think of six things and make a list.
- B (1) 2.08 Listen. What does Gabby do after class?



C Notice how Stan asks questions in two ways. His questions are clear and not too direct. Find examples in the conversation.

Stan So what do you do after class? Do you go straight home?

Gabby Well, usually. Sometimes I meet a friend for dinner.

Stan Oh, where do you go? I mean, do you go somewhere nice?

Gabby Do you know Fabio's? It's OK. I mean, the food's good, and it's cheap, but the service is terrible. Do you know it?

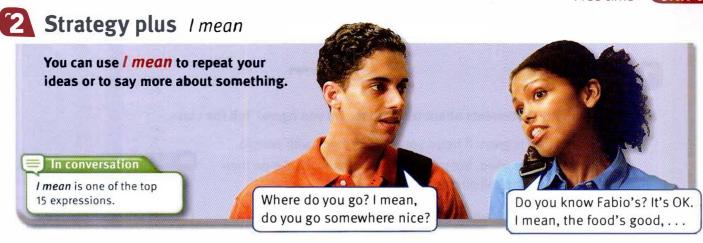
Stan Well, actually, I work there.

I'm a server.

"So what do you do after class? Do you go straight home?"

- D 4) 2.09 Match the first question to a good second question. Listen and check. Then practice.
- 1. What do you do for lunch? \_\_f\_\_
- 2. Where do you go after class? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. How often do you go shopping? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. Do you go to the gym in the mornings? \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Who do you hang out with from class? \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. How do you usually get home after class? \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. What's your favorite restaurant? \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. Do you ever feel tired after class? \_\_\_\_\_

- a. Do you take the subway or the bus?
- b. I mean, do you have friends in your class?
- c. I mean, do you need coffee?
  - d. Do you have a job in the evening?
  - e. I mean, do you exercise before class?
  - f. Do you take a short break?
  - g. I mean, do you go every weekend?
  - h. I mean, do you have a favorite?
- About | E Pair work Ask and answer the pairs of questions. Give your own answers.
  - A What do you do for lunch? Do you take a short break?
  - B Well, I usually go for a walk in the park and eat a sandwich.



A 1) 2.10 Complete the conversations with sentences from the box. Write a to f. Then listen and check.

a. I mean, we have dinner and watch a movie	a.	I mean,	we	have	dinner	and	watch	a	movie
---	----	---------	----	------	--------	-----	-------	---	-------

- b. I mean, I often go to bed early during the week.
- c. I mean, they're not cheap, but they're good.
- d. I mean, I have two part-time jobs.
- e. I mean, are they good?
- f. I mean, do you have any free time?

1.	A	Do you ever go out on weeknights?
	B	Well not very often

- 3. A Do you have time to relax on the weekends?
  - B Yeah. I spend time with my family. \_\_\_
- 2. A How do you like the restaurants around here? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. A What do you do in your free time? \_\_\_\_\_
  - B Well, I don't have a lot. \_\_\_\_\_

B They're OK. \_\_\_\_\_

- **B** Pair work Practice the conversations above. Then practice again giving your own answers. Use I mean.
  - A Do you ever go out on the weeknights?
  - B Well, sometimes. I mean, I sometimes meet a friend after class.

## Listening and strategies What's the question?

A	$\blacksquare$ )) 2.11 Listen to the things five people say. What questions are the people answering? Number the questions 1 to 5.
	So what do you usually do in the evenings? I mean, do you spend time with your family?
	Where do you go on Friday nights? I mean, do you usually go to a club?
	Do you know your neighbors? I mean, are they nice?
	Who's your best friend? I mean, who do you usually hang out with?
	So when do you usually have free time? I mean, do you have time during the week?

Pair work Ask and answer the questions above. Give your own answers.

Pair work Find a new partner. Think of a different second question for each question above. Then ask and answer the questions.

"So what do you usually do in the evenings? I mean, do you watch TV?"

## Technology addicts

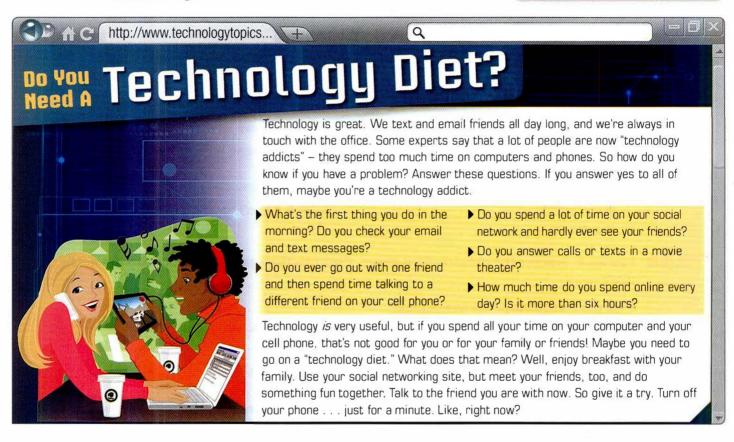
## Reading

- A Read the statements about technology. Do you agree? Tell the class.
- 1. Technology is great. It helps you keep in touch with people.
- 2. Technology is good, but people spend too much time on their computers and cell phones.
- B Read the article. What do technology addicts do? Find six things.

#### Reading tip

Before you read an article, read the title. Ask yourself questions. For example:

What is a technology diet? Do I need it?



C According to the article, what is good advice for a technology addict? What is bad advice? Check (✓) the boxes.

		Good advice	Bad advice
1.	Send a lot of text messages when you're at the movies.		
2.	Meet face-to-face with family and friends.		
3.	Turn off your cell phone sometimes.		
4.	Check your email right after you get up in the morning.		
5.	Spend more time with friends and less time on social networks.		
6.	Eat meals with your family and talk.		

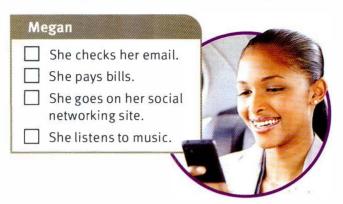
### Listening and speaking Using phones

A What do people use their phones for? How many different ideas can you think of? Tell the class.

"They go on the Internet."

"They send text messages."

**B**  $\P$ ) 2.12 Listen. How do Megan and Ryan use their phones? Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the boxes.





About Vous Pair work Discuss the questions. Do you and your partner use phones for the same things?

- What kind of phone do you have?
- What do you use your phone for?
- Do you send a lot of text messages?
- Who do you usually text?

- Who do you usually call?
- Do you use your phone everywhere?
- Where don't you use your phone?

10 Sounds right p. 137

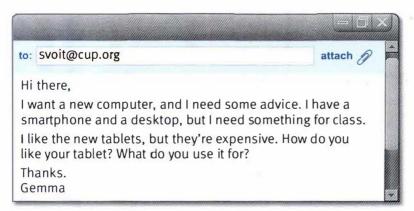
#### **3** Writing Technology and you

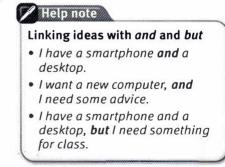
A How do you use your computer or phone? Make a list of the different ways.

My computer I check my social network five or six times a day.

I don't send a lot of emails.

B Read the email and the Help note. Underline the words and and but.





- C Write a reply to the email above. Use and and but to link your ideas. Then read your classmates' replies. Do they give the same advice as you?
- Pair work Take the quiz in the article with a partner. Ask and answer the questions. Does your partner need a technology diet? Do you?

#### **Learning tip** Verbs + . . .

Write down verbs and the words you can use after them.

play music sports soccer

1 Which words and expressions in the box go with the verbs below? Complete the chart.

a class breakfas	dinner t homework	lessons lunch	√music on a team	snacks soccer	the laundry video games	
play	music	eat		take		do

2 Now think of words and expressions that go with these verbs.

go to a class watch documentaries read
out



Make a vocabulary "flip pad." On each page, write a verb with words you can use after it. Look through it when you have time.



## S G

#### Can! Now I can.

- ✓ I can...
  - ? I need to review how to . . .
- ask and answer questions about my free time.
- say how often I do things.
- talk about the TV shows I like and don't like.
- ask a question in two ways to be clear or not too direct.
- use *I mean* to say more or repeat ideas.
- understand the main topics in everyday conversations.
- understand a conversation about cell phones.
- read an article about technology addicts.
- write an email to a friend to ask for advice.

# Neighborhoods

## ☑ 🔐 In this unit, you learn how to . .

#### Lesson A

- Say what's in a neighborhood with There's / There are
- Describe places

#### Lesson B

- Tell the time and ask questions with What time . . . ?
- Make suggestions with Let's

#### Lesson C

- Say Me too or Me neither to show things in common
- Say Right or I know to agree

#### Lesson D

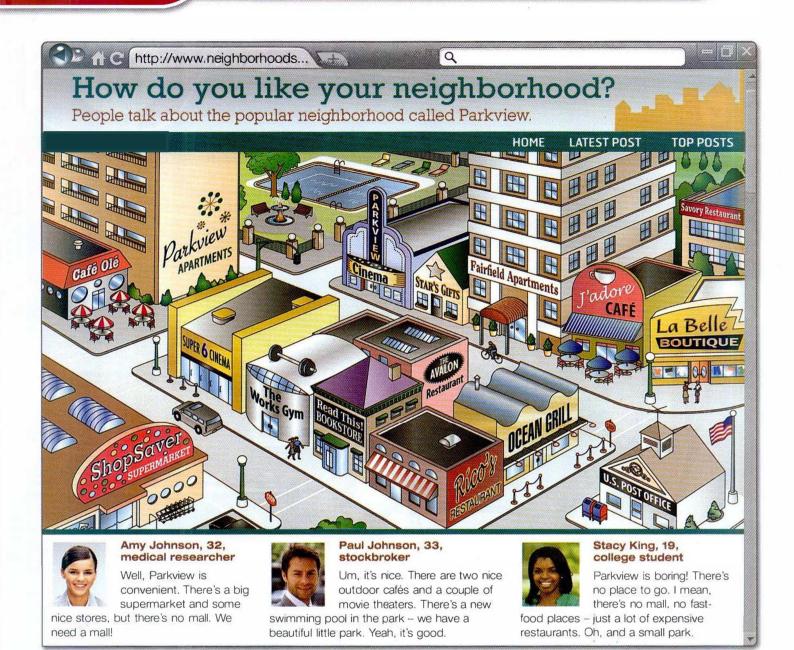
- Read a guide to New York City
- Write a city guide using prepositions

# 2. a stadium 1. a mall 4. a museum Before you begin. • What do people do at these places?

3. a park

Do you have places like these in your city?

## Nice places



## Getting started

	U	etting started					
	A	Look at the map of Parkview	w. Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the places	yοι	ı see. What other places	do	you see?
		an apartment building an outdoor café	a supermarket a fast-food place		a mall a swimming pool	=	a movie theater a post office
	В	(3) 2.13 Listen and read. Wh	o likes Parkview? Why?				
igure <b>III</b>	C	Circle the correct words to	complete the sentences.	. U:	se the posts above to he	lp y	ou.
	1.	There's / There are a big su	permarket.	4.	Parkview has a lot of ex	pen	sive
	2.	There's / There are two nice	e outdoor cafés.		restaurant / restaurant	S.	
	3.	There's no / some mall.		5.	It has a couple of movie	thea	aters / theater.



#### Grammar There's and There are; quantifiers ◀)) 2.14

#### Extra practice p. 144

**Singular** There's **a** park in my neighborhood.

There's an outdoor café.

There's **no** mall.

Plural There are a lot of restaurants.

There are **some** outdoor café**s**.

There are a couple of movie theaters.

There are no clubs.

There's = There is

#### **Adjectives before nouns**

There's a **small** park.
There's a **beautiful** pool.
There's a **new** restaurant.

There are some expensive stores.

#### In conversation

People often say *There's* before plural nouns, but it is not correct to write this.

A What else can you say about Parkview? Look at the map on page 54 and match the two parts of the sentences. Compare with a partner.

- 1. There's a \_\_d\_
- 2. There's no \_\_\_\_
- 3. There are no \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. There are a couple of \_\_\_\_
- 5. There are a lot of \_\_\_\_\_

- a. expensive restaurants.
- b. big apartment buildings.
- c. stadium.
- d. small gym.
- e. clubs.

About B Add adjectives to these sentences. Change a or an if necessary. Then make the sentences true for your neighborhood. Compare ideas with a partner.

good

- 1. There are no movie theaters around here. (good)
- 2. There are a lot of fast-food places. (cheap)
- 3. There are a couple of clubs. (fun)
  - "There's a big movie theater in my neighborhood."
- 4. There's a museum. (interesting)
- 5. There's no subway station. (convenient)
- 6. There's an outdoor café. (nice)

## Speaking naturally Word stress





There are some nice cafés. (NOT <del>nices</del> cafés)

- A 1) 2.15 Listen and repeat the words above. Notice the word stress.
- B (3) 2.16 Listen and repeat these words. Then write the words in the correct column.

✓ movie	beautiful
✓ stadium	convenient
✓ apartment	building
museum	noisy
expensive	theater
neighborhood	boring

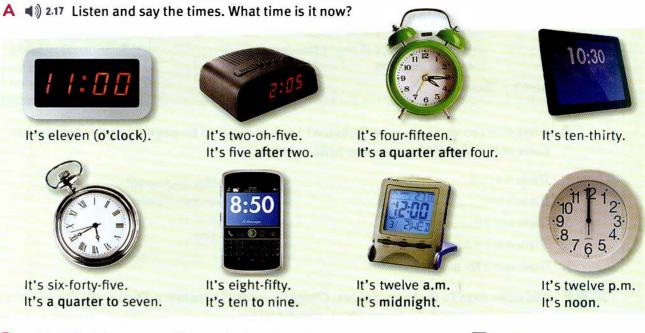


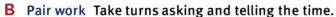
Pair work Use the words above to describe a perfect neighborhood. What's there? What's not there? Make a list of five places in your perfect neighborhood. Then tell the class.

"Well, there are a lot of great cafés in our perfect neighborhood."

## What time is it?

## Building vocabulary

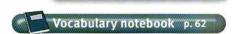






- 3:40
- a.m. = before 12 noon p.m. = after 12 noon
  - People say (hour)-fifteen more than a quarter after (hour).

- A What time is it?
- B It's five-fifteen. OR It's a quarter after five.



a quarter after two

#### **2** Listening What's on this weekend?

■ 3) 2.18 How often do you go to events like these? Tell the class. Then listen to the radio show and complete the chart.



Event	Where is it?	What time does it start?
1. concert		
2. soccer match		
3. art exhibit		
4. play		

## **3** Building language

Figure it out

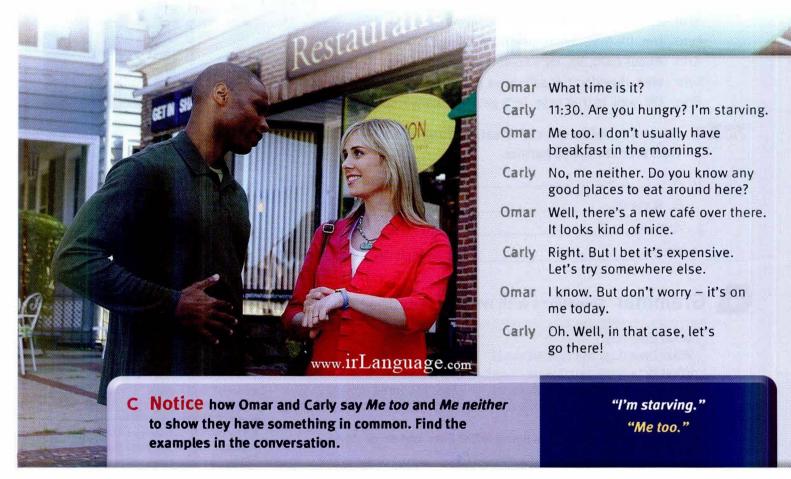
About

A		2.19 Listen. What time is the concert? Practic	ce the	conversation	1.
Er Ky Er Ky Er Ky	in le in le in	Hey Erin, there's a free concert at the park tonight. Really? That sounds like fun. What time does it start? It starts at 7:30. Well, let's go. What time is it now? Um, it's 5:30. What time do you finish? About 6:00. So, let's meet there about 7:00. Well, they don't usually have a lot of seats, so Oh, well, in that case, let's get there early – sa	)	ound 6:45?	
В		an you complete the conversations? Use the conversations? Use the conversations?	onve	rsation above	to help you.
1.	Α	the concert s	tart?		
		It starts7:00.			
2.		Let's to a more		night.	
		OK meet at t		_	
G	ra	mmar Questions with What time; sugg	gesti	ons with <i>Let</i>	'S ◀ 1)) 2.20 Extra practice p. 144
1	Nha Nha	at time is it?  at time does the concert start?  at time do supermarkets close?  at time do you go out at night?  It's 6:30.  It starts at ni  (At) about 10  Usually arou	):00 p	clock. .m.	Suggestions Let's go to the concert. Let's meet at 6:45. Let's get there early.
	Wha Wha Wha	at time does the concert start? It starts at ni at time do supermarkets close? (At) about 10	0:00 p nd 8:0	clock. .m. 00 or 8:30.	Suggestions Let's go to the concert. Let's meet at 6:45.
A	Wha Wha Co	at time does the concert start? It starts at ni at time do supermarkets close? (At) about 10 Usually arou  omplete the questions using What time and do omplete the suggestions with Let's.	0:00 p nd 8:0 o or a	clock. .m. 00 or 8:30.	Suggestions Let's go to the concert. Let's meet at 6:45. Let's get there early.  You can ask people you don't know
A	Wha Wha Co Co	at time does the concert start? It starts at ni at time do supermarkets close? (At) about 10 Usually arou  omplete the questions using What time and do omplete the suggestions with Let's.	o or a	clock. .m. 00 or 8:30.	Suggestions Let's go to the concert. Let's meet at 6:45. Let's get there early.  In conversation  You can ask people you don't know Excuse me, do you have the time?
A	Wha Wha Co Co A B	at time does the concert start?  at time do supermarkets close?  at time do you go out at night?  It starts at ni  (At) about 10  Usually arou  omplete the questions using What time and domplete the suggestions with Let's.  Hey, there's a jazz concert on Saturday.	o or a  3. A	clock. 0.m. 00 or 8:30.  loes.  Great!	Suggestions Let's go to the concert. Let's meet at 6:45. Let's get there early.  In conversation  You can ask people you don't know Excuse me, do you have the time?  go to the pool tomorrow.
<b>A</b>	What What What Coo Coo A B A A B	at time does the concert start?  at time do supermarkets close?  at time do you go out at night?  It starts at ni  (At) about 10  Usually arou  omplete the questions using What time and do omplete the suggestions with Let's.  Hey, there's a jazz concert on Saturday.  Really? What time does It start?  It starts at 8:00 p.m.	o or a  3. A  B  A  4. A	Glock.  On or 8:30.  Great!  I think it ope  on Saturday  OK  on weekend	Suggestions Let's go to the concert. Let's meet at 6:45. Let's get there early.  In conversation  You can ask people you don't know Excuse me, do you have the time?  go to the pool tomorrow.  it open?  ns early, like around 7:00 a.m.  meet for breakfast .  you get up
<b>A</b> 1.	What What A A A A	at time does the concert start? It starts at ni (At) about 10 Usually arou  omplete the questions using What time and domplete the suggestions with Let's.  Hey, there's a jazz concert on Saturday. Really? What time does it start?  It starts at 8:00 p.m.  have dinner after the concert.  OK. But have dinner?  Oh, around midnight.	o or a  3. A  B  A	clock. o.m. 00 or 8:30.  loes.  Great! I think it ope  on Saturday OK on weekend Oh, I usually	Suggestions Let's go to the concert. Let's meet at 6:45. Let's get there early.  In conversation  You can ask people you don't know Excuse me, do you have the time?  go to the pool tomorrow.  it open?  ns early, like around 7:00 a.m.  meet for breakfast  you get up s?  get up at about 8:00.
A 1.	What What What What What What What What	at time does the concert start?  at time do supermarkets close?  at time do you go out at night?  Complete the questions using What time and domplete the suggestions with Let's.  Hey, there's a jazz concert on Saturday.  Really?	o or a  3. A  B  A  4. A  B  A	clockm. 00 or 8:30.  loes.  Great! I think it ope  on Saturday OK on weekend Oh, I usually I changing the	Suggestions Let's go to the concert. Let's meet at 6:45. Let's get there early.  In conversation You can ask people you don't know Excuse me, do you have the time?  go to the pool tomorrow.  it open?  ns early, like around 7:00 a.m.  meet for breakfast  you get up s?  get up at about 8:00.

A Let's go to the soccer game at the stadium tomorrow night.

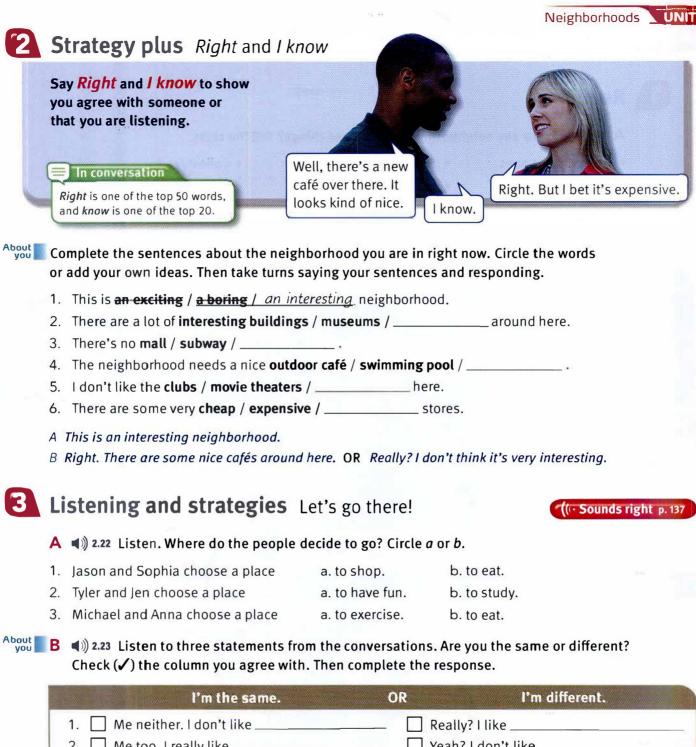
B OK. What time does it start?

- **Conversation strategy** Me too and Me neither
  - A Look at the photo. Can you guess the topic of Omar and Carly's conversation?
  - B (1) 2.21 Listen. What's the café like?



- D Write me too or me neither to complete the conversations. Then practice with a partner.
- 1. A I'm really hungry.
  - B Yeah, me too
- 2. A I don't have a lot of money with me. 5. A I don't often have lunch at home.
- 3. A I never go to expensive restaurants. 6. A I really like outdoor cafés.
  - B No, \_\_\_\_\_.

- 4. A Sometimes I eat at fast-food places.
  - B Yeah, \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- - B Oh, \_\_\_\_\_.
- About | E Pair work Make the sentences above true for you. Then take turns saying your sentences and responding.
  - A I'm not very hungry right now.
  - B Me neither. OR Really? I'm starving.



I'm the same.	OR I'm different.	
1. Me neither. I don't like	Really? I like	
2. Me too. I really like	Yeah? I don't like	
3.	Really? I think	

About Choose one of these situations. Make suggestions and choose a place to go together.

It's a beautiful day. Choose a place to sit in the sun.

It's Friday night. Choose a place to have some fun.

It's noon and you're hungry. Choose a place to eat together.

A Let's go somewhere and sit in the sun. It's a beautiful day.

B I know. Well, let's go to the park and get an ice cream.

Free talk p. 132

#### Lesson **D**

## A neighborhood guide



- A Do you know any neighborhoods with these things? Tell the class.
- unusual boutiques
- expensive jewelry stores
- comedy clubs

- · poetry readings
- art galleries
- B Read the website guide to a New York City neighborhood. What kinds of places are there? What do people do there?

1. Bleecker Street is a great place to go window-shopping.

3. Washington Square Park has free galleries.

5. The Forbes Galleries are expensive.

2. Washington Square Park opens at one o'clock in the morning.

4. www.gothamjazz.com is a website with information on jazz clubs.

#### Reading tip

Look at the photos in an article first. They can tell you what the article is about.



## **Talk about it** Exciting places

Group work Answer the questions below. Discuss your ideas. Agree on the best places.

#### What's ...

a great place to shop? a good place to find unusual clothes? a fun place to go window-shopping?





# Where's . . . an "artsy" neighborhood? a fun place to people watch? a beautiful park?



a popular club? a good place for live music? a good place to see art exhibits?





#### Where's . . .

the best outdoor café? an interesting museum? an unusual building?

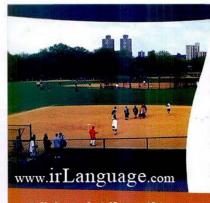
- A Shinjuku is the best place to shop. There are a lot of cool shops there.
- B I know. But I think Ginza is the best place. It's expensive, but window-shopping is fun.

## **3** Writing A neighborhood guide

A Choose a place to include in a neighborhood guide. Write down the information you need. Think about the questions below.

Where is it?	Why do you like it?	What time does it open and close?	Where can you get information?
>	4		

B Read the Help note and then circle the prepositions in the neighborhood guide below.



#### Wilson Park

Wilson Park is a beautiful park on Green Street in Fairview. It's a great place to play sports. There's a soccer field, a couple of baseball fields, and some free tennis courts. There are free concerts at the stadium on the weekends. They start at 5:00 p.m. There's also a nice café, and it's open from 9:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m., Tuesday through Sunday.

Call the Park Office at 686-555-2400 between 9:00 and 5:00 for more information.

- About you Write a neighborhood guide like the one above.

  Use your ideas from above to help you.
  - D Read your classmates' guides. Find an interesting place to go.



#### **Prepositions**

- Wilson Park is on Green Street.
- It's in Fairview.
- Park hours are from 7:00 a.m.
   to 9:00 p.m.
- Call between 9:00 and 5:00.
- Concerts are **at** 5 p.m. **at** the stadium.
- The park is open Tuesday through Sunday.
- There are free concerts on the weekends.
- Call the Park Office at 555-2400 for more information.

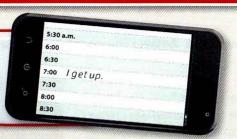


## Vocabulary notebook

#### A time and a place . . .

#### Learning tip Linking ideas

Link ideas together. For example, you can link the time of day with the things you do.



1 When do you usually do these things each day? Write the times.

6:30 a.m.	get up	finish work / school
	eat breakfast	get home
	go to work / school	have dinner
	eat lunch	go to bed

2 Make a daily planner like the one below on your computer. What do you and your family usually do at different times?



#### On your own

Draw a clock face. Where are you at each time of the day? Write notes next to the hours.



## V Con! Now I can .

- ✓ I can . . . ? I need to review how to . . .
- describe a neighborhood.
- ask for and tell the time.
- make suggestions.
- show I have something in common with someone.
- agree with someone.

- understand announcements about events.
- understand conversations about arrangements.
- read a travel guide.
- write a city travel guide.

## Checkpoint \ Units 4-6

7	That's	not	quite	right.
			7	

	T	F		T	
1. Our English class is in the morning.			6. We have a lot of homework.		
2. I never come to class late.			7. The students sometimes eat in class.		
3. We have class three times a week.			8. Our teacher drives a car to class.		
4. There are 30 students in this room.			9. Cell phones often ring in class.		
5. There's a coffee break at 10:30 a.m.			10. We go out to a club after class.		

## How much do you know about your partner?

Complete the sentences to make guesses about a partner. Then ask your partner questions to find out if you are right or wrong.

Your guesses: My partner	THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	guesses wrong?
1. <u>doesn't read</u> a lot of books.	<b>✓</b>	
2 the news on TV every night.		
3 with his / her parents.		
4 an hour a day on the Internet.		
5 at 6:00 a.m. on the weekends.		
6 tennis very well.		

- A Do you read a lot of books?
- B No, I don't. But I read the news on the Internet.
- A OK. I'm right about that. Do you . . . ?

## How well do you know your city?

Complete the chart. Then use the words to tell a partner five things about your city. Does your partner agree?

Places in a city	Words to describe places	Useful
restaurant	expensive	a coup some a lot of
		по

- A There are a lot of expensive restaurants in our city.
- B Right, but they're not very good.

#### Useful expressions

a couple of some a lot of no

## Ask a question in two ways; answer more than yes or no.

- A Write a second question for each question below. Start the second question with I mean.
- 1. What's your neighborhood like? <u>I mean, do you like it?</u>
- 2. How often do you text your friends? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 3. What kinds of sports do you watch on TV?
- 4. What time do you get up on the weekends?
- 5. Who does the laundry at your house? \_\_\_\_\_
- **B** Pair work Take turns asking and answering the questions. Say more than yes or no in your answers. Use *Well* if your answer isn't a simple yes or no.
  - A What's your neighborhood like? I mean, do you like it?
  - B Well, it's not exciting, but there are a lot of beautiful parks.

## **5** Are you the same or different?

A Unscramble the words to find eight kinds of TV shows.

paso preoa
het senw
elarity hosw
mucrtayenod

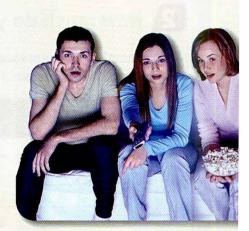
- B Pair work Talk about your TV habits. Use *Me too* and *Me neither* if you're the same. Use *Really?* . . . if you're different.
  - A I never watch cartoons.
  - B Me neither. I don't like cartoons. OR Really? I love cartoons.

## What's your routine?

Complete each question with a verb. Can you think of four more questions? Then ask and answer with a partner.

breakfast? to work or to class? home at night?	time with your family? out with your friends? to the movies?
How often do you	Where do you

- A What time do you have breakfast?
- B I usually eat breakfast around seven o'clock.



# Out and about

# Can! In this unit, you learn how to . . .

#### Lesson A

- Describe the weather
- Talk about ongoing activities with the present continuous

#### Lesson B

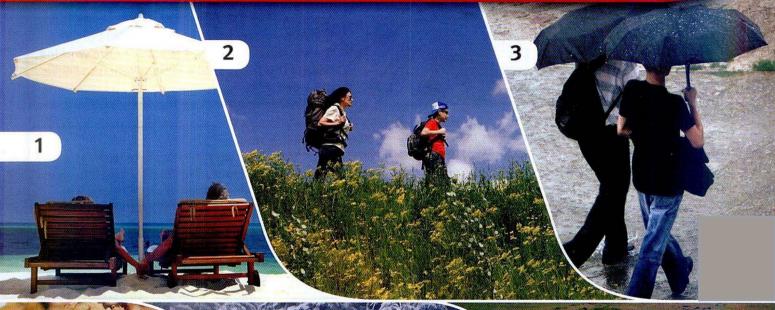
- Talk about sports and exercise
- Ask about current activities using the present continuous

#### Lesson C

- Ask follow-up questions to keep a conversation going
- React to news with That's great, That's too bad, etc.

#### Lesson D

- Read an article about exergaming
- Write an article about exercise using imperatives





### Before you begin . . .

Match the pictures and seasons. Which seasons do you have? What's the weather usually like in each season?

- spring
- fall
- rainy season

- 1 summer
- winter
- dry season

It's hot and humid.
It's warm and sunny.
It's cool. It's often cloudy.
It's windy. It's cold.
It rains.
It snows.

# Away for the weekend

It's 2:30 p.m. on Saturday, and Anita is at work in San Francisco. She usually relaxes on Saturdays, but she's working this weekend. Right now she's taking a break and listening to her voice mail. All her friends are having fun!

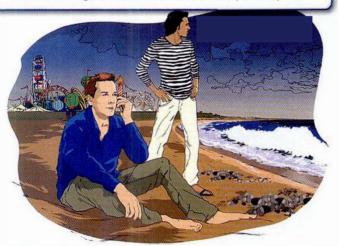


#### Saturday, 8:45 a.m.

Hi, Anita. This is Yoko. I'm calling from a ski resort in Lake Tahoe. Lisa and I are skiing today. It's so beautiful here, and there's lots of snow. It's snowing right now. I'm sorry you're working. What's the weather like in San Francisco? Give me a call. Bye.

#### Saturday, 10:20 a.m.

Hi, it's Bill. Listen, Marcos and I are at the beach in Santa Cruz. Come and join us! Don't worry – we're not swimming. It's too cold and cloudy. See you.



#### Saturday, 11:15 a.m.

Hey, Anita. This is Nathan. I'm in San Jose with Katie and Rob. They're playing tennis, and I'm watching. It's nice and sunny. I hope it's not raining there. Call me! Bye.



# Getting started

- A Look at the pictures. Where is Anita? Where are her friends?
- B (1) 2.24 Listen. What's the weather like in each place?

#### Figure C What are Anita and her friends doing? Circle the correct words.

- 1. Anita usually relaxes on Saturdays, but today she works / she's working!
- 2. Yoko says, "Lisa and I am / are skiing today. It snows / It's snowing here right now."
- 3. Bill says, "Marcos and I are at the beach . . . we're not / we don't swimming. It's too cold!"
- 4. Nathan says, "I'm in San Jose with Katie and Rob. They / They're playing tennis."

#### Grammar Present continuous statements ◄) 2.25

#### Extra practice p. 145

#### Use the present continuous to talk about right now or today.

I'm You're She's He's (not) -It's We're They're

calling working skiing having raining swimming

playing

from home. today. with a friend. fun. right now. in the ocean. tennis.

#### The contractions isn't and aren't often follow nouns:

Marcos isn't working. Marcos and Bill aren't swimming.

#### Spelling

work working swim swimming

having have

#### In conversation

In the present continuous. people usually use 's not and 're not after pronouns. People don't usually say we aren't. they aren't, he isn't, etc.

#### A ■ 2.26 Complete Anita's other voice mail messages. Then listen and check.

Saturday, 11:45 a.m.

Hi, Anita. This is Andrea. I'm calling (call) from the mall. I'm in a café with Chris. We \_\_\_\_\_ (have) lunch right now. Chris \_\_\_\_\_ (not stay) long. He \_\_\_\_\_ (shop) for a new computer. So let's meet. Give me a call, See you!

Saturday, 1:30 p.m.

Hey, Anita, it's me, John. I'm at Andrew's house.

We \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) the baseball game. The Giants

(not play)

very well. And now it \_\_\_\_

(rain). Um. let's meet for dinner. Call me on my cell. Bye.

Saturday, 2:00 p.m.

Hi. Where are you? I hope you

\_\_\_\_\_ (not work). Listen, Chloe \_\_\_\_\_ (not work)

today, and I (not do)

anything special. You know,

I \_\_\_\_\_ (clean) the house,

and Chloe \_\_\_\_\_ (do) laundry. So come over around 5:00,

and have an early dinner. Call me.

B Prepare a voice mail message for a friend. Then take turns saying your messages to the class. Who's having the most fun?

"Hi there. This is \_\_\_\_\_

I'm at \_\_\_\_\_. I'm \_\_\_\_\_.

The weather is \_\_\_\_\_\_ it \_\_\_

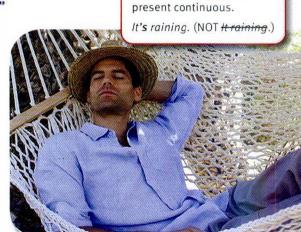
Common errors

Always use be with the

# Talk about it What's your "perfect" day?

- A Imagine you are having a perfect day. Think of answers to the questions below.
- Where are you?
- What's the weather like?
- Who are you with?
- What are you doing?

"On my perfect day, I'm at the beach. It's very hot and I'm sleeping. I'm . . . "

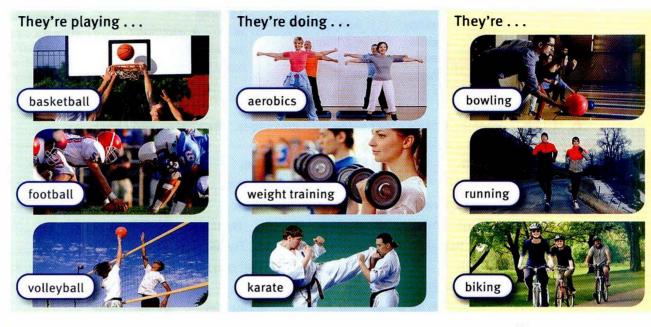


B Class activity Go around the class, and tell your classmates about your perfect day. Can you find anyone with the same ideas?

# Sports and exercise

# Building vocabulary

A ■)) 2.27 Listen and repeat the sentences.



Word B Complete the chart with the activities above and add your own ideas. Compare with a partner.

Sometimes I	l never
do aerobics.	play soccer.



Vocabulary notebook p. 74

# Building language

A 1) 2.28 Listen. Is Carl studying hard this semester? What is he doing right now? Practice the conversation.

Dad Hi, Carl. It's me. How's it going?

Carl Oh, hi, Dad. Everything's great.

Dad So are you studying for your exams?

Carl Oh, yeah. I'm working very hard this semester.

Dad Good. So what are you doing right now? Are you studying?

Carl Uh, Dad, right now I'm watching a baseball game.

Dad Baseball? . . . Uh, who's playing?

Carl The Yankees and the Red Sox.

Dad Really? Uh, Carl, ... let's talk again in two hours.

Carl OK, Dad. Enjoy the game!

Dad You too. But please try and study for your exams!



Figure B Underline the questions in the conversation above. What do you notice about the word order?

1.

2.

Extra practice p. 145

this season these days

rammar	Present continu	uous questions •	(1)) 2.29		Extra praction
What is	westions you doing these of Carl watching on he talking to rig	days? TV?	nformation question Who 's playing? ( Who 's watching t	The Yank	(ees.)
Are yo Is Ca Are the	e Yankees <b>playin</b>	ng hard? ing the game? g?	Yes, they are.		s not. y're not.
	ery hard this seme	ous for activities "a ster.	round now."		Time expressions right now
What <u>are</u>	you <u>doing</u>	the present contin _ (do) for exercise )?you _	these days?		today this morning this week this month this year this semester

\_\_\_\_\_your best friend \_\_\_\_\_ (take) an exercise class? \_\_\_\_\_ (exercise) more – you or your best friend?

\_\_\_you \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) any special sporting events on TV this week?

7. \_\_\_\_\_ your friends \_\_\_\_\_ (play) on any sports teams this year? How about you?

\_\_you \_\_\_\_ (get) enough exercise?

8. How \_\_\_\_\_\_your favorite sports team \_\_\_\_\_ (do) this season? Who on the team \_\_\_\_\_ (play) well?

**B** Pair work Ask and answer the questions. Give your own answers.

A What are you doing for exercise these days?

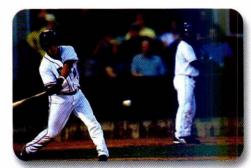
B Well, I'm taking a weights class at the gym this month.

# Speaking naturally Stress and intonation in questions

How often do you go to the gym?

Are you going a lot these days?

- A ■) 2.30 Listen and repeat the questions. Notice how the words gym and lot are stressed. Notice how the voice falls on gym and rises on lot.
- **B** (1) 2.31 Listen. Repeat these pairs of questions.
- 1. How often do you play sports? Are you playing a lot these days?
- 2. When do you study? Are you studying hard right now?
- 3. How are your **classes** going this year? I mean, are they going well?



C Pair work Ask and answer the questions above. Give your own answers.

Sounds right

# Conversation How's it going?

# **Conversation strategy** Asking follow-up questions

- A Look at the picture of Tina, Kate, and Ray. What are they doing?
- B 4) 2.32 Listen. What is Kate doing in Laguna Beach this week?



D (1) 2.33 Complete the conversations with the follow-up questions. There is one extra question. Then listen and check your answers. Practice with a partner.

	,	
Α	You know, I'm taking a French class.	Are you taking any interesting classes?
В	Really?	Are you enjoying it?
A	Yeah. It's going pretty well. I like it.	
В	That's good	So do you have an e-reader?
Α	Yeah. It's interesting. So how	Are you learning about the culture, too
	about you?	So where are you going? To clubs?
 A	I'm reading a couple of really good books.	What are you reading?
В	Yeah?	
А	Oh, a book by Suzanne Collins, and a book	

about music. B That's interesting. \_ 2 Strategy plus That's . . .

You can use expressions with **That's** ... to react to news.

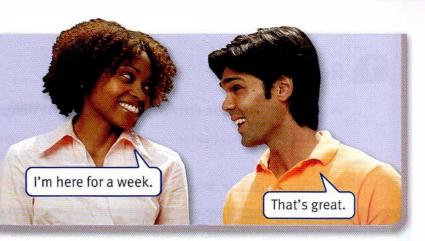
#### In conversation

The top expressions for good news are:

That's good | great | nice | interesting | cool | wonderful.

The top expressions for bad news are:

Oh, that's too bad / terrible.



Complete the responses using an expression with *That's*. Then practice with a partner.

1.	Α	I'm taking a yoga course this week. I'm really enjoying it.
	В	Oh,
2.	Α	I'm feeling really tired. I'm not sleeping well and I'm not eating.
	В	Really?
3.	Α	A friend of mine is studying sports science.
	В	Really?

4. A My friends are on vacation this week. They're biking in the Alps.

B **Oh**, \_\_\_\_\_.

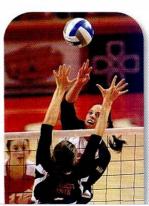
Listening and strategies That's great!

A (1) 2.34 Listen to six people tell you their news. Respond using an expression with *That's*. Then choose a good follow-up question. Write the letters a to f.

1.	That's	 
2.	That's	 
3.	That's	 
4.	That's	 
5.	That's	 
4	That's	

- a. So what are you reading right now?
- b. Who's playing?
- c. So what are you doing? I mean, are you making coffee?
- d. It sounds interesting. Is it playing every day?
- e. What's she doing all day? Is she blogging?
- f. Why is he seeing her? Do you know?
- B ◀)) 2.34 Listen again. Write one piece of information about each person's news.
- About C Pair work Take turns telling your partner some interesting news. Respond with *That's . . .* and ask follow-up questions.
  - A I'm playing on the school volleyball team this year.
  - B That's great. How's the team doing?

Free talk p. 133



# Staying in shape



- A For which exercise activities do you do these things? Tell the class.
- have a personal trainer
- buv special equipment

• pay a fee

get feedback on your progress

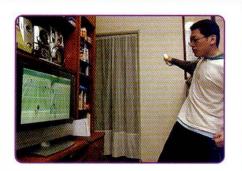
Reading tip

Read the main headings first. They tell you what the article covers.

B Read the article. Why is exergaming a good idea?

# EXERGAMING Give it a try!

College student Aaron Case plays tennis every day, even when it's raining – like today. But Aaron isn't getting wet. He's playing against a virtual tennis professional on his TV. These days, there are millions of "exergamers" like Aaron. They're skiing, playing golf, and doing karate in their own homes. Video exercise games are popular with people of all ages, and it's easy to see why.





- ► The weather is never a problem. Is it raining or snowing? Maybe it's hot and humid outside. Don't worry. Exercise indoors.
- ▶ It's convenient. Stay home and work out in front of your TV!
- ▶ It's motivating. Don't pay for an expensive personal trainer. With exergaming, you see your scores and get feedback on your progress.
- ► There's variety. Try something new. Exergames have everything from aerobics to yoga. There are a lot of different types of games, so you never get bored.
- ▶ It's fun. Work out with a friend, or play a game with a family member.
- ▶ It's not expensive. Forget about monthly gym fees. Just buy the basic equipment and a game, and after that, exergaming is free!

So, if you're looking for convenient, cheap, and fun ways to exercise, why not give exergaming a try?

C	According to the article, are these sentences true or false? Check ( $\checkmark$ ) <i>True</i> (T) or <i>False</i> (F)					
	Correct the false statements.	Т	F			
1.	Aaron Case is playing tennis outdoors in the rain.					
2.	Only young people enjoy exergaming.					
3.	Some personal trainers are expensive.					
4.	Exergamers don't get bored.					
5.	You pay monthly fees for some games.					
6.	The equipment for exergaming is free.					

Pair work Do you agree that exergaming is good exercise? Why or why not? Discuss with your partner.

- A Look at the pictures below. What are the people doing? Do you or your friends do these things?
- **B** (1) 2.35 Listen to four conversations. Number the pictures 1 to 4.



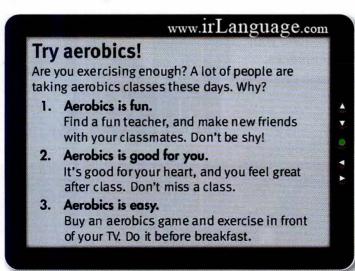
C (3) 2.35 Listen again. Answer the questions in the chart.

	How often do the people do the activities?	What do they like about the activities?
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		

About D Pair work What do you think about the different activities above? Discuss the pros and cons.

# **3** Writing Get moving!

A Read the Help note and the article. Underline the verbs that are imperatives for advice.





- About B Choose an exercise activity you enjoy. Write an article giving ideas and advice like the one above.
  - C Pair work Read a classmate's article. Ask questions to find out more information.

## Who's doing what?

## **Learning tip** Writing true sentences

To remember new vocabulary, use words in true sentences.

1 Complete the sentences about the weathe	1	Complete	the sentend	es about	the	weather
---	---	----------	-------------	----------	-----	---------

1.	Right now it	outside.
2.	At this time of year, it usually	
3.	In the summer, it	
4.	In the winter, it	
5.	I like the weather when it	<del>-</del>

#### = In

#### In conversation

#### It's cold outside!

In the U.S. and Canada, the top six weather expressions with *it's* are:

- 1. It's cold.
- 2. It's hot.
- 3. It's raining.
- 4. It's windy.
- 5. It's humid.
- 6. It's snowing.

People say *It's cold* 10 times more than *It's hot*.

2 Write the names of at least three people you know. Complete the chart with true sentences.

	Name	Where is he or she right now?	What is he or she doing right now?	What is he or she doing these days?
1	my brother Juan	He's at school.	He's studying math right now.	He's playing soccer and basketball.
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				



#### On your own

but I don't like it when it

Take a minute this week, and look around you. What are people doing? Write six sentences.



# V

# Do! Now I can . .

- ✓ I can . . . ? I need to review how to . . .
- describe the weather.
- talk about sports and exercise.
- ask questions about what people are doing.
- keep a conversation going.
- react to good or bad news.

- listen and respond to people's news.
- understand people talking about their exercise routines.
- read an article about exergaming.
- write a short article giving advice about exercise.

#### UNIT

# Shopping

✓ ਿ

In this unit, you learn how to . . .

#### Lesson A

- Talk about clothes
- Say what you like to, want to, need to, and have to do

#### Lesson B

- Talk about accessories
- Ask about prices using How much ...?, this, that, these, and those

#### Lesson C

- Take time to think using Uh. Let's see. etc.
- · Use Uh-huh and Oh in responses

#### Lesson D

- Read a review of a shopping mall
- Write a review of a store using because



## Before you begin . . .

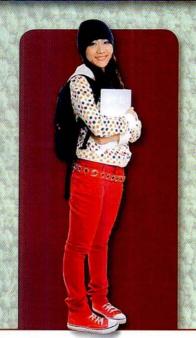
Look at the pictures. What are the people wearing? What are your classmates wearing? Use the words below.

- pants and a top
- · a dress and high heels
- jeans
- a cardigan

- a sweatshirt
- · a suit and tie
- sweatpants
- · a T-shirt

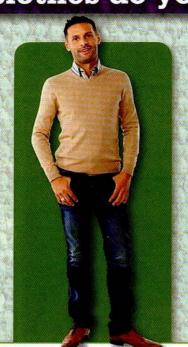
# Clothes

# What kinds of clothes do you like to wear?



#### Kyoko Takano, 16, high school student

Well, we don't have to wear uniforms at our school, so I like to wear pants, a T-shirt, and sneakers. So yeah, I'm lucky. My friend has to wear a uniform, and she hates it.



# Emre Yilmaz, 27, accountant

I have to wear a suit and tie to work. After work, I just want to go home and put on jeans and an old sweater. You know, something comfortable.



# Bethany Philips, 32, advertising executive

Well, my boss likes to wear designer clothes, so I need to look good, too. I usually wear a nice skirt or dressy pants with a silk blouse, and a jacket. Oh, and high heels.



### **Getting started**

A	Look at the	photos above.	Who is wearing	these things?
---	-------------	---------------	----------------	---------------

a jacket \_\_\_\_\_\_ sneakers \_\_\_\_\_ a silk blouse \_\_\_\_\_

a sweater\_\_\_\_\_

a skirt \_\_\_\_\_\_

**B ◄ )) 2.36** Listen. Who wears casual clothes to school or work? Who wears formal clothes?

#### Figure C Circle the correct words. Use the interviews above to help you.

- 1. Emre says, "After work, I just want / want to put on jeans and an old sweater."
- 2. Kyoko says, "I like to wear / wear pants, a T-shirt, and sneakers."
- 3. Kyoko doesn't have / have to wear a uniform. She doesn't need to wear / wearing formal clothes.
- 4. Bethany's boss wears designer clothes, so Louisa has to / has look good, too.

About

Pair work Are you like Kyoko, Emre, or Bethany? Tell a partner.

### Grammar Like to, want to, need to, have to ◀)) 2.37

Extra practice p. 146

After the verbs want and like, you can use to	o + verb.
---	-----------

What do you want to wear tonight?

I want to wear my new outfit.

I don't want to wear my old dress.

What kinds of clothes does Bethany like to wear to work? She likes to wear designer clothes.

She doesn't like to wear casual clothes to work.

#### Use need to + verb and have to + verb to talk about needs and rules.

What do you **need to buy**?
Do you **need to buy** new shoes?
Yes, I do. I **need to get** some sneakers.

What does Emre have to wear to work?

Does he have to wear a suit?

Yes, he does. He has to wear a suit and tie.

About you	Complete the conversations.	Practice with a partner.	Then ask the questions aga	in an <mark>d giv</mark> e your
	own answers.			

0 00	II a	nswers.
1.	Α	What do you <u>like to wear</u> (like / wear) at home in the evening?
	В	I usually just (want / relax). I (like / put on) jeans.
2.	Α	Do your friends (have to / wear) a uniform to school or work?
	В	No, they don't. My friend Jenna (have to / look) good for work.
		But she (not have to / wear) a uniform. Common errors
3.	Α	Do you (like / buy) clothes online? Simple present short answers end with a form of do.
		Or do you (have to / see) things first?  Do you like to wear jeans?
	В	No, I always (need / try on) clothes.
		So I (not like / shop) online.
4.	Α	Are stores expensive here? I mean, do you (have to / pay) a lot for jeans?
	В	Well, there are expensive stores. But you (not need / shop) at those places.

# Speaking naturally Want to and have to

"wanna" I want to buy some new clothes. "hafta" I have to buy some new clothes. What do you want to buy? What do you have to buy?

- A (1) 2.38 Listen and repeat the sentences above. Notice the reduction of want to and have to.
- B (1) 2.39 Now listen and repeat these questions.
- 1. Do you have to go shopping this week? . . . Where do you have to go?
- 2. Do you have to buy any new clothes? . . . What do you have to get?
- 3. Do you want to spend a lot of money? . . . How much do you want to spend?
- 4. Do you want to go to a designer store? . . . Which stores do you want to go to?

#### About C Pair work Ask and answer the questions above. What do you and your partner have in common?

- A Do you have to go shopping this week?
- B Yes, I have to go shopping on Saturday.

# Things to buy

# Building vocabulary

▲ •)) 2.40 Listen and say the words. Which items do you have? Which do you want to buy? Tell the class.



Word B 4) 2.41 Listen and say the names of the colors. What clothes and accessories do you have in these colors? Write them in the chart. Compare with a partner.

white	black	red	blue	brown	green	yellow	gray	pink	orange
	jeans								

"I have three pairs of black jeans. I like to wear black."



# Building language

A ■)) 2.42 Listen. How much are the gloves and the scarf? Practice the conversation.

Salesperson Hello. Can I help you?

Stacy Uh, hi. How much are those gloves?

Salesperson These? They're really popular. They're \$80.

Stacy Hmm. And what about that blue scarf? How much is that?

Salesperson This scarf is on sale. It's only \$149.

Stacy A hundred and forty-nine dollars? OK, I have to

think about it. Thanks anyway.

Figure B Circle the correct word in each sentence. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A How much are **those / this** earrings?
  - This / These? They're \$80.

- 2. A And the ring? How much is **that / those**?
- B **This / These** ring is on sale.





## Grammar How much . . . ?; this, these; that, those ◀)) 2.43

Extra practice p. 146

How much is it? How much is **this** scarf? How much is **this**? It's \$49.99.

How much is that watch? How much is that? It's \$475.



How much are they? How much are these gloves? How much are these? They're \$125.

How much are **those** sunglasses? How much are **those**? **They're** \$50.

#### Saying prices

\$125 = A hundred and twenty-five (dollars)

\$49.99 = Forty-nine dollars and ninety-nine cents
OR Forty-nine ninety-nine

A Write questions with *How much* . . . ? and *this, that, these,* and *those*. Then practice with a partner.

#### In conversation

People also say *How much does it cost?* and *How much do they cost?* to talk about prices in general.



1 How much are these green scarves?



**2**\_\_\_\_\_



3







4 \_\_\_\_\_



6\_\_\_\_\_

- **B** Pair work Take turns asking the questions above again. This time give your own prices.
- Pair work How much do you usually have to pay for the items above? Agree on an average price.
  - A How much do nice scarves cost? About fifty dollars?
  - B Maybe between fifty and seventy-five dollars.

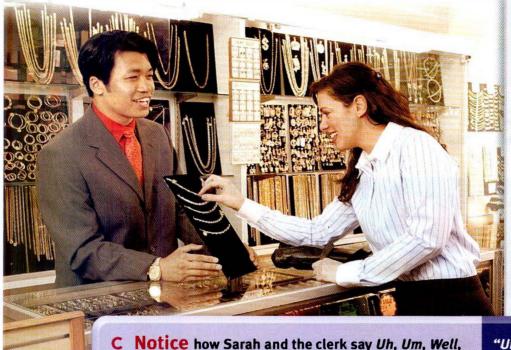
# Lesson C Conversation strategies

# Conversation / Can I help you?

# Conversation strategy Taking time to think

A Look at the photo. What do you think Sarah wants to buy?

B ■)) 2.44 Listen. What does Sarah buy? Who is it for?



C Notice how Sarah and the clerk say Uh, Um, Well, Let's see, and Let me think when they need time to think. Find examples in the conversation.

Let's see Let me think

Clerk Can I help you?

Sarah Uh, yes. I'm looking for a bracelet.

Clerk All right. Is it a gift?

Sarah Uh-huh, it's a birthday present for my sister.

Clerk OK. And um, how much do you want to spend?

Sarah Well, let's see . . . about \$30.

Clerk Uh-huh. Well, we have these silver bracelets here.

Sarah Oh, they're beautiful. Um, how much is this?

Clerk Um, it's . . . let's see . . . it's \$55.95.

Sarah Oh. That's a lot. Let me think.
... Well, it's perfect for me.
OK. I'll take it. Now, I need
something for my sister!

"Um, how much do you want to spend?"
"Well, let's see . . ."

D ■) 2.45 Listen. Complete the conversations with the expressions in the box. There is one extra. Then practice with a partner.

Uh

Um

3. A How much do you like to spend on birthday presents?B \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, I guess I spend about \$15 or \$20 on my friends.

4. A Where's a good place for electronics?

Well, um

B \_\_\_\_\_\_... Well, I like to shop online. So I'm not really sure.

Pair work Ask and answer the questions above. Give your own answers.

Use the expressions in the box if you need time to think.

# 2 Strategy plus "Conversation sounds"



- **1) 2.46** Complete the conversations using conversation sounds with the meanings given. Then listen and check. Practice with a partner.
- 1. A You have some money with you, right?

B <u>Uh-huh</u> (yes). I have about \$30.

A \_\_\_\_\_ (happy) good.
Can | borrow \$10?

B \_\_\_\_\_(*upset*), not again!

2. A Thave about nine or ten credit cards.

B \_\_\_\_\_(surprised), that's a lot!

A \_\_\_\_\_\_ (yes). But I never carry cash.

3. A I have to go shopping this weekend.

B \_\_\_\_\_(I'm listening).

A Yeah. I want to buy a tablet.

B \_\_\_\_\_(surprised), cool!

- 3 Listening and strategies I'll take it.
  - A ◀)) 2.47 Listen to three conversations in a store. Write the price of each item.



- B (1) 2.47 Listen again. Circle the items the shoppers buy. Why do they choose these items? Write a reason for each item.
- About C Pair work Role-play the situation below. Then change roles.

**Student A:** You need to buy a gift for someone very special – your wife or husband, or a girlfriend or boyfriend. You don't have a lot of money to spend.

**Student B:** You're a clerk in a store. You need to sell something. Try to sell your customer something expensive!

- A Can I help you?
- B Yes. I'm looking for a gift for my girlfriend.

# Shop till you drop!



- A What kinds of things do people do at a mall? Make a list.
- **B** Read the article. How many of the activities on your list are mentioned? What other things do people do at the Dubai Mall?

#### Reading tip

Read the title and predict six words in the article. Then scan the article to see if your words are in it.

# The bai Mall

#### SHOPPING, ENTERTAINMENT, LIFESTYLE

If you want to buy a new outfit, you go to a mall. If you want to see sharks in an aquarium or listen to a world-class concert, where do you go? A mall? Well, yes. These days, malls are not just for shopping. They're an important part of our lifestyle.

SHOPPING The Dubai Mall has over a thousand stores, with everything from designer clothes to electronics. Every week, over 750,000 people including top celebrities - shop there. There's also a souk - a traditional market with souvenirs, jewelry, and local craft stalls. You need to spend several days there if you want to visit every store.

But that's fine because there's a 250-room luxury hotel in the mall, too.



#### **ENTERTAINMENT**

There's an indoor entertainment park full of virtual reality experiences: safari rides, a snowboard jump, and other exciting games. There's an aquarium with sharks, and don't miss the amazing fountains outside - they're the height of a five-story building.



HAVE A GREAT TIME There are lots of other things to enjoy, too. Eat at one of the 160 restaurants, go and see a movie, a famous band, or piano concert, take a diving course, or just relax.

C	Look at the article again. Can you find a word or ar	ı exp	ression with these meanings?
1.	one of the best in the world <u>world-class</u>	6.	some
2.	how you live your life	7.	an expensive place to stay
3.	1,000	8.	concerts, movies, games, etc
4.	together with	9.	be sure to see
5.	people sell things here	10.	like to do

#### **Pair work** Discuss the questions. Give reasons for your answers.

- Do you like to shop in large malls?
- Do you ever shop in small stores or markets? Is there a mall like this in your city?
- What kinds of stores do you like to go to?

# Listening and writing Favorite places to shop

- A What's your favorite store? Why do you shop there? Tell the class.
- B ◀)) 2.48 Listen to Young-hi talk about her favorite store. Circle the correct information.
- 1. There are a lot of cool / expensive stores near Young-hi's apartment.
- 2. Her favorite store is a shoe store / a clothing store.
- 3. She likes the store because they have cheap things / the latest fashions.
- 4. She often goes into the store before class / after work.
- 5. The store is open until 7:00 / 9:00.
- C Think about your favorite store. Complete the chart.

What's its name?	How often do you go?	What do they sell?	Why do you like it?
	2€		

**D** Read the Help note and the review of a store. Underline the reasons the reviewer likes the store.

My favorite store is Bargain Basement. It's a great store because it sells designer clothes at very low prices. I usually go shopping there once a month. They sell suits, jackets, pants, sweaters, scarves, and a lot more. I like to shop there because I want to wear the latest fashions, but I don't have a lot of money.

Use your notes above to write a review of your favorite store.
Use *because* to give reasons. Then read your classmates' reviews.
How many different stores do you learn about?

#### / Help note

# Linking ideas with because to give reasons

It's a great store because it sells designer clothes at very low prices.

I like to shop there because I want to wear the latest fashions.

# Talk about it What kind of shopper are you?

**Group work** Discuss the questions. How are your shopping habits the same? How are they different? Tell the class.

- Do you like to go shopping? How often do you go?
- What else do you do on your shopping trips? Do you go to a café or see a movie?
- Do you enjoy window-shopping? Where do you like to go?
- Which stores have the best bargains?
- Do you buy things online? Which sites do you use?
- Do you ever buy things you don't need?
- Do you ever spend too much money?

"José and I both like to go shopping. We go shopping every weekend."



In conversation

It's black and white!
Here are the top ten colors

6. areen

7. yellow 8. gray

people talk about.

1. white

2. black



# Vocabulary notebook

## **Learning tip** Labeling pictures

To learn new vocabulary, you can label pictures in books, magazines, or catalogs.

1 Label the clothing and accessories in this picture.

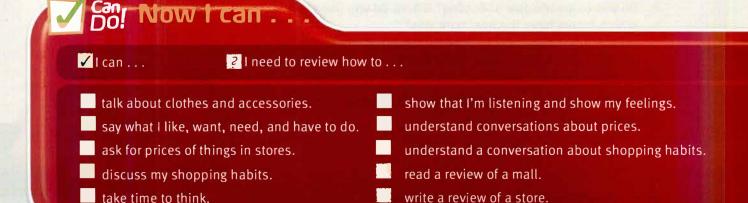


2 Find and label at least three pictures you like from a magazine or catalog.



#### On your own

Go into a big clothing store. How many things can you name in English?



# A wide world

UNIT

# Do!

! In this unit, you learn how to . . .

#### Lesson A

 Give sightseeing information with can and can't

#### Lesson B

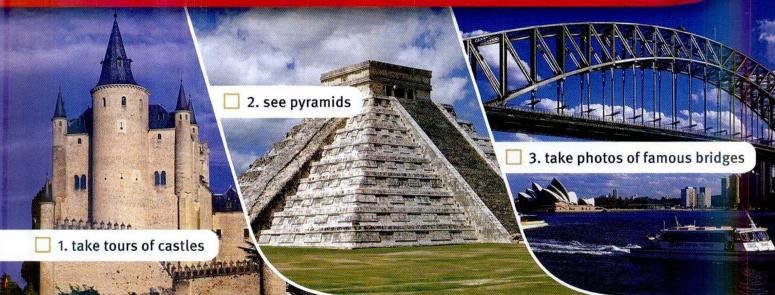
- Talk about international foods, places, and people
- Say what languages you can speak

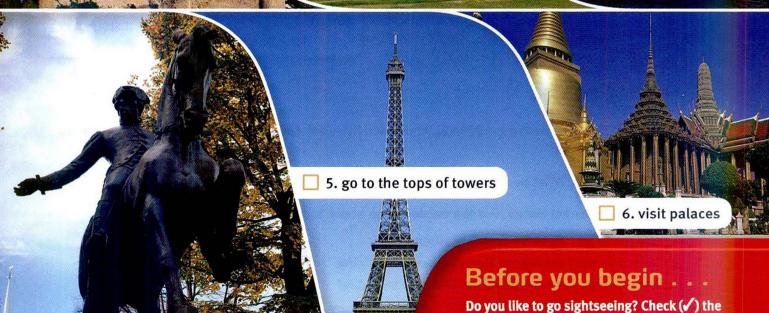
#### Lesson C

- Explain words using kind of and kind of like
- Use like to give examples

#### Lesson D

- · Read a travel website
- Write a paragraph for a travel website



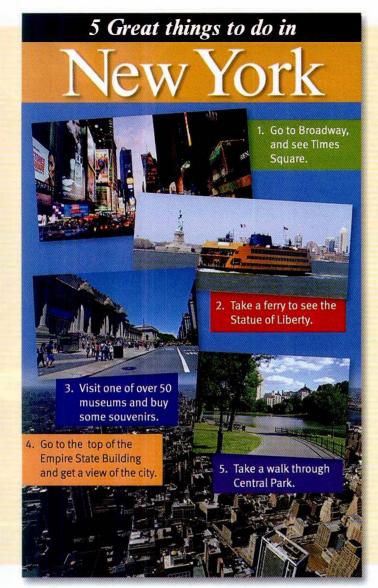


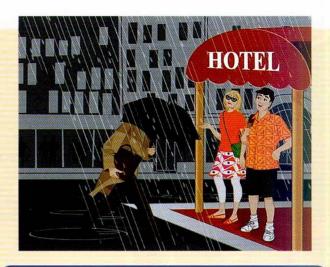
4. walk around historic districts and look at statues

85

activities above you like to do. What other things do you like to do when you visit other places?

# Sightseeing





Emma Oh, no. It's raining! What can you do in New York on a day like this?

Ethan Oh, come on. You can do a million things. We can take a ferry to the Statue of Liberty.

Emma A ferry – in this weather?

Ethan Well, ... we can go to the top of the Empire State Building.

Emma But you can't see anything in the rain.

Ethan Yeah, you're right. I know – let's go to a Broadway show. There are shows on Wednesday afternoons.

Emma OK. It's a deal. But first can we buy an umbrella?

**Ethan** Sure we can. Look, there's a store over there.

# Getting started

- A Look at the page from a guidebook. Which activities are good when it's sunny? Which are good when it's raining?
- B ◀)) 2.49 Listen. What do Emma and Ethan decide to do? Practice the conversation.
- Figure C Circle the correct words. Use the conversation above to help you.
  - 1. We can **to go / go to** the Statue of Liberty.
  - 2. You can't **see / seeing** the views because it's raining.
  - 3. What we can / can we do in New York on a rainy day?
  - 4. Do we / Can we buy an umbrella?
- About D Pair work What are some things you can do in New York City? Take turns giving ideas.

"You can take a walk through Central Park."

### Grammar Can and can't for possibility ◀)) 2.50

Extra practice p. 147

Use <i>can</i> to talk about thing	gs that are possible	. Use can't for thing	s that are not possible

1 -		
You He	can	take a ferry.
She	can't	go to a museum.
We		L go to a museum.
They _		

What can you do in New York? You can do a million things.

Can we buy an umbrella?
Yes, we can.
No, we can't.

#### In conversation

You is the most common word before can. You often means "people in general."

**You** can't take pictures. = It's not possible to take pictures.

#### A Match the questions and answers about New York City. Then practice with a partner.

- Can you visit a historic neighborhood? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. What kinds of museums can you go to? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Can you take a bus tour? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. What can tourists do on a rainy day? \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. Can you visit a castle? \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. Where can you get a good view of the city? \_\_\_\_\_

- a. You can go to the top of the Empire State Building.
- b. They can go shopping or go to a Broadway show.
- c. No, you can't. There are no real castles in New York.
- d. Yes, you can. You can walk around Greenwich Village.
- e. Well, you can go to an art museum or a history museum.
- f. Yes, you can. You can take a walking tour, too.

## About B Pair work Ask the questions again, and give answers about your city.

A Can you visit a historic neighborhood in Tokyo?

 ${\it B}\ {\it Let\ me\ think.}\ldots {\it Well,\ you\ can\ visit\ the\ Yanaka\ neighborhood.}$ 

#### Common errors

Don't use to after can.

You can go shopping. (NOT <del>You can to go shopping</del>.)

# **3** Speaking naturally Can and can't

/kən/	/kən/	/kæn(t)/
What can you do here?	You can go to the zoo.	You <mark>can't</mark> go on Mondays.

- A ■)) 2.51 Listen and repeat the sentences above. Notice the pronunciation of can and can't.
- B (3) 2.52 Listen and complete the sentences below with can or can't.

1. What fun things \_\_\_\_\_ you do in your city?

2. What \_\_\_\_\_ you do?

3. You \_\_\_\_\_ sit at outdoor cafés at night.

4. You \_\_\_\_\_ go to a show every night.

5. You \_\_\_\_\_ spend a day at the beach.

6. You \_\_\_\_\_ see live music at a club.

7. You \_\_\_\_\_ take a ferry to an island.

8. You \_\_\_\_\_ go up a tower.

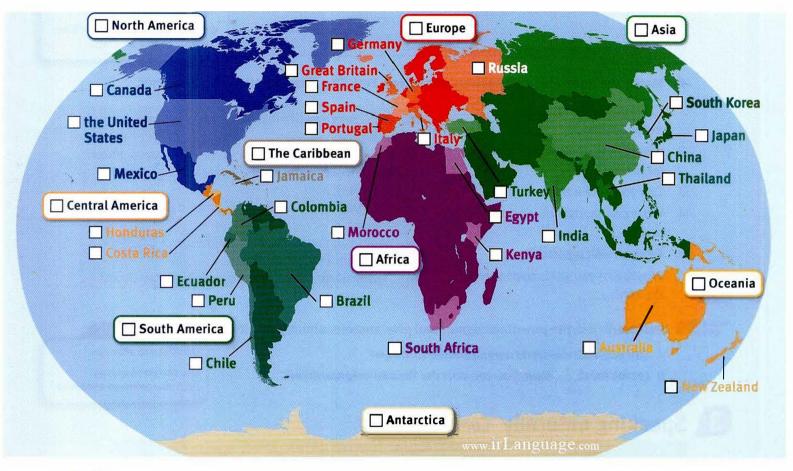
C Pair work Are the sentences above true about your town or city? What else can and can't you do?



# Countries

# Building vocabulary and grammar

A ■) 2.53 Listen and repeat. Check (✓) the countries you know in English. Add more.



Word B Where do people speak these languages? Complete the chart. Then compare with a partner.

Arabic	Chinese	English	French	German	Hindi	Italian
Egypt					: 1	
Japanese	Korean	Portuguese	Russian	Spanish	Turkish	Thai

Figure Read what Claudia says about languages.
Then complete the sentences.

Vocabulary notebook p. 94



I'm from Brazil. My first language is Portuguese, but I can speak a little English, too. I can't speak Spanish, but I can understand it.

- 1. Claudia \_\_\_\_\_ speak Portuguese and English.
- 2. She \_\_\_\_\_ understand Spanish, but she \_\_\_\_\_ speak it.

Extra practice p. 147

Use can to talk about things you do well. Use can't for things you don't do well, or don't do.

I can speak Chinese. What languages can you speak? Can you speak Spanish?

I can't speak Spanish. I can speak English and Chinese. Yes, I can. / No, I can't.

### About write questions using can. Then ask and answer the questions with a partner.

1.	How many /	languages / you	/ speak?
----	------------	-----------------	----------

- 2. you / read / the news / in English? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 3. What languages / you / understand / but not speak? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. you / understand / movies / in English? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 5. you / sing / a song / in English? \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. Who / speak / English / in your family? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 7. you / speak / any / other / languages? \_\_\_\_\_\_

# **3** Listening and speaking International dishes

- A Look at the foods below. Do you ever eat these types of food? Tell the class.
- **B** 3.02 Listen to Richard make restaurant plans with a friend. Check ( ) the types of food he likes.



- C ◀) 3.02 Listen again. Which restaurant do Richard and his friend choose? Why?
- About D Pair work Ask and answer questions about international foods. Take notes on your partner's answers. Tell the class about your partner.
  - Can you cook? What international dishes can you make?
  - What are your favorite international dishes?
  - What types of food don't you like?
  - Can you find good international restaurants in your city?

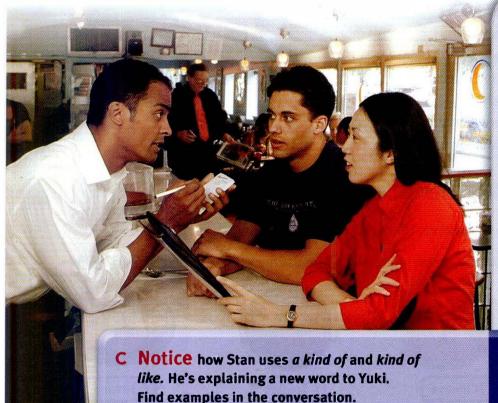
"Ravi can cook very well. He can make Italian and French dishes."

# Conversation They're a kind of candy.

# Conversation strategy Explaining words

A How often do you order these things in a café: ice cream, soda, cake?

B (3) 3.03 Listen. What do Yuki and Stan order?



Server Are you ready to order?

Yuki Yes. Can I have a large diet

Server A large diet soda?

Yuki Yes, please.

Stan Um, can I have coffee ice cream

with chocolate sprinkles?

Server Sure, OK.

Yuki What are sprinkles?

Stan They're a kind of candy. You

can put them on things like ice cream and cake. They're kind of

like sugar.

Yuki Oh, I know. You can get them

in Japan, too.

"What are sprinkles?" "They're a kind of candy."

D ◀) 3.04 Look at the photos. Complete the first sentence about each item with a word from the box. There is one extra word. Then listen and write the country each item comes from.









bread	drink	dessert	snack	SOLL
Dieau	UIIIIK	uesseit	SHACK	30 u

- 1. Kimbap is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_. 2. A crêpe is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_.
- It's like Japanese sushi. It's kind of like a pancake.

Kimbap is from	
They eat crêpes in	
It's from	

3. Gazpacho is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_\_. 4. Lassi is a kind of \_\_\_\_\_\_.

It's kind of like tomato juice. It's kind of like a milkshake.

Lassi is from \_\_\_\_\_.

**Pair work** Take turns asking a partner to explain the words above.

"What's kimbap?"

"It's a kind of ..."

# 2 Strategy plus Like

You can use like to give examples.



#### In conversation

Like is one of the top 15 words. It has other meanings: I like Brazilian food. What's Thai food like? Spicy? Sprinkles are like sugar.

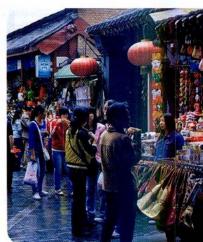


like ice cream and cake.



About Jour Imagine a tourist is asking these questions about your country. Complete the answers. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A What are good souvenirs to buy?
  - B Let's see. You can buy things like \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. A Do you ever see people in traditional clothes? What are they like?
  - B Well, sometimes people wear things like \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 3. A Can you buy any traditional musical instruments?
  - B Yeah, you can buy things like \_\_\_\_\_.
- 4. A Where are good places to visit?
  - B Well, you can visit places like \_\_\_\_\_.



## Listening and strategies What language is it from?

A (1) 3.05 Listen and complete the chart. Then match the items and the photos.

Foreign word	What is it?	What language is it from?	Where is it popular?
1. hamburger	It's a kind of		
2. tortilla	It's kind of like		and
3. baklava	It's a kind of		and
4. balalaika	It's a kind of		









About B Pair work Imagine you are a visitor to your country. Role-play conversations. Ask your partner to explain three words (e.g., food, clothes, an instrument).

- A What's guacamole?
- B It's a kind of snack.



# **Exciting destinations**



- A What do you know about these popular tourist destinations? What can you see or do there? Make a class list.
- Bogotá
- · Rio de laneiro
- Moscow
- Beiling
- B Look at the website. How many of your ideas are mentioned?

#### Reading tip

Before you read something, think, "What do I know about this?" and "What can I learn?"

http://www.travelguide...

# The Travel Guide

Where can you go for a great city break? Paris? London? New York? Of course! But there are many more amazing cities to see! Click More to find out about these exciting destinations.

#### **BOGOTÁ**, Colombia

Bogotá is a city of contrasts. Walk around La Candelaria, a historic neighborhood with narrow streets, old churches, and modern skyscrapers! Or go to the Chapinero neighborhood, with its beautiful park, great cafés, and shops. Don't

miss the Gold Museum and its beautiful jewelry exhibits. **More** 



#### MOSCOW, Russia

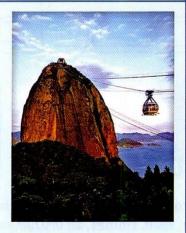
The Kremlin Palace and the Cathedral of Saint Basil in Red Square are just some of the



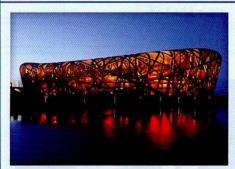
historic sites you can see in Russia's capital. There are also tourist attractions *under* the city! The Moscow Metro (the subway) is full of art, statues, and crystal chandeliers. **More** 

#### RIO DE JANEIRO, Brazil

Rio is famous for its beaches, mountains, and natural beauty. Walk through Tijuca National Park, or take the cable car to the top of Sugar Loaf Mountain for amazing views of the city. Or you can join the



locals and head for the beach. More



#### **BEIJING**, China

In Beijing, you can experience the old and the new. Take a tour of the

Forbidden City with its 600-year-old palaces. Then visit the modern Olympic "bird's nest" stadium [Beijing National Stadium]. End the day with a traditional foot massage. **More** 

- C Look at the website again. Find these things and answer the questions. Then discuss with a partner.
- a historic neighborhood. What are the streets like?
- two cities with palaces. Where are these palaces?
- a place to get a great view. How do you get to the top?
- a city you want to visit. What do you like about this city?

# **Talk about it** Do you want to take a trip?

Group work What ideas do you and your classmates have about travel?

Can you agree on . . .

- three countries you all want to go to?
- three tourist attractions you want to see?
- three types of food you all want to try?
- two languages you need when you travel abroad?
- three really good souvenirs to buy?
- the three best places to visit in your country?
- A Well, I want to go to Egypt.
- B Yeah. You can see the Pyramids.
- C Yes, it looks interesting, and I can speak Arabic.



# **3** Writing An online travel guide

A Read the extract below from a travel guide website. Notice how commas separate the different items in a list. Can you find similar lists on the website on page 92?

Bangkok, Thailand is famous for its palaces, temples, and beautiful river. Visit the beautiful Grand Palace. Walk around the historic temples, the quiet gardens, and the museum. Then you can take a boat trip on the river and enjoy the sunset.



Help note
Commas in lists
Bangkok is famous for
its palaces temples
and beautiful river.

- B Write about a place you know for the Travel Guide on page 92. Use the Travel Guide and the extract about Bangkok to help you.
- C Pair work Read your classmates' paragraphs. Which ones are the most interesting?
- Pair work Find words in the Travel Guide with the meanings below. Then take turns using the words in sentences about your city.
  - 1. different things \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. people who live in a place \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 2. tall buildings \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. go to \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. the main city in a country \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 6. "You can't do it it's \_\_\_\_\_."





# Learning tip Grouping vocabulary

You can sort new vocabulary into groups. You can group nationalities by their endings and countries by their regions.

1 Choose 15 or more nationalities you want to learn. Write them in a chart like this. Group the nationalities by their endings.

-ese Vietnamese	-ian / -an / -n Colombian
	00
-ish	Other

2 Make a chart like this for different countries.

Africa	Asia	Europe
Morocco	Thailand	France
North America	Central America	South America

? I need to review how to . . .



#### On your own

Find a world map. Label it in English. How many countries do you know?

# V Do! Now I can . .

✓ I can . . .

- give sightseeing information.
  say what languages I can speak.
  talk about countries and nationalities.
- explain words and give examples.

#### Some countries and nationalities Argentina Argentine Brazil Brazilian Canada Canadian Chile Chilean China Chinese Colombia Colombian Costa Rica Costa Rican Ecuadorian Ecuador Egypt Egyptian France French Germany German British **Great Britain** Greece Greek Iraa Iraqi Israel Israeli Italy Italian Jamaica Jamaican lapan Japanese Mexico Mexican Morocco Moroccan Panama Panamanian Peru Peruvian Poland Polish Portugal Portuguese Russian Russia Saudi Saudi Arabia South Korea South Korean Spain Spanish Thailand Thai

understand people making restaurant plans.

Turkish

Emirati

Venezuelan

Vietnamese

- understand explanations of foreign words.
- read a travel website.

Turkey

Emirates Venezuela

Vietnam

United Arab

write a paragraph for a travel website.

# Checkpoint \ Units 7-9

# **Questions and follow-up questions!**

A Complete the questions with verbs. Then match the questions and answers. Practice with
--

1.	What <u>are</u> you <u>wearing</u> today? (wear) <u>d</u>
2.	What colors the teacher today?
	(wear)
3.	What in your neighborhood this week?
	(happen)
4.	What can you in your neighborhood after
	midnight? (do) Can you dancing? (go)
5.	What do you want tonight? (do)
6.	What kinds of restaurants do you liketo? (go)
7.	What languages can you? (speak)

8. What do you have \_\_\_\_\_ next weekend? (do) \_

10. What \_\_\_\_\_\_ your friends \_\_\_\_\_ today? (do) \_

11. How often do you like \_\_\_\_\_\_your family? (see) \_\_\_

9. What time do you have \_\_\_\_\_\_tomorrow? (get up)

- a. There's a rock concert.
- b. I want to stay home.
- c. Every weekend.
- d. Jeans and a T-shirt.
- e. Food. I'm hungry.
- f. Blue and gray.
- g. English and a little Spanish.
- h. They're all working.
- i. I need to clean the house.
- j. Well, I like Thai and Italian food.
- k. No, you can't, but you can see a movie.
- I. Early. I have to be at work before 8:00.
- **B** Pair work Choose five questions and start conversations. Ask follow-up questions. How many follow-up questions can you ask for each topic?

you \_\_\_\_\_ about right now? (think) \_

- A What do you want to do tonight?
- B I want to see a movie.
- A Good idea! Do you know what movies are out?
- B No, but we can look online.

# 2 Play a word game.

12. What\_

Complete the chart. Write a word for each category beginning with each letter. You have two minutes! Then compare with a partner. Who has a word in every space?

Category	В	G	R	5	T
a sport or type of exercise	basketball				
a country		Greece			
a nationality			Russian		
an item of clothing or jewelry				a suit	
a color					turquoise

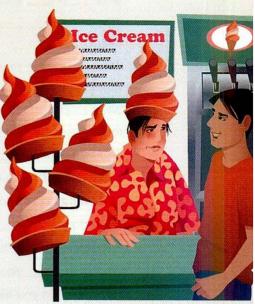
- A What sport begins with "B"? I have "basketball."
- B Let's see. I have "baseball."
- A OK, what country begins with "B"?

# Can you use these expressions?

Complete the conversation. Use the expressions in the box. Sometimes there's more than one correct answer. Then practice with a partner.

this those kind of like Let me think ✓ That's great that like a kind of Let's see That's too bad

Samir Grant! What are you doing here? Grant I'm working here for the summer. Samir Wow! That's great . Hey, I like your uniform. I mean, \_\_\_\_\_ shirt is cool. Grant Yeah, but I can't stand \_\_\_ hat. It's so hot. Samir . Do you have to wear it? Grant Uh-huh. So, what can I get for you? Samir \_\_\_\_\_.... What do you have? Grant Um...we have things \_\_\_\_\_\_ ice cream, frozen yogurt, smoothies.... Samir What's a smoothie? Grant It's \_\_\_\_\_ drink. It's \_\_\_\_\_ a milkshake. Samir . Do I want frozen yogurt or a smoothie? Grant Well, they're both good. Samir Hey, do people really buy \_\_\_ Grant Actually, they're free with the frozen yogurt. Samir In that case, can I have a smoothie?



# 2 Do you have similar interests and tastes?

A Complete the sentences in the chart with your own information.

Sports	Countries and languages
I don't like to watch I want to learn (to)	I want to go to I want to learn
Colors	Clothes
I like to wear I can't wear	I never wear a lot.
Seasons	Weather
l love the I don't like the	I hate to go out when it I love to be outside when it

- **B** Group work Compare sentences. What do you have in common?
  - A I don't like to watch golf on TV.
  - B Me neither. I think it's boring.
  - C Really? I love to watch golf. But I don't like to watch baseball.

#### UNIT

# **Busy lives**



Can DO! In this unit, you learn how to . .

#### Lesson A

 Talk about last night using simple past regular verbs

#### Lesson B

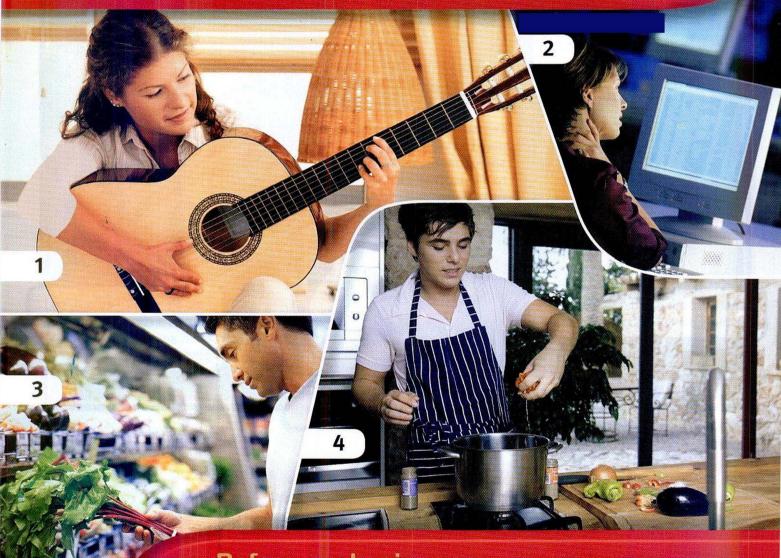
- Describe the past week using simple past irregular verbs
- Ask simple past yes-no questions

#### Lesson C

- Respond to news with Good for you, etc.
- Say You did? to show surprise or interest

#### Lesson D

- Read about a blogger's week
- Write a blog about your week, using after, before, when, and then

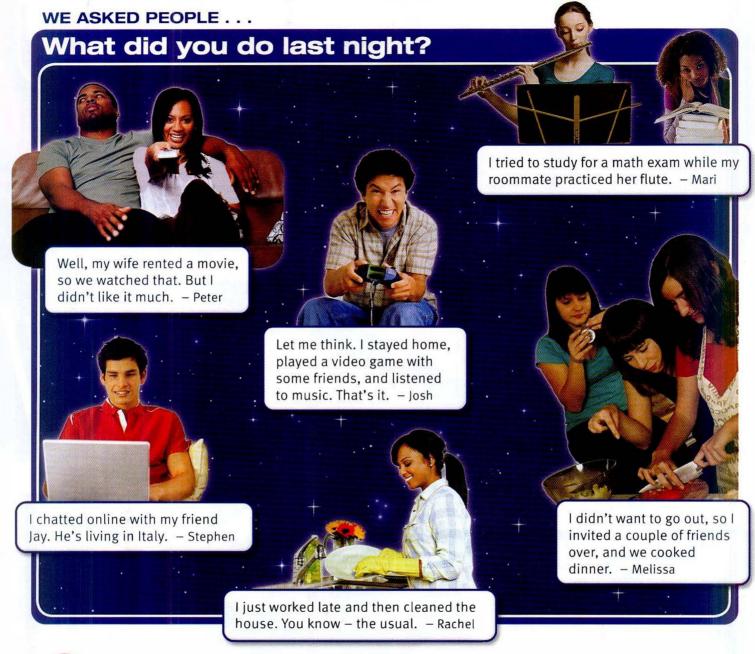


## Before you begin . . .

What do you do during the week? Are you busy? Do you do these things? What else do you do?

- · practice a musical instrument
- go grocery shopping and run errands
- work late
- · cook dinner every night

# A night at home



# Getting started

- A What do you do on a typical weeknight at home? Tell the class.
- B (3.06 Listen and read. Which of the people above had fun last night?
- Figure Find the verbs the people use to talk about last night and complete the sentences. Then circle other verbs the people use to talk about the past.
  - 1. Peter and his wife \_\_\_\_\_ a movie. Peter \_\_\_\_\_ like it.
  - 2. Melissa and her friends \_\_\_\_\_\_ dinner. She \_\_\_\_\_ want to go out.
  - 3. Rachel \_\_\_\_\_ late. She \_\_\_\_\_ watch a movie.

#### Extra practice p. 148

		Simple past re	gular verbs are vei	b + -ed. The ne	gative	form is <i>didn't</i> + ver	The second secon	past endings
		You studied He watched She wanted	a movie. to stay home. Italian food.	She didn't	study watch want cook	English. TV. to go out. Chinese food.	watch invite play study chat	<ul><li>invited</li><li>played</li></ul>
				didn't	= did ı	not	■ In con	versation.
	A	Complete the form of the v	e sentences abou verbs.	t last night wit	h the s	imple past	People us and simpl	e the simple present e past more often than verb form.
	1.	1_played_(	play) a video gam	e.			- manualistana	
	2.	(	not / want) to wor	k.				
	3.	My best frien	d (call)	me. We	(cl	nat) for a while.		
	4.	It,	(rain), so I	(not / want	) to go	out.		
	5.	My friend and	d I (prac	ctice) guitar tog	ether.			
	6.	1(	try) to study, but s	ome friends		$\_$ (call) and they $\_$	(in	vite) me to a party
	7.	Some friends	s and I	(cook) dinner to	gether			
	8.	1(	watch) a movie, b	ut I(	(not / li	ke) it much.		
About you	В	Pair work M	ake the sentence	s above true fo	r you.		<b>★</b> Commo	n errors
		A I didn't pla	y a video game las	t night. How ab	out you	ı?		a simple past form
		B Me neither.	. I watched TV.				after didn'	
								an the house.
3	S	peaking	naturally -e	d endings			(NUI <del>Faiar</del>	<del>'t cleaned</del> the house.)
	/	t/ I work <b>ed</b> on	Saturday. /d/	We play <mark>ed</mark> a g	iame.	/id/ I chat <b>ted</b> o	nline.	
	A	◀)) 3.08 Lister	n and repeat the s	entences abov	e. Noti	ce the - <i>ed</i> ending:	s of the ver	bs.
	В	,	•			elow. Which verbs Check (🗸) the co		
						/t/ or /d/	/ıd/	
		1. talked	I talked to som	e friends from	college	/t/ or /d/	/ıd/	
		<ol> <li>talked</li> <li>visited</li> </ol>	I talked to som		college		/ɪd/	
		2. visited	Then I visited a	classmate.	college	_	/id/	
				classmate. over.	college	_	/id/	

About C Group work Tell your group one thing you did each night last week. Use the verbs from the lesson. How many things do you have in common?

"Last Sunday night I called my grandparents. How about you?"

I really enjoyed my evening.

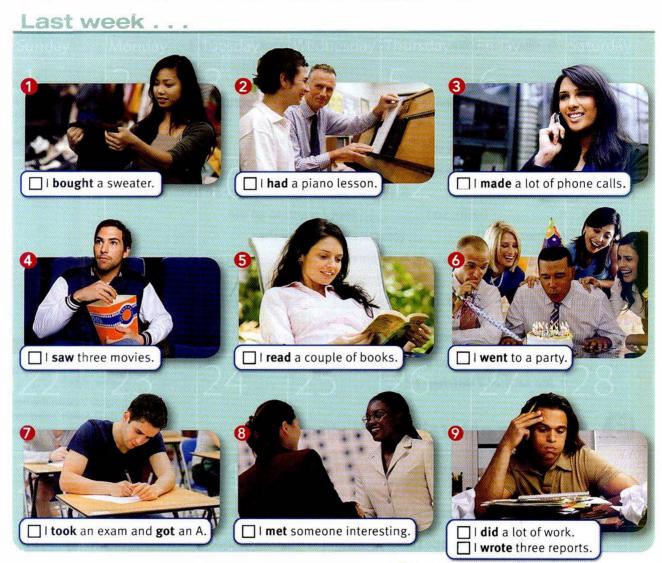
6. enjoyed

# A busy week



## **Building vocabulary** Irregular verbs

A ◀) 3.10 Listen and say the sentences. Check (✓) the things you did last week. Tell the class.



B Look at the verbs in bold above. Can you figure out which verbs they are? Make a list.

bought - buy



Irregular simple past verbs do not end in -ed. buy ▶ bought

I bought a sweater. (NOT + boyed a sweater.)

Word C Write one thing you did at each time below. Then compare with a partner.

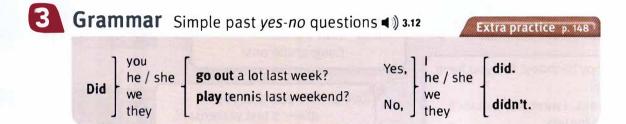
Yesterday	Last night	Two days ago
I bought some new jeans.		
Last week	Last month	Last year

# Building language

A ■) 3.11 Listen to Mei Lei take an online survey. Check (✓) her answers.

		-0
Did you have a busy week?	Yes, I did.	No, I didn't.
1. Did you have to work late every night?		
2. Did you write any reports?		
3. Did you get a lot of emails?		
4. Did you have any appointments?		
5. Did you make a lot of phone calls?		
6. Did you go to any meetings?		

Figure B	Complete the questions about last week. Use the survey above to help you
----------	--



1. you / early / go to bed / Did / last night /?

Did you go to bed early last night? Yes, I did. I went to bed at 9:00.

- 2. a lot of homework / you / Did / yesterday / do /?
- 3. do any errands / you / have to / Did / last weekend / ?
- 4. have / Did / last month / a busy schedule / you / ?
- 5. last Friday / go out / Did / you and your friends /?
- 6. anything interesting / your best friend / do / Did / last week /?

# Pair work Find a new partner. Ask and answer questions about your first partners. How much do you remember?

- A Did Alex go to bed early last night?
- B No, he didn't. He went to bed after midnight.

# Lesson C Conversation / Congratulations!

# **Conversation strategy** Appropriate responses

- 1. passed a test? d
- 2. has to take a test tomorrow?
- failed a test?
- 4. got an A on a test?

- a. I'm sorry to hear that.
- b. Congratulations!
- c. Good luck.
- d. Good for you.

#### ■ ③ 3.13 Listen. Which conversations are about good news? Which are about bad news?

Mark Thank goodness it's Friday.

Eve Yeah, I'm exhausted.

Mark Me too. I had a cold all week.



Celia Hey – happy birthday! Did you have a nice day?

Hugo Yeah. Thanks. I went out for lunch with some friends.

Celia You did? Nice.



Selina So how did your interview at the hospital go?

Adam Great! I got the job.

Selina You did? Thank

goodness! I know you really wanted it.

Adam Yeah, I start on Monday.

Selina That's great. Congratulations!



Olivia Did you take your driver's test yesterday?

Jake Yeah. I failed.

Olivia Oh, you did? I'm sorry to

hear that.

Jake I can take it again next

month, though.

Olivia Yeah? Well, good luck!



C Notice how the people above respond to news. They use expressions like I'm sorry to hear that. Find examples in the conversation.

"I had a cold all week." "I'm sorry to hear that!"

#### D Write a response for each comment. Use the ideas in the box. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. I have a job interview this week. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. I'm exhausted. I have a terrible cold. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. I lost my job last week. \_\_\_\_\_\_
- 4. I'm 21 today! \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. I passed my driver's test last week.\_\_\_\_ 6. My sister had to go to the hospital, but she's OK. \_\_\_\_\_
  - "I have a job interview this week." "That's great. Good luck!"

Good luck! Happy birthday!

Congratulations!

I'm sorry to hear that.

Thank goodness!

# 2 Strategy plus You did?

About



	surprised, or just thou're listening.				■ In conversation
		I had a cold	all week.	did?	You can also say <i>Did you</i> ? to show that you're listening.
	(a)) 3.14 Match each Practice and contin	ue the conversat	ions with a partner		nd check.
1.	I had a nice, relaxing last weekend.		1	a. You did? Die	d you like the music?
2.	I went to a new jazz	club last Saturda	y	b. Did you? Di	d you do chores?
3.	I invited some friend	ds over to my hou	se last	c. You did? Die	d you go swimming?
	Friday night			d. Did you? Di	d you see anything good?
	I stayed home on Su			e. You did? Ni	ce. Did you cook dinner?
5.	I took my sister to a	movie for her birt	hday		
■ B	Pair work Tell a pair Did you? and a follo	ow-up question.			n <i>You did?</i> or
A	■)) 3.15 Listen to the Check (✓) the corre		What kind of week	did the people hav	ve?
1.	Laura:	fun	busy	<pre>relaxing</pre>	
2.	Tyler:	exhausting	☐ bad	<pre>exciting</pre>	
3.	Louis:	boring	terrible	interestir	ng
В	◀)) 3.15 Listen again	. Complete the so	entences.		
1.	Laura wrote a	last we	ek. She has to pres	ent it at a	next week.
2.	Tyler painted a pictu	ire of		bought it.	
3.	Louis's department	store	Now he can't		
C	3.15 Listen and respond. Choose the best response to give each person. There is one extra.				n. There is one extra.
1.	. Laura a. Oh, I'm sorry to hear that. c. You did? Congratulations!			ngratulations!	
2.	Tyler		ll, happy birthday!		d for you. Well, good luck!
3.	Louis	,			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
D	Pair work Did you h	nave a good week	or a bad week? Te	ll a partner.	

- About How long can you continue your conversation?
  - A I had a really good week. I had to write a big essay, but I finished it.
  - B You did? Good for you. Did you get an A?

# A blog



#### Reading

- A Do you ever read blogs? Do you know people who write blogs? Reading tip What topics do they write about? Tell the class.
- B Read Martin's blog. What did he do last week? What problems did he have?



two or more actions. I invited her over, cooked . . . , and made . . .

(= I invited . . . , I cooked . . . , I made . . .

SATURDAY, APRIL 28



#### SHE SAID YES!!!

What a crazy week! I forgot Sophie's birthday. I got a new job. Oh, and I almost didn't ask Sophie to

Q

I bought a ring for Sophie on Saturday morning – I wanted to ask her to marry me that night. So I invited her over, cooked a special dinner, and made her favorite dessert. I felt nervous, but when she arrived, she said she had a cold and felt tired. Not the right mood for "Marry me." She went straight home after dinner. She didn't even eat my chocolate cake!

I had an important interview on Wednesday – I didn't get Sophie's cold, thank goodness – and I got the job! When I texted Sophie the good news, she texted back, "Let's have dinner on Friday to celebrate!" Perfect, right? Wrong. We went to our favorite restaurant. Before the server showed us to our table, Sophie saw some friends, and we all ate together. I didn't want to ask her in front of all our friends.

After we left the restaurant, Sophie borrowed my jacket. (Oh, no! The ning!) She put her hands in the pockets and found the box!

"Oh, you remembered my birthday!" she said. (Oh, no! Her birthday!) Then she opened the box. Thinking fast, I dropped to one knee. "Happy birthday, Sophie! Will you marry me?"

POSTED BY MARTIN EMORY AT 11:11 AM

3 COMMENTS

April 28, 4:42 PM Bill Sanders said . . .

Nice save, Martin. Your post is hilarious! Also, congratulations! \*\* You quys are great!

April 28, 5:21 PM Mike said . . .

Good luck to both of you! And happy birthday to Sophie! Call me sometime and let's talk.

April 28, 6:47 PM Sophie said . . .

You're so sweet, Martin. Don't worry - you don't need to buy me a birthday present. I love you.

Ĭ	Check (✓) <i>True</i> (T) or <i>False</i> (F). Compare with a partner.	T	F
1.	Martin wanted to ask Sophie to marry him on Saturday.		
2.	Sophie went home early on Saturday because she had a cold.		
3.	Martin got Sophie's cold.		
4.	Sophie felt happy when Martin got a new job.		
5.	Martin planned a big dinner with Sophie's friends on Friday night.		
6.	Martin bought Sophie a birthday present.		

Read Martin's blog again Are the statements true or false?

# 2 Listening and speaking Guess what I did!

A ■ 3.16 Listen to three voice mail messages. What are they about? Number the topics 1 to 3. There are two extra.

getting in shape \_\_\_\_ work \_\_\_\_ a vacation \_\_\_\_ a new movie \_\_\_\_ studying \_\_\_\_

- B (1) 3.16 Listen again. Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.
- 1. Ethan ate a lot of fast food / new dishes on his trip.
- 2. He's learning French / to cook.
- 3. Alexis bought some new clothes for her job / a show.
- 4. She likes to / doesn't like to shop for clothes.
- 5. Sarah's friends think she gets / doesn't get a lot of exercise.
- 6. Sarah watched TV / read a magazine on her exercise bike.

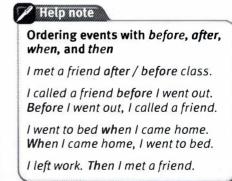
About C Group work Think of something interesting you did recently. Prepare a voice mail message to tell a classmate. Take turns telling your messages.

# **3** Writing A great day

A	Think of a day when you had a really interesting or fun experience. What different things did you do that day? Write a list. Then number the sentences in the order you did them.

B Read the blog entry below and the Help note. Underline the words in the blog that show the order of events. Then write a blog using your ideas from above. Use before, after, when, and then.

# A "Thank Goodness It's Friday" Party Last Friday, I met a friend for coffee after work. We usually go out on Fridays, but we wanted to do something different. We felt exhausted, and we wanted to relax a little! Before we left the coffee shop, we called four friends. We invited them to my apartment for a little party. Then we stopped at a supermarket and bought some sodas and three big pizzas. When our friends arrived, we just sat and talked for hours. And we ate all three pizzas! We had a really great time!



About C Pair work Read your partner's blog. Ask questions to find out more information.

"So you sat and talked for hours. What did you talk about?"

Free talk p. 135



# Vocabulary notebook

#### Learning tip Making notes on verbs

When you write down a new verb, make notes about it. Is it regular (R) or irregular (Ir)? How do you spell the different forms? How do you pronounce the endings?

	Regular?	he, she, it, -s	-ing form	Simple past
	watch (R)	watches /IZ/	watching	watched /t/
_	take (Ir)	takes /s/	taking	took

- 1 Make a chart like the one above. Complete it for these verbs: study, chat, invite, do, buy, and meet.
- 2 Here are the simple past forms of some irregular verbs you know. Complete the chart with the verb for each simple past form.

eat	ate	felt	meant	saw	took
	bought	forgot	met	sent	went
	brought	found	paid	slept	went out
	came	gave	put	sold	woke up
	chose	got	ran	spent	won
	cost	had	read	spoke	wore
	did	knew	said	swam	wrote
	drank	left	sang	thought	
	drove	made	sat	told	



#### On your own

Before you go to sleep tonight, think of all the things you did today. How many things can you remember?





#### no! Now I can

- ✓ I can . . .
- I need to review how to . . .
- talk about the past.
- understand people talk about
- read a blog.

- respond to news.
- their week.

write a blog about my week.

- show that I'm listening.
- understand voice mail messages.

# Looking back



n! In this unit, you learn how to . . .

#### Lesson A

- Describe past experiences
- Ask and answer questions using the past of be

#### Lesson B

- Talk about vacations
- Talk about activities with go and get expressions

#### Lesson C

- Show interest by answering and then asking a similar question
- Use Anyway to change the topic or end a conversation

#### Lesson D

- Read a funny magazine story
- Write a story using punctuation for conversations



2 .my first home

3. my first pet

# Before you begin . . .

- What do you remember about these things?
- · What other "firsts" do you remember?

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# My first . . .

# Getting started

- A Circle the best words to complete the sentences. Are the sentences true for you?
- 1. I'm pleased with my grades. I'm happy / unhappy.
- 2. I'm not relaxed in exams. I'm nervous / happy.
- 3. I often make mistakes in class. It's embarrassing / fun.
- 4. I don't talk a lot. I'm loud / quiet.
- 5. I'm 18. I'm young / old.
- 6. I hate homework. It's fun / awful.
- **B** (3.17 Listen. Why was Ryan scared? Why was Melissa nervous?



What do you remember?

We interviewed two students about some "firsts" in their lives.





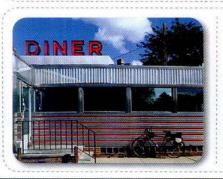
#### **Ryan Wong**

**The College Post:** Do you remember your first teacher?

**Ryan Wong:** Kind of. I remember her name was Ms. Johnson and that we were all scared of her.

The College Post: Was she strict?

**Ryan Wong:** Yeah, she was very strict. It was awful! I was so unhappy that year – I was only five. The other kids weren't too happy either. We were all very quiet in her class.





#### Melissa King

The College Post: Do you remember your first job?

**Melissa King:** Yeah. I had a part-time job in a restaurant. I was a server. I was young – only 16. I remember that on my first day things were really busy, and I was very nervous. I made a lot of embarrassing mistakes, and my boss wasn't too pleased.

**The College Post:** What about the customers? Were they nice? **Melissa King:** Yes, they were – I guess because I was new.

Figure Can you complete the answers to these questions about Ryan and Melissa? Then ask and answer the questions with a partner.

- 1. A Was Ryan's class fun?
  - B No, it wasn't. It \_\_\_\_\_ awful!
- 2. A \_\_\_\_\_\_ Ryan's teacher strict?
  - B Yes, she was. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_
    very strict.

- 3. A Was Melissa's boss happy about her mistakes?
  - B No, he \_\_\_\_\_\_too pleased.
- 4. A \_\_\_\_\_ Melissa's customers nice?
  - B Yes, they \_\_\_\_\_\_, because Melissa \_\_\_\_\_new.

### 2 Grammar Simple past of be ◄)) 3.18

#### Extra practice p. 149

1	was only five.	- 1	wasn't very old.	Were you nervous?
He	was very young.	He	wasn't happy.	Yes, I was. / No, I wasn't.
She	was strict.	She	wasn't very nice.	Was she strict?
It	was awful.	It	wasn't fun.	Yes, she was. / No, she wasn't.
You	were nervous.		weren't relaxed.	Was it fun? Yes, it was. / No, it wasn't.
We	were quiet.	We	weren't noisy.	Were they nice?
They	were scared.	They	weren't happy.	Yes, they were. / No, they weren't.
wa	isn't = was not	wer	ren't = were not	res, they were. / No, they weren t.

#### Complete these conversations with was wasn't were or weren't Practice with a partner

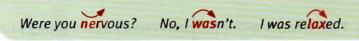
_	CU	implete these conversations with was, wash t, were, or weren the ractice with a partner.
1.	Α	Do you remember your first teacher?
	В	Yeah. His name <u>was</u> Mr. Davis. Don't use was with you, we, or they.
	Α	he strict with you?  They were expensive.  (NOT They was expensive.)
	В	No, he He always very nice.
2.		you shy when you little?
	В	Yeah, I scared to talk in class. It awful.
3.	Α	Tell me about your first best friend you classmates?
	В	No, we She in my class. We neighbors.
4.	Α	Did you have a favorite toy when you a kid?
	В	Yes. It my train set. It really cool.
	Α	it a birthday present?

**B** Pair work Ask and answer the questions. Give your own answers.

B No, it \_\_\_\_\_\_. I bought it with my own money.



# **Speaking naturally** Stress and intonation



- ▲ 《》 3.19 Listen and repeat the sentences above. Notice how the voice falls or rises on the stressed words.
- B (1) 3.20 Listen and repeat the questions and answers below about a first English class.
- 1. A Was the class easy?
- B No, it wasn't. It was hard!
- 2. A Were the other students **good**?
- B Yes, they were all very **smart**.

3. A Were they **nice** to you?

B Yes, they were. They were very friendly.

4. A Was your teacher strict?

- B Yes, she was. But she was nice.
- About Class activity Interview three students about their first English class. Ask the questions above.

# **Vacations**

# **Building language**

#### A • 3 3.21 Listen. What did Jason do on his vacation? Practice the conversation.

Diana Great picture! When did you get back?

Jason Last night.

Diana So how was your vacation?

lason Oh, it was wonderful.

Diana Where did you go exactly?

Jason We went to Hawaii.

Diana Wow! What was the weather like?

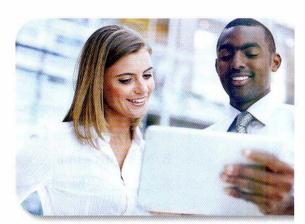
Jason It was hot, but not too hot.

Diana Nice. So what did you do there?

Jason We went to the beach every day, and I went

parasailing. I didn't want to come home.

Diana Well, I'm glad you did. . . . I have a ton of work for you!



#### Figure B Circle the correct words. Then ask a partner the questions.

- 1. A How was / did your last vacation?
  - B It was wet. We didn't do much.
- 2. A Where did you go / went?
  - B We went camping in Oregon.
- 3. A What was the weather / the weather was like?
  - B It rained every day.
- 4. A What did you / you did do?
  - B We played cards a lot.

#### Grammar Simple past information questions ◄) 3.22

How was your vacation? What was the weather like? Where was Jason last week? Where were you exactly? **How long were** you there?

It was fun. It was hot. On vacation. In Hawaii.

Who did you go with? What did you do? Who did Jason go with? When did they get back? A week.

Where did you go?

Extra practice p. 149

To Hawaii. A couple of friends. We went to the beach. His family. Last night.

#### Write questions for these answers. Then practice with a partner. Practice again, giving your own answers.

1. <u>How was your last vacation</u>	<u>on</u> :	it was great.
2	?	I went to Greece.
3	?	Wonderful. It was sunny every day.
4	_ ?	My brother and sister.
5	?	We were there for a week.
6	?	We saw the Parthenon in Athens.

"How was your last vacation?"

"It was OK. I stayed here in the city."

Sounds right p. 138

# **3** Building vocabulary

A (1) 3.23 Listen to these memories of trips. Match the memories with the pictures.

- "I went hiking with a friend in Peru, and we got lost. We got really scared when it got dark."
- "I got a new camera from my mom for my trip to Africa."
- "I got sick on our honeymoon, right after we got married."

- "I went on a trip across Canada with a friend. It was awful. We didn't get along."
- "I went to see a band in Miami. I met the lead singer, and I got his autograph."
- "I went snorkeling in Thailand. It was great, but I got a bad sunburn."

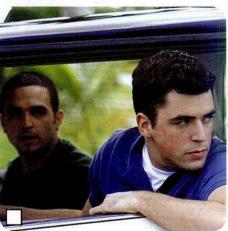












Word B Make word webs for *get* and *go* with expressions from the sentences above. Add ideas.

go hiking go



- About C Pair work Tell your partner about your best trip or vacation. What did you do?
  - A Last year I went hiking with my cousin.
  - B You did? Where did you go? Was it fun?



# Lesson C

# Anyway, what did you do?

- **Conversation strategy** Answer a question; then ask a similar one.
  - A What questions can you ask your friends about their weekend? Make a list.
  - B (3) 3.24 Listen. How was Jessica's weekend? How was Tom's weekend?



So, how was your weekend,

lessica?

Jessica Great! Gina and I went biking

out in the country.

Tom Oh, really?

Jessica Yeah, it was fun, but there were

lots of hills. I was exhausted

by the end of the day.

Tom Yeah, I bet.

Jessica So...anyway, what did you do?

Tom Oh, I had a party Saturday.

It was good.

Jessica Really? Nice.

Tom Well, anyway, . . . I have to go.

I have a meeting now. See you

later.

C Notice how Jessica answers Tom's question and then asks a similar one. She shows she is interested in Tom's news, too. Find her question in the conversation.

- About D Answer each question. Then think of a similar question to ask. Practice your conversations with a partner.
  - 1. A How was your weekend? Was it good?

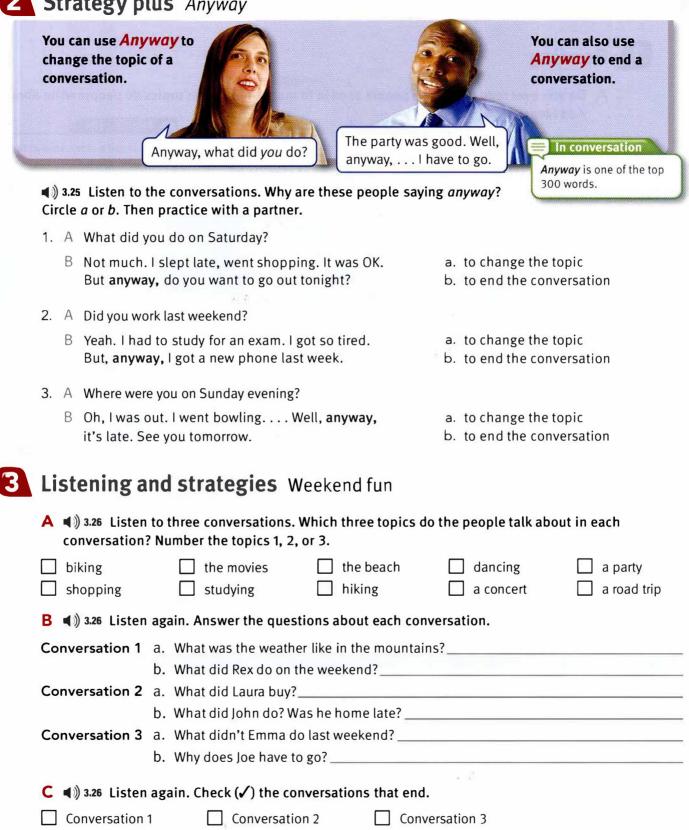
B Answer: Then ask: \_\_\_\_\_

2. A What did you do on Friday night?

B Answer: Then ask:\_\_\_\_\_

- 3. A Did you do anything fun on Sunday?
  - B Answer: Then ask: \_\_\_\_\_

# 2 Strategy plus Anyway



Class activity Start a conversation about last weekend with a classmate. End your conversation, and then talk with another classmate. Talk to at least three people.

# A funny thing happened . . .



A Do you ever read the letters people send in to magazines? What topics do people write about? Add ideas.

problems, funny stories . . .

B Read the story from a magazine. What kind of story is it? What happened to Sarah?

Reading tip

As you read a story, stop at the end of each paragraph. Can you guess what happens next?

# Our community:

This week - funny stories from our readers

#### How embarrassing!

By Sarah Morgan

A funny thing happened to me yesterday after work. I was really hungry and I didn't feel like making dinner, so I went to a fast-food place near my office building. I got a cheeseburger, some fries, and a soda. The restaurant was really crowded, so I had to share a table. I sat down with my tray across from a young guy. I said, "Hi. Is this seat free?" He nodded and smiled, but he didn't say anything. He seemed pretty nice.



Anyway, I got out a magazine and started eating my burger. It was a really interesting article and I couldn't stop reading. But then I saw the guy take one of my fries! I couldn't believe it, but I was too embarrassed to say anything. Then he took another one, and I still didn't say anything!

Then I thought, "Those are my fries." So I took a handful and ate them. The guy looked at me in a funny way, but he didn't say anything. Then he did it again and ate another one of my fries! It was really strange.

Finally, a few minutes later, he got up, took his tray, and left. That's when I realized the fries were on his tray! And my fries? They were under my magazine. How embarrassing! I ran out into the street. There was the guy.

Continued on next page . . .

C	Read Sarah's story again.	Then match the two	parts of each sentence.
---	---------------------------	--------------------	-------------------------

- 1. Sarah had dinner at a fast-food place because <u>h</u>
- 2. The restaurant was crowded, so \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. Before Sarah sat down at the young guy's table, \_\_\_\_
- 4. Sarah was surprised when the guy ate some fries because \_\_\_\_
- 5. Sarah didn't say anything about the fries because \_\_\_\_
- 6. The guy gave Sarah a funny look when \_\_\_\_\_
- 7. When the guy left the table with the fries on his tray, \_\_\_\_
- 8. When Sarah looked under her magazine, \_\_\_\_\_

- a. she realized they were his fries.
- b. she was very embarrassed.
- c. she found her own fries.
- d. she had to sit with someone.
- e. she said, "Hi. Is this seat free?"
- f. she thought they were her fries.
- g. she started eating some fries.
- h. she didn't want to cook.

# Writing He said, she said

A Read the Help note and Sarah's story again. Notice the punctuation. Then add punctuation to the rest of her story below.

Continued from previous page . . .

"Hi. We
I said, "hi. we met a few minutes ago."
He said yeah, we did.
I said I think I ate your fries.
He laughed and said yes, you did.
I apologized and said I thought they were my fries.
He said that's OK. No problem.
I said can I buy some more fries for you.
He laughed and said thank you I'm still a little hungry.



#### **Punctuation with speech**

- Use quotation marks ("") around the things people say.
- Use a comma (,) after said.
- Use a capital letter to start a quotation.

I said, "Is this seat free?" He said, "Sure."

B What did they say next? Write six sentences to finish the story. Be sure to use the correct punctuation for things people say. Read your ending to the class.

# Listening and speaking Funny stories

A • (1) 3.27 Listen to Miranda and John tell part of a story. Circle the correct information.



- 1. Miranda was at work / in a store.
- 2. Her friend loves / hates shopping.
- 3. They looked at a dress / sweater.
- 4. Miranda liked / didn't like the colors.
- 5. John was 10 / 20 years old.
- 6. His father's boss / friend came for dinner.
- 7. John and the man talked about school / work.
- 8. John liked / didn't like his new teacher.
- **B**  $\P$ ) 3.28 Choose the best ending for each story. Circle a or b. Then listen and check your guesses.
- 1. Miranda's story
  - a. Then my friend said, "Actually, I bought one last week."
  - b. The clerk said, "Do you like this season's colors?"
- 2. John's story
  - a. My teacher said, "You look tired. Were you up late last night?"
  - b. My teacher said, "I hear you met my father last night."
- Pair work Retell one of the stories above to a partner, or tell a funny story of your own.



#### **Learning tip** Time charts

You can use a time chart to log new vocabulary. Look at the example below.

Complete the sentences on the time chart with the correct verbs from the box. You can use a verb more than once.

bought had took didn't have went got ✓ lived was didn't get along

Time in the past	Event or experienc	e		
15 years ago	My family <u>lived</u>	in Hawaii.	(4)	Œ
10 years ago	Iin high	school.		
5 years ago	I my driv	ver's license and	my first car.	
2-4 years ago	I my firs	t trip abroad.		
last year	sick ar	d in the l	nospital for two wee	ks.
last month	My brother	married and	to Fiji on his	honeymoon.
last week	My friend Jo	a party. It	boring. I	a good time.
last weekend	lhiking	with a friend. It was	awful – we	E(#)

2 Make a time chart like the one above. Write about your past experiences.



#### On your own

Make a time chart, and put it on your wall. Look at it every day.



Last week: I started a new job. Last month: I was on vacation.

# Now I can

- ✓ I can . . .
  - I need to review how to . . .
- describe past school, work, and travel experiences.
- understand conversations about weekends.
- talk about activities with *go* and *get* expressions. show interest by answering then asking a question.
- understand people telling funny stories. read a funny magazine story.
- change the topic or end a conversation.
- write a story that includes conversations.

#### UNIT

# Fabulous food

12

# V

Can DO!

In this unit, you learn how to . . .

#### Lesson A

 Talk about eating habits using countable and uncountable nouns, How much, and How many

#### Lesson B

- Talk about food
- Make offers using Would you like . . . and some or any

#### Lesson C

- Use or something and or anything in lists
- End yes-no questions with or...? to be less direct

#### Lesson D

- Read a restaurant guide
- Write a restaurant review





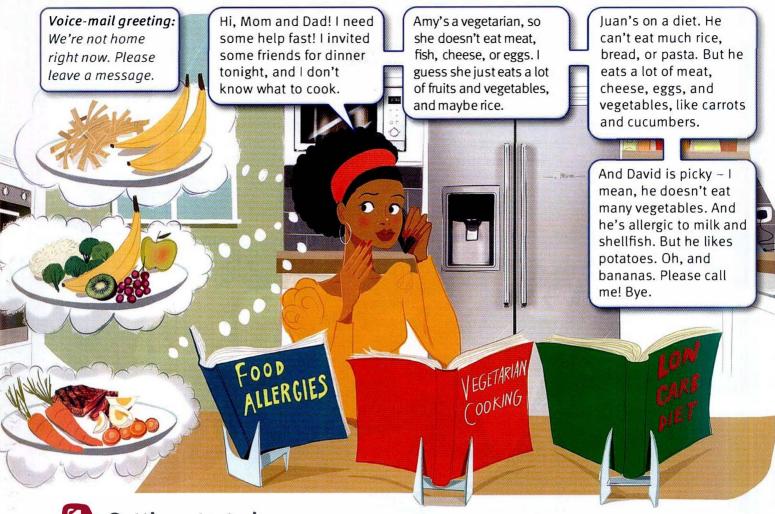
#### Before you begin . . .

Match the pictures with the food categories. Which foods did you eat yesterday?

- grains: bread, rice, and pasta
- 1 dairy: milk and cheese
- seafood: fish and shellfish
- meat: beef and chicken
- vegetables: broccoli and carrots
- fruit: bananas and a papaya

# Lesson A

# **Eating habits**



# Getting started

- A What are some foods that the people below don't eat? Make a list.
- a vegetarian
- · a "picky" eater
- a person on a diet
- a person with food allergies
- B 3.29 Listen. Ellen is leaving a message for her parents. What is her problem? Which plate of food does Ellen think is right for Amy? for Juan? for David?
- Figure Find the food words in Ellen's message. Are they singular or plural? Write them in the chart. Then circle a lot of, much, and many. Do singular or plural nouns follow the words?

	Singular	San		Plural	
meat			eggs		

About D Pair work Which of the foods above do you like? Which don't you like? Tell a partner.

A I love meat. How about you?

B Um, I don't eat meat, but I like fish and vegetables.

Grammar Countable / uncountable nouns ◀)) 3.30

Extra practice p. 150

#### Countable nouns

Examples: an apple, six potatoes

Use a / an or plural -s:

I have **an egg** for breakfast every day. I don't eat **bananas**.

Use how many, a lot of, and many:

How many eggs do you eat a week?

I eat a lot of eggs.

I don't eat a lot of eggs.

I don't eat many (eggs).

#### Uncountable nouns

Examples: cheese, meat, fish

Don't use a / an or plural -s:

I drink **milk** every morning. I don't eat **seafood**.

Use how much, a lot of, and much:

How much milk do you drink a day?

I drink a lot of milk.

I don't drink a lot of milk

I don't drink much (milk).

#### A Circle the correct words in these conversations. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A How much / many fruit do you eat a day?
  - B Well, I have **banana / a banana** every day for breakfast, and I eat **much / a lot of** fruit after dinner for dessert.
- 2. A How much / many times a week do you eat potato / potatoes?
  - B About once a week. But I eat rice / the rice every day.
- 3. A Do you eat many / a lot of red meat?
  Or do you prefer chicken / the chicken?
  - B Actually, I'm a vegetarian, so I never eat meat / meats.
- 4. A How often do you eat seafood / the seafood?
  - B Well, I eat much / a lot of fish, but I'm allergic to shellfish / a shellfish.
- 5. A How much / many eggs do you eat a week?
  - B I don't eat much / many. I don't really like egg / eggs.
- 6. A How often do you eat vegetable / vegetables?
  - B I usually eat **much / a lot of** French fries. Is that a vegetable?

#### About B Pair work Ask and answer the questions. Give your own answers.

# Talk about it What's your diet?

Group work Discuss the questions. Do you have similar habits?
Then tell the class one interesting thing about a person in your group.

- Are you a picky eater? What foods do you hate?
- Are you allergic to any kinds of food? What are you allergic to?
- Are you on a special diet? What can't you eat?
- How many times a day do you eat?
- Do you ever skip meals?
- In your opinion, what foods are good for you? What foods aren't?
- Do you have any bad eating habits? What are they?



Don't use *the* before nouns to talk about food in general.

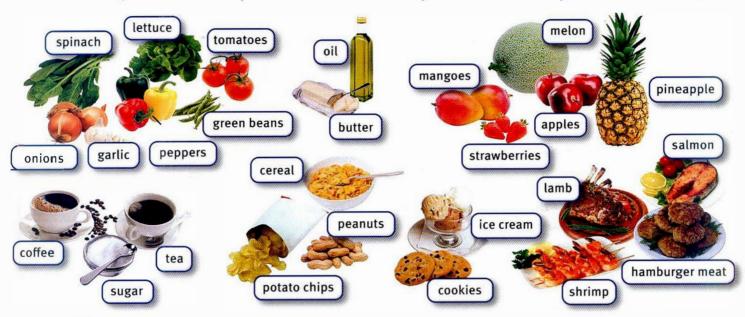
I don't like meat, but I eat eggs. (NOT <del>I don't like the meat, but I eat the eggs</del>.)



# What's for dinner?

# Building vocabulary

A 1) 3.31 Listen and say the words. Which foods do you like? Which don't you like? Tell the class.



Word B Complete the chart with the foods above. Add ideas. Then tell a partner about your diet.

meat	seafood	vegetables	fruit	dairy	grains	drinks	snacks	other
lamb	clams							51

<sup>&</sup>quot;I eat a lot of lamb."

# Building language

A (3) 3.32 Listen. What do Ted and Phil have to do before dinner? Practice the conversation.

Ted I guess it's my turn to cook dinner. So what would you like?

Phil Um, I'd like some chicken. Do we have any?

Ted Um, no, we need to get some. We don't have any vegetables, either. Would you like to go out for pizza?

Phil Again? No, I think I'd like to stay home tonight.

Ted OK. Then we have to go to the grocery store.

Phil Well, I went grocery shopping last week. I think it's your turn.



Vocabulary notebook p. 126

#### Figure B Circle the correct words. Then practice with a partner.

- 1. A What would you like / like to eat?
- 2. A I'd like some / any fish.
- B I'd like / like to some chicken.
- B We don't have **some / any.** Let's go buy **some / any.**

<sup>&</sup>quot;I don't eat many clams."

<sup>&</sup>quot;I don't eat much ice cream."

# 3

#### Grammar Would like; some and any ◀)) 3.33

#### Extra practice p. 150

Use would like + to + verb or would like + noun. Would you like to go out? No, I'd like to stay home.

What **would** you **like** for dinner?

**Would** you **like** some tea? Yes, please. / No, thanks.

I'd = I would

Use some in affirmative statements and any in questions and negative statements.

Do we have **any** vegetables?
Yes, we have **some** (vegetables).
No, we don't have **any** (vegetables).

Do we have **any** chicken? Yes, we have **some** (chicken). No, we don't have **any** (chicken). In conversation

Any is common in questions:
Do you have any cookies?
Some is common in questions
that are offers or requests:
Would you like some chicken?
Can I have some chocolate?

A		omplete the conversations. Use <i>some, any, would like</i> , or <i>'d like</i> . ometimes there are two correct answers.
1.	Α	I'm sleepy. I'd like to go for a walk. <u>Would</u> you <u>li ke</u> to come?
	В	Sure. Let's go out for coffee. I to get cake, too.
2.	Α	I'm really thirsty. Do you have water with you?
	В	Well, I have soda. Would you like ?
3.	Α	you a snack? I have cookies and peanuts.

Oh wait, I don't have \_\_\_\_\_ peanuts.

B Um, I \_\_\_\_\_\_ some fruit. Do you have \_\_\_\_\_?

4. A What \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_ to do after class? Do you have \_\_\_\_ plans?

B Well, I need to go shopping and get \_\_\_\_\_\_ food.

A Oh, I can come with you. I need to get \_\_\_\_\_ milk, too. I don't have \_\_\_\_\_.

About B Pair work Ask and answer the questions. Give your own answers.

A I'm sleepy. I'd like to go for a walk. Would you like to come? B Sure. Let's get some soda, too.

#### Common errors

Always add to when I'd like is followed by a verb.

I'd like to go for a walk.
(NQT t'd like go for a walk.)

# Speaking naturally Would you . . . ?

What would you like? Would you like a snack? Would you like to have dinner?

A 4) 3.34 Listen and repeat the questions above. Notice the pronunciation of Would you . . . ?

f B = 1 3.35 Listen and complete the questions. Then listen again and practice.

1. What would you like to \_\_\_\_\_?

2. Would you like to \_\_\_\_\_?

3. Would you like to \_\_\_\_\_?

4. Where would you like to \_\_\_\_\_?

5. What would you like to \_\_\_\_\_

About C Pair work Make dinner plans with a partner. Use the questions above.

# Lesson C Conversation

# I just want a sandwich or something.

# Conversation strategy or something and or anything

- A What kinds of food are popular for lunch? Make a list.
- B ■)) 3.36 Listen. What do Carrie and Henry decide to do for lunch?



Carrie Let's take a break for lunch.

Henry Sure. Would you like to go out

or . . . ?

Carrie Well, I just want a sandwich or

something.

Henry OK. I don't want a big meal or anything, either. But I'd like

something hot.

Carrie Well, there's a new Spanish

place near here, and they

have good soup.

Henry That sounds good.

Carrie OK. And I can have a

sandwich or a salad or something like that.

Henry Great. So let's go there.

C Notice how Carrie and Henry use or something (like that) and or anything. They don't need to give a long list of things. Find examples in the conversation.

"I just want a sandwich or something."

- D Complete the conversations with *or something* and *or anything*. Then practice with a partner.
- 1. A Do you eat a big lunch?
  - B No, I usually just have a salad \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. A What do you usually have for breakfast?
  - B Oh, I just have some coffee and a muffin \_\_\_\_\_\_\_,
  - A You don't have eggs \_\_\_\_\_?
- 3. A Would you like to go out for dinner \_\_\_\_\_?
  - B Sure. But I don't want a big meal \_\_\_\_\_\_. Something light maybe.
  - A OK. Well, let's go somewhere with a salad bar \_\_\_\_\_\_.

About E Pair work Ask and answer the questions. Give your own answers.



Use **or something** in affirmative statements and in questions that are offers and requests.

Use *or anything* in negative statements and most questions.

2	Strategy plus or	?	Would you like to	)	
	You can use or?  at the end of yes-no questions to make them less direct.		go out or ?	Well, I just sandwich	want a or something.
About you	Pair work Check (√) the q the blank. Then ask and ar	•		write it in	Or is one of the top 50 words.
3	<ul> <li>✓ 1. Do you eat lunch end</li> <li>✓ 2. Do you make your of</li> <li>✓ 3. Where do you usual</li> <li>✓ 4. Do you just have so</li> <li>✓ 5. Would you like to held</li> <li>✓ 6. Where would you like</li> <li>A Do you eat lunch every do</li> <li>B Well, I never skip lunch. It</li> </ul> Listening and str	own lunch?  Illy eat?  Index light  Index lunch sometime  It is to go  It is or ?  It is usually go out and be	? ne ? .? uy a sandwich or son		<b>∱</b> (i · Sounds right p. 138
	A ■ 3.37 Listen to the co There is one extra phra		lete the sentence al	bout each pe	rson. Write a to e.
	1. Jack 2. Rachel 3. Peter 6	a. wants to buy a s	ive a big meal.		
	B ■) 3.37 Listen again. Do or I don't really agree,				ple above? Circle <i>I agree</i>
	<ol> <li>I agree / I don't really a</li> </ol>	gree. I feel that gree. I think that			
	C Pair work Make plans place to go.  A So, would you like to g			at kind of foo	od you'd like. Agree on a

B Sure. I don't really want a big meal or anything. So maybe a sandwich or something.

#### Lesson **D**

# Great places to eat



#### Reading

A	Do you know an interesting to Check ( ) the boxes. Then to		nurant? What's special about it? ne class.
	It has a nice atmosphere.		It has a beautiful view.
	It has live music.	П	It has good service.

B Read the restaurant guide. Which restaurant would you like to try? Tell a partner why you'd like to go there.

#### Reading tip

As you read, imagine each place. Ask yourself, "Would I like to eat there?"



# **Restaurant Guide:** Try something different!

We searched the world and found these unusual places to eat.

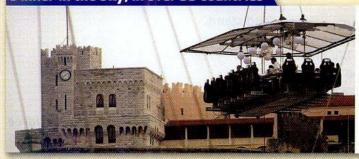
#### Chillout ice restaurant, Dubai

Would you like to visit a really cool restaurant? Then try this place. Everything is made of ice, from the tables and chairs to the pictures on the walls. When you order a soda, it comes in an ice glass, and your meal is served on an ice plate. Luckily, if you get too cold, you can ask for a warm blanket and some hot chocolate. Be sure to try some ice cream, too. It never melts!

It serves unusual food.



#### Dinner in the Sky, in over 35 countries



How would you like to dine 50 meters (164 feet) above your favorite view? Then hire Dinner in the Sky for a special event. You and 21 guests can enjoy dinner at a table hanging in the air! A chef, a server, and an entertainer go with you to make a perfect evening. But if you're scared of heights, we don't recommend it!

#### The Hajime Robot Restaurant, Bangkok

Here's something really different – a restaurant with robots. Choose your food from a touchscreen computer menu, and a few minutes later, a smiling robot brings it to you. You can also barbecue food at your table or order other delicious Asian dishes from the menu. Try a green tea smoothie and then sit back and enjoy the entertainment – every hour the robots dance to music! It's a fun and lively atmosphere, and the service is excellent!



- C Read the article again, and answer these questions. Explain your answers to a partner.
- 1. What can you do if you feel cold at the Chillout ice restaurant?
- 2. What dish does the writer recommend there?
- 3. How many people can dine in the sky at one time?
- 4. Who goes up with the guests at Dinner in the Sky?
- 5. What can you order at the Hajime Robot Restaurant?
- 6. Why do you think people try restaurants like these?

# Listening and writing Do you recommend it?

- A •) 3.38 Listen to Olivia talk about a restaurant she went to last week. What do you find out about it? Circle the correct words.
- 1. The restaurant was Italian / Spanish.
- 2. They serve great **seafood** / **pasta**.
- 3. Olivia had a rice dish / a seafood salad.
- 4. It's good for meat eaters / vegetarians.
- 5. The service was **fast / slow**.
- 6. The atmosphere was fun / relaxed.
- 7. It was expensive / inexpensive.
- 8. Olivia recommends it / doesn't recommend it.
- B Read the review and the Help note. Underline the adjectives that describe the Healthy Bites restaurant.

#### **RESTAURANT REVIEW: Healthy Bites**

Last week I had dinner at a small neighborhood restaurant called Healthy Bites. It serves healthy fast food, and it is famous for its hamburgers. The food is excellent. The hamburgers come with delicious toppings like spicy cabbage with onions and a lot of garlic. The service was excellent - fast but friendly. I highly recommend it.

#### Help note **Useful expressions** Was it . . . bad? good? The restaurant was good. terrible. The service was excellent. slow. friendly. unfriendly. The servers were The meal was delicious. awful. The food was tasteless. tasty. The potatoes were hot. cold.



- About C Write a review of a restaurant you know. Talk about the atmosphere, the food, the service, and the price.
  - D Read your classmates' reviews. Which restaurant would you like to try?

# **Talk about it** What are your favorite places to eat?

Group work Discuss the questions. Agree on a place you'd like to go to together.

- How often do you go out to eat?
- When you eat out, do you go to restaurants? cafés? fast-food places? food stands?
- Do you have a favorite place to eat? Where is it? Why do you like it?
- Where can you get good, cheap food?
- Where can you hang out with friends?
- Which restaurant in your city would you like to try?
- Which restaurant don't you recommend? Why not?



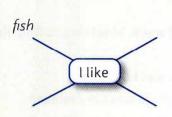


# Vocabulary notebook

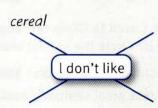
#### **Learning tip** Grouping vocabulary

You can group some vocabulary by the things you like and don't like.

1 Which of these types of food do you like? Which don't you like? Complete the word webs.



✓ cereal
✓ fish
fruit
meat
milk and cheese
pasta and bread
shellfish
vegetables



2 What foods do you love, and which do you hate? Complete the chart.

I love . . .

1 like . . .

I don't like . . .

I can't stand . . .

onions



#### In conversation

#### Talk about food

The top food words people use with the verb eat are:

- meat
   beef
- 7. vegetables8. seafood
- 3. popcorn
- 9. cheese
- 4. eggs
- 10. cookies
- 5. fish6. steak
- 11. pizza 12. bread



#### On your own

Label your food at home in English. Learn the word before you eat the food!







# no! Now I can .

- ✓ I can...
- ? I need to review how to . . .
- talk about foods I like and my eating habits.
- make offers of food and drink.
- use or something and or anything in lists.
- end yes-no questions with or . . . ?
- understand conversations about eating habits.
- understand a conversation about a restaurant.
- read a restaurant review.
  - write a restaurant review.

# Checkpoint

# What's the question?

Complete the conversation with information questions. Then practice with a partner.

Α	I'm so tired this morning.
В	So what did you do last night ?
Α	Last night? Oh, I went to see a band.
В	You did??
Α	The Mall Kids. They're a new group.
В	Yeah??
Α	They were great. I was at the club really late.
В	The state of the s
Α	Around 2:00 a.m. So anyway,?
В	Oh, I just went home and watched TV. The usual.
Α	Well, let's go out tonight or something.
В	Oh, OK?
A	Actually, I'd like to see The Mall Kids again.

# 2 Do you have a balanced diet?

A Think about the different types of food you eat. Complete the chart.

B OK. But let's not stay out too late. We both have to work tomorrow!

I eat a lo	ot of	l don't eat many	I don't eat much	I never eat
6				

- **B** Pair work Compare your chart with a partner. Ask follow-up questions.
  - A leat a lot of meat.
  - B Really? How much do you eat? Do you eat it every day?
- 3 Ask a question in two ways; answer and ask a similar question.

<ol> <li>How was your weekend? I mean, <u>did you do anything special or</u>?</li> <li>What did you do last summer? I mean,?</li> </ol>	
2. What did you do last summor? I moan.	
2. What did you do last summer: I mean,	
3. What did you do for your last birthday? I mean,	?
4. What would you like to do tonight? I mean,	?

- B Pair work Ask and answer the questions. After you answer a question, ask a similar one.
  - A How was your weekend? I mean, did you do anything special or . . . ?
  - B Well, I went to the beach on Saturday. How about you? What did you do?

# What's the right expression?

Complete the conversation with these expressions. (Use anyway twice.) Then practice with a partner.

Congratulations You did or something Good for you anyway ✓ or anything good luck **I** know thank goodness I'm sorry to hear that

Bryan	How was your weekend? Did you go away <u>or anything</u> ?
Julia	No, but I went to a karaoke club.
Bryan	Really?? So how was it?
Julia	Great! I sang in a contest and won \$50.
Bryan	! I didn't know you were a singer.
Julia	Well, I practiced every day for a month.
Bryan	
Julia	And I practiced! Ten of my friends were there. So,, did you do anything special?
Bryan	Not really. I had to study for an exam on Saturday and Sunday. I studied all weekend and then got sick.
Julia	You need to take care of yourself.
Bryan	Yeah, I have to go. I want to study my notes. But after the exam, let's meet for coffee
Julia	OK. So with your exam.



# **5** Show some interest!

A Complete each sentence with a simple past verb. Then add time expressions to five sentences to make them true for you.

1. I went on an interesting trip.

I went on an interesting trip last month.

- 2. I \_\_\_\_\_ some new clothes.
- 3. I \_\_\_\_\_ someone famous.
- 4. I \_\_\_\_\_ an international phone call.
- 5. I \_\_\_\_\_ a party at my house.
- 6. I \_\_\_\_\_ some Italian food.
- 7. 1\_\_\_\_\_\_ on the beach.
- 8. 1 \_\_\_\_\_ English with a tourist.
- 9. I \_\_\_\_\_\_ some money.
- 10. I \_\_\_\_\_ lost in the city.
- B Pair work Take turns telling a partner your sentences. Respond with You did? and ask questions.
  - A I went on an interesting trip last month.
  - B You did? Where did you go? . . .



# UNIT 1

#### The name game

**Group** work Follow the instructions below. Continue the game until you know all the names of the students in your group.

Student A: Say your full name. If you have a middle name or nickname, say it.

Student B: Repeat Student A's name. Then say your name.

Student C: Repeat the names of the other students in your group.

Then say your name.

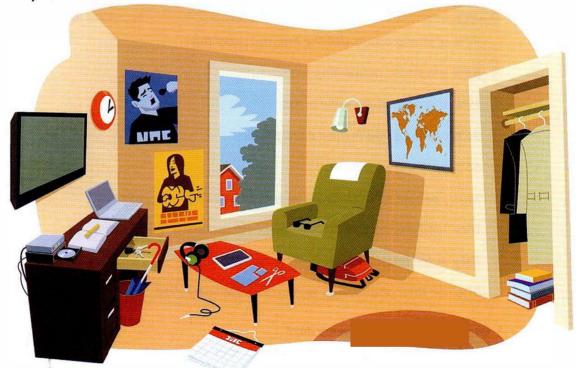
- A My full name is Rumiko Noguchi. I don't have a middle name or a nickname.
- B OK. Your name is Rumiko Noguchi. My name is Carlos Sanchez. My nickname is Flaco.
- C Your name is Carlos Sanchez. Your nickname is Flaco. And your name is Rumiko Noguchi . . .





# What do you remember?

1 Look at the picture. Where are the things in the room? Study the picture for two minutes and try to remember.



- 2 Pair work Close your books. Make a list of the things in the room and where they are. How much can you remember? Then open your books and check.
  - 1. chair next to the window 2. table - in front of the chair
- A The chair is next to the window.
- B Right. And the table is in front of the chair.

# Free talk

# UNIT 3

#### Guess the famous person.

Pair work Think of a famous living sports star, movie star, musician, or singer. Take turns asking your partner *yes-no* questions to guess the famous person he or she is thinking of. You can ask 10 questions!

- A Is the person female?
- B No.
- A Is he a sports star?
- B Yes, he is.
- A Is he a soccer player?...

#### Useful language

Is the person male / female?

Is he / she . . . ?

- a sports star a soccer player
- a player for (name of the team)
- an actor / a movie star
- a singer / a rock star / in a band
- a musician / a guitar player
- Is he / she . . . ?
- married / single
- old / young
- an actor / a movie star
- interesting / smart / funny
- from China / from Turkey



# Do you have the same media habits?

Pair work Read these facts about young adults in the United States. Are you the same or different? How about your partner? Take turns asking questions. Write S for Same and D for Different.

	You	Your
97% of young adults use the Internet every day.		
83% use social networking sites.		
15% of young adults write blogs		
96% of young adults have a cell phone.		
66% have a smartphone.		
Young people spend only 20 minutes a day on phone calls.		
They send and receive an average of 110 text messages a day.		
They watch television two to three hours a day.		
81% use their phones and watch TV at the same time.		

- A Do you use the Internet every day?
- B Yes, I do. I check my email every morning. How about you?
- A Well, I check my email all day. So, yeah.



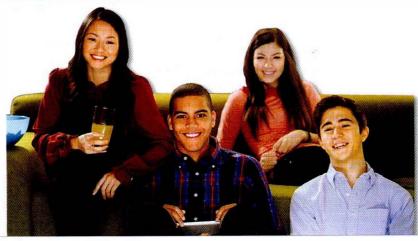
# UNIT 5

# Favorite free-time activities

1 Make guesses about your partner. Write your guesses in the chart under My guesses.

	My guesses	My partner's answers
What does he / she usually do on weeknights?	watches TV	
What kinds of TV shows does he / she like?		
What's his / her favorite TV show?		
How often does he / she watch TV news?		
Does he / she sleep late on the weekends?		
What's his / her favorite weekend activity?		
How often does he / she go to the movies?		
What kinds of movies does he / she like?		
Does he / she play a sport?		
Does he / she ever go to clubs?		
Is he / she a good dancer?		
What does he / she do after class?		
What kinds of restaurants does he / she go to?		
Does he / she like shopping?		
What hobbies does he / she have?		

- **2** Pair work Take turns asking the questions in two ways to find out if your guesses were right. When you answer, use *I mean* to say something more.
  - A What do you usually do on weeknights? Do you watch TV?
  - B Yeah, I do. I watch my favorite reality show. I mean, I don't watch TV every night. On the weekends, I go out and . . .



# Free talk

# **.6** Find the differences.

1 Pair work Look at the two neighborhoods below. How many differences do you see? Make a list.

**Washington Circle** 



Lincoln Square



- A There's a big park in Washington Circle.
- B There's a park in Lincoln Square, but it's very small. So that's one difference.
- Differences
- There's a big park in Washington Circle, but there's a small park in Lincoln Square.
- **2 Pair work** Discuss the things you like about the neighborhoods above. Are they like your neighborhood?
  - A I like Washington Circle. It has a big park.
  - B Me too. There are a lot of parks in my neighborhood.

# UNIT 7

#### Find out about your classmates.

1 Class activity Find classmates who answer yes to the questions. Write their names in the chart. If someone answers yes, ask a follow-up question to find out more information.

Find someone who	Name	More information
is taking music lessons.		
is in a band.		
is working two jobs.		
is looking for a new job.		
is eating out a lot these days.		
isn't getting enough sleep.		
is playing on a sports team.		
isn't getting enough exercise.		
is shopping for a new laptop or cell phone.		
is writing a blog.		

- A Are you taking music lessons?
- B Yes, I am. I'm taking piano lessons.
- A That's great. How are they going?
- B Great. I'm learning a lot.
- 2 Class activity Tell the class one interesting thing you found out about a classmate.

# UNIT 8

#### Think fast!

**Group work** Think of an idea for each item below. You have two minutes! Then compare ideas with your group. Does anyone have the same answers?

# Think of . . . a gift you have to get for someone \_\_\_\_\_\_ something you need to buy \_\_\_\_\_ a store you need to go to \_\_\_\_\_ something you don't want to do, but you have to do \_\_\_\_\_ a sport you want to try \_\_\_\_\_ a sport you don't want to try \_\_\_\_\_ something you like to wear to class \_\_\_\_\_\_ something you need to do after class \_\_\_\_\_\_ something you have to wear to a wedding \_\_\_\_\_\_ a TV show you like to watch \_\_\_\_\_\_ someone you need to call \_\_\_\_\_\_

# Free talk

# UNIT 9

# Where in the world?

1 Pair work Where in the world can you do these things? Use the photos to help you.

#### Where can you ...

- 1. see an amazing palace?
- 2. see a historic neighborhood?
- 3. take a cable car?

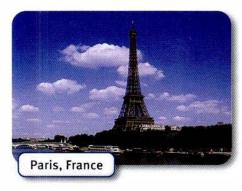
- 4. swim at a beautiful beach?
- 5. hear traditional music?
- 6. take a boat trip on a river?













- 2 Pair work Choose a country you know about. Brainstorm ideas about all the interesting things you can do there. Explain any new words to your partner.
  - A OK, let's make a list for Australia.
  - B Well, you can see some amazing animals, like koalas.
  - A What's a koala?
  - B Oh, it's kind of like a little bear. They're gray and white.

# 10 Yesterday

1 Look at Mario's apartment. What did he do yesterday? Study the picture for two minutes. Then close your book and make a list. How much can you remember?



- **2** Pair work Compare your lists. Did you do any of the same things as Mario? Tell your partner.
  - A Did Mario do the laundry yesterday?
  - B Yes, he did. I have that on my list. OR I don't know. I don't have that on my list.
  - A Yeah, I did my laundry and my roommate's laundry yesterday.
  - B You did? Good for you.

# 111 Guess where I went on vacation.

1 Choose a beautiful or exciting city or country. Imagine you went there on vacation. Think of answers to these questions. Write notes in the chart.

How did you get there? Did you take a train or bus? Did you fly? Did you drive?

How long did the trip take?

What time of year was it?

What was the weather like?

What did you do there?

What did you wear?

What kind of food did you eat?

What souvenirs did you buy?

What language do they speak there?



- 2 Pair work Ask questions like the ones above (but not "Where did you go?") to guess where each person went on vacation. How many questions do you need to guess the city or country?
  - A How did you get there? Did you fly?
  - B No, I took the bus.
  - A OK. So how long did the trip take? Was it a couple of hours?

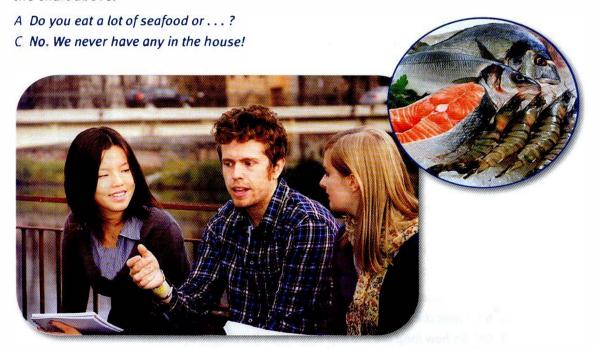
# Free talk

# 12 Give it a try.

1 Complete the chart. Try and write the same ideas as other classmates. Write your ideas in two minutes.

Think of something	
a picky eater doesn't eat.	
tasty for breakfast.	
you have in your refrigerator that most people don't have.	
you drink a lot of.	
you would like to try for dinner.	
you don't have much of in your kitchen.	Contract Contract
a vegetarian would like to eat.	

- 2 Group work Compare your ideas. Score one point each time you have the same answer as a classmate. Who has the most points?
  - A Well, picky eaters don't eat much seafood or fish or anything.
  - B That's true. I wrote vegetables.
  - C I wrote seafood. So Miki and I both get a point because we have the same answer.
- **3 Group work** Find out your classmates' tastes. Ask about the things you wrote in the chart above.





UNIT 1	<b>4</b> )) 3.39 Listen and repeat the words. Notice the underlined sounds. Check ( $\checkmark$ ) the sounds that are like the sound in $hi$ .					
	✓ 1. <u>I</u> 'm    ☐ 2.	middle 3. n	n <u>y</u> 🗌 4. n <u>i</u> ce	5. n <u>i</u> ckname	☐ 6. <u>night</u> ☐ 7. w <u>ai</u> t	
UNIT .2	(a) 3.40 Listen and the sound in key of			erlined sounds. Ar rect word.	e the sounds like	
	1. asl <u>ee</u> p (key / l <u>a</u>	te) 4. th	ese (key / l <u>a</u> te)			
	2. she (key / late)		ey (key / l <u>a</u> te)			
	3. paper (key / lat	e) 6. to	d <u>ay</u> (k <u>ey</u> / l <u>a</u> te)			
UNIT 3	◀》) 3.41 Listen and the sound in <u>s</u> ee o			erlined sounds. Ar	e the sounds like	
	1. ama <u>z</u> ing <u>z</u>	4. it' <u>s</u> _		7. <u>c</u> elebrity	10. <u>sister</u>	
	2. boss <u>s</u>	5. bu <u>s</u> y	· 8	3. mu <u>s</u> ic	11. hi <u>s</u>	
	3. i <u>s</u>	6. la <u>z</u> y		P. exciting	12. <u>s</u> inger	
UNIT 4		et, or <u>law?</u> Write			re the sounds like the sounds ect columns below. e kn <u>ow</u>	
	study	phone	get	l <u>aw</u>		
				coffee		
					_	
UNIT .5	■3) 3.43 Listen and each group is diffe			erlined sounds. W	hich sound in	
	1. documentary	sitc <u>o</u> m	(movie)	sh <u>o</u> p		
	2. don't	<u>o</u> nline	<u>go</u>	ph <u>oto</u>		
	3. computer	t <u>o</u> day	home	tomorrow		
	<ol> <li>computer</li> <li>who</li> </ol>	t <u>o</u> day d <u>o</u>			al	
UNIT 6	4. wh <u>o</u>	$\frac{\text{d}\underline{o}}{\text{repeat the word}}$	h <u>o</u> me t <u>oo</u> s. Notice the und	tomorrow		
	4. who  4. who  3.44 Listen and	$\frac{\text{d}\underline{o}}{\text{repeat the word}}$	h <u>o</u> me t <u>oo</u> s. Notice the und	t <u>o</u> morrow c <u>o</u> mmercia		
	4. who  4. who  3.44 Listen and each group is difference	do repeat the word erent? Circle the	home too s. Notice the und odd one out.	tomorrow commercia		
	4. who  4. who  3.44 Listen and each group is difference  1. building	do repeat the word erent? Circle the time	home too s. Notice the undoted one out. $g\underline{y}m$	tomorrow commercia erlined sounds. W midnight		

		1000				
UNIT .7	◀)) 3.45 Listen and like the sound in					esounds
	1. learn (four / w	ord) 3	. perfect (for	ur / w <u>or</u> d)	5. warm (fo	our / word)
	2. morning (four	/ w <u>or</u> d) 4	. sport (four	/ w <u>or</u> d)	6. work (fo	<u>ur</u> / w <u>or</u> d)
8.	(a) 3.46 Listen and that are like the s		ds. Notice th	e underlined s	ounds. Check	(✓) the sounds
	1. backpack	☐ 4. ne	ckl <u>a</u> ce	7. briefca	se 🗌 1	0. sungl <u>a</u> sses
	2. mall	☐ 5. bra	acelet	☐ 8. sale		1. jacket
	3. black					2. watch
UNIT .9	■) 3.47 Listen and the sound in <u>sh</u> e	or the sound in	<u>ch</u> ild? Write s	sh or ch.		
	1. <u>Ch</u> ile <u>ch</u>	5. <u>Ch</u> ine	ese	9. <u>ch</u> oco	olate	13. deli <u>ci</u> ous
	2. French	6. infor	mation	10. natur	al	14. o <u>c</u> ean
	3. Portuguese	7. ques	tion	11. <u>Russ</u> i	an	15. <u>sh</u> ow
	4. Spanish	8. sta <u>t</u> u	e	12. <u>s</u> ugar		16. Turki <u>sh</u>
UNIT 10	in <i>looked, bought</i>	t, sp <u>o</u> ke, or l <u>e</u> ft?	Write the wo	rds from the b		e sounds like the sounds ct columns below.
	-		ead s <u>aw</u>	t <u>o</u> ld		
	chose drov	e p <u>u</u> t s	aid thous	<u>tht</u> t <u>oo</u> k		
	looked	bought	spoke	left		
		brought				
		Drought				
UNIT 11	■)) 3.49 Listen and is different? Circle			e underlined s	ounds. <b>W</b> hich	sound in each group
	1. hard	part	scar	ed	smart	
	2. autograph	relaxed	nerv	ous	par <u>a</u> sailing	
	3. first	nervous	snor	k <b>e</b> ling	worry	
	4. back	ex <u>a</u> ctly	h <u>a</u> pı	ру	vacation	
UNIT 12	<b>◄</b> )) 3.50 Listen and				word is stronge	er than
115	the other syllable	(s)? Underline t	ne stressed s	syllables.		
	1. <u>butter</u>	4. pepper	7.	pizza	10. tomato	
	2. pasta	5. cucumber	8.	sugar	11. onion	

9. melon

12. water

3. carrot

6. potato

UNIT	
	١

### **Lesson B** The verb be: I, you, and we

A Complete the conversations with expressions from the box. You can use some expressions more than once. Then practice with a partner.

Am I Are	you Are we lam you are	we are l'	m You're We're
	Good morning here for a French class. What's your last name, please?	2. Drew Jennifer	Hi here for a French class?  Yes, My name's Jennifer.  But everyone calls me Jen.
Jennifer Mrs. Lee	Gomes. OK Silvia Gomez?	Drew	Nice to meet you, Jen Drew.
Jennifer Mrs. Loo	No, not. I'm Jennifer Gomes.	Jennifer Drew	Drew? Yes. My full name is Andrew. Drew's my nickname.
	How do you spell <i>Gomes</i> ? G-O-M-E-S.	Jennifer	Oh, OK.
Jennifer	Oh, OK. You're in French 2. Oh in Room B? Yes, Oh, wait— you're not in Room B. in Room A.	Jennifer Drew Jennifer	Well, I'm in French 3, in Room B in the same class?  No, we're not. I'm in Room A.  Oh in different classes.
	Thank you. Have a nice day! You too. Good-bye.	Drew Jennifer	Yes, Oh, well See you later, Jen. Yes. See you.

About B Pair work Practice the conversations again. Use your own information.



**Lesson C** What's . . . ?; It's . . .

A Complete the conversations. Use the questions in the box or write It's.

Am I in Room 2?	What's my	teacher's n	ame?	✓ Are you a m	ember?	
How are you?	What's you	remail add	lress?	What's you	rname?	
How do you spell your last na	ıme?					
1. A Hello. I'm here for a yog	a class.	2. A	Good n	norning		
B Oh, OK. <u>Are you a me</u>	nber?	В	I'm fine	e, thanks.		
A Um, yes.		А	Are you	ı a new student	t?	
B OK. Have a good class.		В	Um, ye	ah	Anton So	kolov.
A Thank you. Oh, by the w	/ay	А	_			
В	Lucinda.	В	S-0-K-0	)-L-O-V.		
A OK. Thanks. Oh		А	OK			
B Yes, you are. Room 2.		В			anton@c	up.org.

About B Pair work Practice the conversations. Use your own information.

UNIT 2	<b>Lesson A</b> The verb be: he, she, and	d they	
	Complete the questions and answers. Th	en practice with a p	artner.
	1. A Where's Hiroki? <u>Is he</u> absent?	4. A	David's not here today.
	B No, not right her	re. B	sick?
	2. A Stacy and Carmen are late today.	А	Yes, at home.
	B at the library?		Common errors
	A No, not in the ca	ifeteria.	Use <i>not</i> to make a statement
	3. A Nick and Laura in class?		negative. Don't use <i>no</i> .
	B Yes, But asleep.		Ellen's not here. (NOT Ellen's <del>no here</del> . / <del>Ellen no is here</del> .)
2	<b>Lesson B</b> This and these; noun plu	ırals	
	Rewrite items 1 to 3 in the plural and iter	ns 4 to 6 in the sing	ular. Then compare with a partner.
	1. Is this my key? – No, it's not.	_Are thes	e my keys? – No, they're not.
	2. What's this? – It's a dictionary.		
	3. This is a good sandwich!	· ·	
	4. What are these? – They're tablets.	-	
	5. My children aren't in class today.		
	6. Are these your pencils? – Yes, they are		
UNIT 2	<b>Lesson C</b> Questions with <i>Where</i> ; p	ossessive 's and s'	
	Write questions using the words given. T	hen practice with a	partner.
	1. A Where's the teacher's coat?	(Where / the teach	ner / coat?)
	B It's on the chair.		
	2. A	(Where / the stude	ents / cafeteria?)
	B I think it's next to the library.		
	3. A	(Where / the teach	ners / room?)
	B It's right over there.		
	4. A	(Where / the stude	ents / test papers?)
	B Maybe they're in the desk.		
	5. A	(Where / the teach	er / book bag?)
	B Look — it's under the desk.		

UNIT 3	Le	<b>ESSON A</b> Be in statements; possessive adje	ctiv	es		
		mplete the sentences. Compare with a partner. Intences about your favorite celebrities.	Then	wri	te four	Some band names are singular
	1.	I'm not a soccer fan, but a big te My favorite player is Maria Sharapo		fan.		(Green Day), but use They to talk about the people in the band. They're great. Green Day is great.
	2.	My brother and I are baseball fans New York Yankees.	b	ig fa	ans of the	oreen buy is great.
	3.	My best friend and I are on the school baseball to	eam.			team is very good this year.
	4.	My favorite band is One Direction.	rea	ally	good	new album is great.
	5.	l love Pablo Picasso my favorite	artis	st		_ paintings are amazing.
		I like J. K. Rowling. She's my favorite writerwonderful.				
UNIT 3	Le	esson B Yes-no questions and answers; ne	gati	ves		
	Wr	ite <i>yes-no</i> questions. Then write true answers. A	sk aı	nd a	nswer the q	uestions with a partner.
	1.	you / shy ?	4.	ou	ır classmates	s / lazy ?
		A Are you shy?				
		B No, I'm not. I'm very outgoing.		В		
	2.	this class / easy?	5.	yo	ur neighbors	/ nice ?
		Α				
		В		В		
	3.	the teacher / strict ?	6.	yo	ur best frien	d / outgoing ?
		Α		Α		
		В		В		
UNIT 3	Le	esson C Information questions with be				
About	-	ite questions for the answers below. Compare wing your own information.	ith a	par	tner. Then a	sk and answer the questions
	1.	A Where's your mother today?	4.	А		
		B My mother's at home today. She's sick.				d uncle are both fine.
	2.	A	5	Α		

B It's my cousin. She's really nice.

B My brother? He's friendly and outgoing.

B My father's 50, and my mother's 48.

B My grandfather's from Mexico City, and my grandmother's from Texas.

6. A \_\_\_\_\_

# UNIT 4

### **Lesson A** Simple present statements

A Complete the sentences. Use the simple present of the verbs in the box. Use affirmative verbs in items 1 to 4 and negative verbs in items 5 to 8.

go (2) have		_	<b>√</b> watch

Common errors
Add an -s ending to verbs with he,
she, it, or singular nouns.
He listens to the radio. (NOT <del>listen</del>
A4

1.	It's	s very noisy in our house in the morning. My mother <u>watches</u> TV.
2.	Му	father to the radio, and he in the shower!
3.	Му	brother a new laptop, and he computer games.
4.	Му	sister's quiet. She her homework and then to school.
5.	1 d	on't eat breakfast. I just have orange juice. I coffee.
5.	l h	ave a big lunch at work with my best friend. We home for lunch.
7.	Му	friend is very quiet and shy. She a lot at lunch.
3.	l ge	et up early on weekdays, but on the weekends I an alarm clock.
В		air work Rewrite five of the sentences above using your own information.  Ompare with a partner.
L	<b>ess</b>	Son B Yes-no questions and short answers
A		implete these questions with <i>do</i> or <i>does</i> , and the answers with <i>do</i> , <i>does</i> , <i>don't</i> , or <i>doesn't</i> . en practice with a partner.
١.	Α	
	В	No, I I only clean my room on Saturdays.
2.	Α	your teacher work on the weekends?
	В	No, he He only works on weekdays.
3.	Α	your friends text you late at night?
	В	Yes, they But they call me late at night.
1.	Α	you watch TV with your family in the evenings?
	В	No, we watch TV together. We like the same shows!
5.	Α	your mother go shopping on Saturdays?
	В	Yes, she But she like shopping.
Ď.	Α	your family eat together on Sundays?

B Yes, we \_\_\_\_\_\_ eat at home. We go to my grandparents' house.

About B Pair work Practice the conversations. Give your own information.

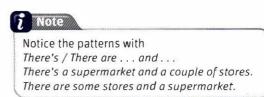
UNIT	.5
	.5

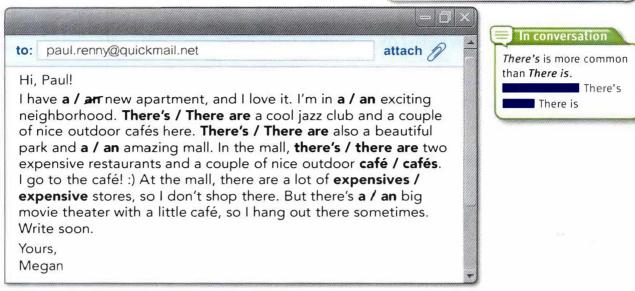
### **Lesson A** Simple present information questions

	A		rite a question about the underlined words in each ar	iswer.	Common errors
			nen practice with a partner.		Don't add an -s ending to the main
	1.	Α	What do you do on Friday nights?		verb in questions with he, she, it, singular nouns.
		В	On Friday nights? Oh, I usually go to the movies.		Where does your friend go? (NOT Where does your friend <del>goes</del>
	2.	Α			(Not where does your phena goes
		В	I go to the movies with my best friend.	00	
	3.	Α			
		В	My best friend texts me two or three times a day.		
	4.	Α			
		В	I have dinner with my parents on Sundays.		
	5.	Α			
		В	My parents live about 20 miles away.		
		*	595		
	6.				
		В	My teacher? I guess she just goes home after class.		
About you	В	Pa	air work Ask and answer the questions. Give your ow	n informat	ion.
UNIT 5		<b>P</b> S	son B Frequency adverbs		
			Trequency adverbs		
	A	Aı	nswer the questions using frequency adverbs.		
	1.	Do	you ever go out on weeknights? Well, sometimes I g	o out on	Thursday nights.
	2.	Do	you ever go to the movies alone?		
	3.	Do	you ever exercise at a gym?		
	4.	Do	you ever play video games with your friends?		
	5.	Do	you ever study English with a classmate?		
	6.	Do	you ever read in bed?		
	7.	Do	you ever drink tea?		
	8.	Do	you ever have dinner late at night?		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
About	В	Pa	air work Ask and answer the questions. Give your ow	n informat	ion.

## Lesson A There's and There are; quantifiers

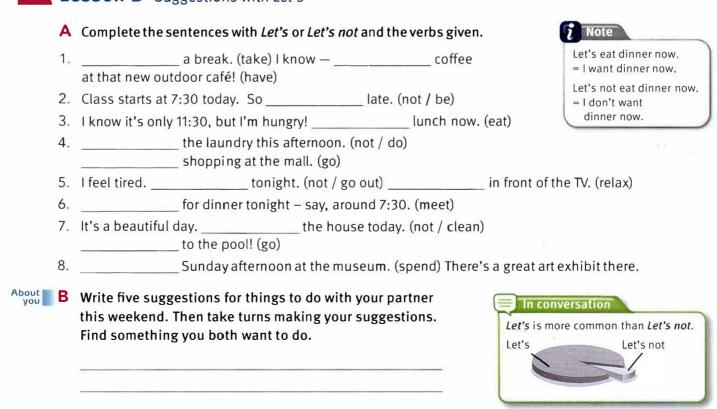
A Cross out the incorrect words in this email message.





Pair work Write an email about your neighborhood. Then compare emails with a partner. How are your neighborhoods the same? How are they different?

# Lesson B Suggestions with Let's



UNIT	7			

### **Lesson A** Present continuous statements

A Complete these text messages using the verbs in parentheses.

FROM: Ava Williams	4:00 p.m.
Hey, Olivia! I hope you	
(not / work). The weather is	s so beautiful!
I(have) coffee	with Lily at an
outdoor café. We	(chat) about
work and things. And she _	
(check) the Internet for a go	ood movie. Are
you free tonight? XXOO, Ava	a

FROM: Brandon Brown	5:00 p.m.
Hey, John. Eric and I	(relax)
here at the beach. Bric	(swim),
and I(send	) text messages!
But we (get	hungry now.
There's a great new rest	taurant near here.
Let's meet for dinner	Brandon

d!				
<i>'</i> .				
I (not / have) much fun! But I'm				
free around 5:00 p.m. Call me! -Olivia				
,				

FROM: John Harris	5:30 p.m.			
Brandon, I'm sorry, but I	(stay)			
home this weekend. I	(study)			
for exams. Also, I	(write) an			
essay for my English class. So I				
(not / go out) all weekend. I	_et's do			
something after my exams,	OK? –John			

Pair work Imagine it's Saturday evening. Write a text message to tell your partner what you're doing. Then answer your partner's message.

# UNIT 7

### **Lesson B** Present continuous questions

A Complete these phone conversations with present continuous yes-no and information questions. Use the words in parentheses. Compare with a partner.

	Common errors
Ī	Check the spelling of verb + -ing
ı	having (NOT <del>hoveing</del> ) shopping (NOT <del>shoping</del> )
	shopping (NOT <del>shoping</del> )

1.	Α	Hi, it's Jeremy. How are things?				
	В	Pretty good. So what's up? from? (where / you / call)				
	Α	From work. I have a new job.				
	В	Really?? (where / you / work)				
	Α	At Angelo's Pizza. You know, with Mike.				
	В	Oh, righttonight? (he / work)				
	Α	No, he's not. He only works during the day.				
	В	OK a break right now? (you / take)				

A Yeah. I'm having pizza! I love this job! . . .

2. A	Hi, it's me, Lauren at a good time? (I / call)
В	Sure. I'm just watching TV.
Α	Oh? (what / you / watch)
В	A rock concert on Channel 10.
А	Wow? (who / sing) She has a great voice!
В	I'm not sure. But, yeah, she's amazing.

About B Pair work Practice the conversations. Then practice again with your own information.

UNIT			
8.	Lesson A	Like to, want to,	need to, have to

~	use the words given to complete the questions.	
1.	(you / like / wear) <u>Do you like to wear</u>	a different outfit every day?
2.	(your family / like / go)	shopping together?
	(you and your friends / want / go) weekend?	to the mall this
4.	(you and your friends / like / wear)	the same colors?
5.	(your parents / need / buy) home? I mean, (what / they / have to / get)	
6.	(vou / like / look around)	electronics stores?

About B Pair work Ask and answer the questions. Give your own information.

7. (Where / your best friend / like / buy) \_\_\_

8.

**Lesson B** How much . . . ?; this, these; that, those; saying prices

Common errors

his or her clothes?

Don't forget the word to.

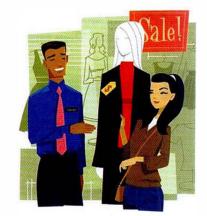
I like to shop online.

(NOT I like shop online.)

A Look at the pictures. Complete the conversations with words from the box.

You need to use some words more than once. Sometimes there is more than one answer.

i	t they	this	that	these	thos	e i	S	are
1.	Clerk	Canlh	nelp you	ı?				
	Sophia	Yes. This a great jacket. How much						
	Clerk				acket is	¢100	Lbc	diovo
	Sophia		hat abo tl		F	oants:	ł Ho	w much
	Clerk	l think		're	\$119.			
	Sophia				expensiv			. I have
		to thin	k about	it. But	thanks a	nywa	у.	
2.	Clerk	Do you	ı need s	ome he	lp?			
	Austin	Yeah. How much those						
		sweatshirts? There's no price tag.						
	Clerk	? They're \$29.99. They're on sale						n sale.
	Austin				S	weat	oant	s? How
		much	are		?			
	Clerk	Uh, th	ese		\$19.75.	They	re c	n sale,
		too.						
	Austin	OK. I want to try on a blue sweatshirt and blue					nd blue	
		sweat	pants.					





Pair work Practice the conversations with a partner. Can you think of a different ending for each conversation?

# Lesson A Can and can't for possibility

About you

A Complete these questions and answers with *can* or *can't* and one of the verbs in the box. You can use some verbs more than once. Then practice with a partner.

d	0	eat buy go ride swim take walk	
1.	Α	What <u>can</u> you <u>do</u> for exercise in your neighborhood?	
	В	You a bike in the park, and you at the pool. Common errors  Use a simple verb after co	 1n
2.	Α	What international restaurantsyouto?	
	В	You at Chinese, Korean, and Thai restaurants.	)
3.	Α	you the latest fashions in your neighborhood?	
	В	Yes, you There's a great store near my house.	
4.	Α	people around your neighborhood late at night?	
	В	Well, you a walk in the park. It's not a good idea.	
5.	Α	people a ferry to work in your city?	
	В	No, they to work by subway or bus.	
		ir work Ask and answer the questions. Give your own answers.  Son B Can and can't for ability	
A	Ur	scramble the questions. Then compare with a partner.	
1.	Wh	nat sports / you / play well / can ?	
		u / play / Can / a musical instrument?	
		e / a motorbike / you / Can ?	
		ve / can / in your family / Who ?	
		u / Can / name / all the countries in South America	
		arnational / you / cook / any / Can / foods	
		ernational / you / cook / any / Can / foods?  eak / or understand / What languages / you / can?	?
В	Pa	ir work. Ask and answer the questions. Give your own answers.	

# Lesson A Simple past statements: regular verbs

	A	Complete t	hese statements	with a past	form of the verbs	in parenthese	S.
	1.	lt	(rain) yesterda	ıy, so l	(not / wa	lk) home from v	vork.
	2.	l	_ (not / work) lat	e last night	because I	(want) to	go to the gym.
	3.	My parents restaurant.	(not	/ want) to c	ook last night, so	we	_ (order) food from a
	4.	phone.	_ (try) to call my	best friend l	ast night, but she	e (	not / answer) her
	5.	A classmate	e (tex	t) me last ni	ght, and then we	e (o	chat) online.
	6.	1	_ (not / clean) th	e house on	Saturday. I just_	(rel	ax).
	7.		(need) to go sh (not / have) tim		ome new clothes	s on Saturday, t	out
	8.	The neighboth the food.	ors (i	nvite) us ov	er for dinner on S	Sunday. We real	ly (love)
About	В	Pair work (	Choose five of the	sentences	above and make	them true for y	ou. Tell your partner.
10	Le	esson B	Simple past <i>yes</i>	- <i>no</i> questio	ns		
	A	•	hese questions a ce with a partner		with <i>did, didn't,</i>	and the verb in	parentheses.
	1.	Α	you	(go) sho	pping last week	end?	Common errors
		B Yes, I		(buy	) a new jacket.		In questions, don't use a simple past form after <i>did</i> .
	2.	Α	you	(get up)	early today?		Did you go shopping? (NOT <del>Did you went</del> shopping?)
		B No, I		(slee	p) late this morn	ing.	(NOT <del>Did you went</del> snopping:)
	3.	Α	you	(have) a	big breakfast?		
		B No, I	I just _		(have) coffee.		
	4.	Α	you	(spend)	time on the com	puter last night	:?
		B Yes. I	(do) so	me work. I _	(write	e) a report.	
	5.	Α	your best frie	nd	(go out) with	you last week	end?
		B Yes, she	We	<del></del>	_(see) a movie to	ogether.	
	6.	A I didn't d	come to class last	w <b>e</b> ek	the teach	ner	(give) us homework?
		B No, he _	But h	ne	(give) us a tes	st.	
About	В	Pair work A	Ask and answerth	na duastions	Give your own	ancwers	

# Lesson A Simple past of be

About

A Unscramble the questions. Then complete the answers with was, wasn't, were, or weren't.

	Pr	actice with a partner.
W	hen	you were little
1.	Α	strict / your / Were / parents <u>Were your parents strict?</u>
	В	No, they very strict with me. They pretty relaxed about things.
2.	Α	school / Was / elementary / your / big?
		No, it a small school with 50 children.
3.		in / class / your / Were / friends / your?
	В	Yes, they We all in the same class.
4.		a good student / Were / you?
		Well, I always did my homework.
5		nice / your / Was / teacher / first?
J.	В	My first teacher nice, but some teachers very strict.
,		
6.		you / on / Were / a sports team?
	В	No, I on a sports team, but I a good swimmer.
В	Pa	ir work Ask and answer the questions. Give your own information.
L	ess	Son B Simple past information questions
^	<b>C</b> -	mulate the greations in the conversation. Here a greation mand and a year in the simula west
A		mplete the questions in the conversation. Use a question word and a verb in the simple past. en practice the conversation with a partner.
	Jim	
	Liz	
	Jim	
	Liz	
	Jim	
	Liz	
	Jim Liz	
	LIZ	the boat. And there was a guide. It was amazing.
	Jim	
	Liz	,
	Jim	
	Liz	
	Jim	n Really? So back?

Actually, I got back four days ago. I always rest for a couple of days after a vacation!

# 12 Lesson A Countable / uncountable nouns

		omplete the questions with <i>much</i> , <i>many</i> , or <i>a lot of</i> . Sometimes the omplete the answers with <i>a</i> or <i>an</i> . Write (–) if you don't need <i>a</i> or <i>an</i> .	
1.	A B	How <u>much</u> fish do you eat? Do you eat a lot?  Actually, I don't like fish. I'm kind of picky.	Common errors With uncountable nouns, don't u
2.	A B	Do you eatvegetables?  Actually, I eat raw carrot every day for my mid-morning snack.	a / an or add -s. I just had some milk. (NOT I just had <del>a milk / some mil</del>
3.	A B	How fruit do you eat?  Well, I love apples. I usually have apple a	after dinner.
4.	A B	Do you eatred meat? No, I don't. I don't likered meat.	
5.	A B	How cereal do you eat for breakfast?  I don't eat cereal. I usually have egg with toast.	
6.		How times a week do you go out for dinner? Once or twice a week. I'm a big fan of Italian restaura	nts.
		Son B Would like; some and any	mo or any
A	Un Co	son B Would like; some and any  scramble the questions. Then complete the conversations with sompare with a partner.  Would / some / you / coffee / like Would you like some coffee?	me or any.
<b>A</b>	Un Co A B	nscramble the questions. Then complete the conversations with <i>so</i> impare with a partner.	?
<b>A</b> 1. 2.	Un Co A B	Inscramble the questions. Then complete the conversations with so ompare with a partner.  Would / some / you / coffee / like Would you like some coffee?  Sure, but we don't haveany milk. I can getsome  you / like / Would / go out / to / for lunch  Actually, I just ordered a big pizza. Would you like?	? ast. ?
<ol> <li>1.</li> <li>2.</li> <li>3.</li> </ol>	Un Co A B A B A B	Inscramble the questions. Then complete the conversations with so ompare with a partner.  Would / some / you / coffee / like Would you like some coffee?  Sure, but we don't haveanymilk. I can getsome  you / like / Would / go out / to / for lunch  Actually, I just ordered a big pizza. Would you like?  I'd love I'm starving. I didn't have breakf	? fast. ? later? ?

About B Pair work Ask and answer the questions. Give your own answers.

## Irregular verbs

Base form	Simple past
be	was / were
become	became
begin	began
break	broke
bring	brought
build	built
buy	bought
catch	caught
choose	chose
come	came
cost	cost
cut	cut
do	did
draw	drew
drink	drank
drive	drove
eat	ate
fall	fell
feel	felt
find	found
forget	forgot
get	got
give	gave
go	went
grow	grew
have	had
hear	heard
hit	hit
hold	held
hurt	hurt
keep	kept
know	knew
leave	left
lend	lent

Base form	Simple past
lie	lay
lose	lost
make	made
mean	meant
meet	met
pay	paid
put	put
read	read
ride	rode
ring	rang
run	ran
say	said
see	saw
sell	sold
send	sent
shut	shut
sing	sang
sit	sat
sleep	slept
speak	spoke
spend	spent
stand	stood
steal	stole
swim	swam
take	took
teach	taught
tell	told
think	thought
throw	threw
understand	understood
wear	wore
win	won
write	wrote



Beginning



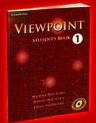
High Beginning



Low Intermediate



Intermediate



High Intermediate



Advanced

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# CEFR A1 TOUCHSTONE ① A2 TOUCHSTONE ② TOUCHSTONE ③ TOUCHSTONE ④ B1 TOUCHSTONE ④ B2 VIEWPOINT ① C1 VIEWPOINT ②

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